

Final Official Statement Dated March 22, 2023

New Money Issue: Book-Entry-Only

**RATINGS: S&P Global Ratings: "AA+"
Fitch Ratings: "AAA"**

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, rendered in reliance upon and assuming the accuracy of and continuing compliance by the City with certain representations and covenants relating to the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not treated as an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax under the Code; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any other tax consequences related to the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds. (See "Tax Matters" herein.)



City of Bristol, Connecticut

\$30,000,000

General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2023

Dated: Date of Delivery

**Due: Serially October 1, 2024-2042
as detailed below:**

Year	Principal	Coupon	Yield	CUSIP ¹	Year	Principal	Coupon	Yield	CUSIP ¹
2024	\$ 1,100,000	5.000%	2.480%	1098535F4	2034*	\$ 1,650,000	4.000%	2.550%	1098535R8
2025	1,500,000	5.000%	2.460%	1098535G2	2035*	1,650,000	4.000%	2.750%	1098535S6
2026	1,500,000	5.000%	2.350%	1098535H0	2036*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.060%	1098535T4
2027	1,500,000	5.500%	2.310%	1098535J6	2037*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.360%	1098535U1
2028	1,500,000	5.500%	2.280%	1098535K3	2038*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.470%	1098535V9
2029	1,600,000	5.000%	2.290%	1098535L1	2039*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.600%	1098535W7
2030	1,600,000	5.000%	2.290%	1098535M9	2040*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.700%	1098535X5
2031*	1,600,000	5.000%	2.310%	1098535N7	2041*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.800%	1098535Y3
2032*	1,600,000	4.000%	2.350%	1098535P2	2042*	1,650,000	4.000%	3.850%	1098535Z0
2033*	1,650,000	4.000%	2.420%	1098535Q0					

* Priced assuming redemption on October 1, 2030; however any such redemption is at the option of the City.

RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOCIATES, INC.

The Bonds (the "Bonds") will be issued in book-entry-only form and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. Interest on the Bonds will be payable October 1, 2023 and semiannually thereafter on April 1 and October 1 in each year until maturity. The beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Bonds. Principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made by the City of Bristol, Connecticut (the "City") to DTC, or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. DTC will credit its participants in accordance with their respective holdings shown in the records of DTC. It is anticipated that the beneficial owners of the Bonds will receive payment or credit from DTC participants and other nominees of the beneficial owners. Ownership of the Bonds may be in principal amounts of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. (See "Book-Entry-Only Transfer System" herein.)

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as more fully described under "Redemption Provisions" herein.

The Bonds will be general obligations of the City and the City will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and the interest on the Bonds when due. (See "Security and Remedies" herein.)

The Registrar, Transfer Agent, Certifying Agent and Paying Agent will be U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, CityPlace I, 185 Asylum Street, 27th Floor, Hartford, Connecticut 06103.

The Bonds are offered for delivery when, as and if issued, subject to the approving opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut and certain other conditions. It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in book-entry-only form will be made to DTC on or about April 4, 2023.

This cover page contains information for a quick reference only. It is not a summary of the issue. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision.

¹ Copyright, American Bankers Association. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the City and are included solely for the convenience of the holders of the Bonds. The City is not responsible for the selection or use of these CUSIP numbers, does not undertake any responsibility for their accuracy, and makes no representation as to their correctness on the Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the City to give any information or to make any representations not contained in this Official Statement or any supplement which may be issued hereto, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell nor the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

This Official Statement has been prepared only in connection with the initial offering and sale of the Bonds and may not be reproduced or used in whole or in part for any other purpose. The information, estimates and expressions of opinion in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale of the Bonds shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no material change in the affairs of the City since the date of this Official Statement.

Set forth in Appendix A — "2022 General Purpose Financial Statements" hereto is a copy of the report of the independent auditors for the City with respect to the financial statements of the City included in that appendix. The report speaks only as of its date, and only to the matters expressly set forth therein. The auditors have not been engaged to review this Official Statement or to perform audit procedures regarding the post-audit period, nor have the auditors been requested to give their consent to the inclusion of their report in Appendix A. Except as stated in their report, the auditors have not been engaged to verify the financial information set out in Appendix A and are not passing upon and do not assume responsibility for the sufficiency, accuracy or completeness of the financial information presented in that appendix.

Other than as to matters expressly set forth in Appendix B to this official statement, Bond Counsel is not passing on and do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of the statements made in this Official Statement and make no representation that it has independently verified the same.

The City deems this Official Statement to be "final" for purposes of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15(c)(2)-12(b)(1), but it is subject to revision or amendment.

This Official Statement may include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "may," "believe," "could," "might," "possible," "potential," "project," "will," "should," "expect," "intend," "plan," "predict," "anticipate," "estimate," "approximate," "contemplate," "continue," "target," "goal" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the City up to the date as of which such statements are to be made, or otherwise up to, and including, the date of this document, and the City assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof or after the date of any report containing such forward-looking statement, as applicable. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain important factors, including, but not limited to (i) the effect of and from, future municipal, state and federal budgetary matters, including state and federal grants and other forms of financial aid to the City; (ii) federal tax policy, including the deductibility of state and local taxes for federal tax purposes; (iii) macroeconomic economic and business developments, both for the country as a whole and particularly affecting the City; (iv) financial services industry developments; (v) litigation or arbitration; (vi) climate and weather related developments, natural disasters and other acts of God; (vii) factors used in estimating future obligations of the City; (viii) the effects of epidemics and pandemics, including economic effects; (ix) foreign hostilities or wars; (x) foreign or domestic terrorism; and (xi) other factors contained in this Official Statement.

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Bond Issue Summary

The information in this Bond Issue Summary and the front cover page is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. This Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information herein is subject to change.

Date of Sale:	Wednesday, March 22, 2023 at 11:30 A.M. (Eastern Time).
Location of Sale:	Bristol City Hall, Mayor's Conference Room, 150 Main Street, Bristol, CT 06010.
Issuer:	City of Bristol, Connecticut (the "City").
Issue:	\$30,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2023 (the "Bonds").
Dated Date:	Date of Delivery.
Interest Due:	April 1 and October 1, in each year until maturity commencing October 1, 2023.
Principal Due:	Serially, October 1, 2024 through October 1, 2042, as detailed on the cover of this Official Statement.
Authorization and Purpose:	The proceeds of the Bonds are being used to finance various capital improvements. See "Authorization and Purpose" herein.
Redemption:	The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. See "Redemption Provisions" herein.
Security:	The Bonds will be general obligations of the City, and the City will pledge its full faith and credit to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due.
Credit Rating:	S&P Global Ratings has rated the Bonds "AA+". Fitch Ratings has rated the Bonds "AAA".
Tax Exemption:	See Tax Matters herein.
Continuing Disclosure:	In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the City will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) timely notice of the occurrence of certain events not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of such events and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the City to provide the required annual financial information and operating data with respect to the Bonds pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by the City substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to this Official Statement.
Bank Qualification:	The Bonds <u>shall NOT</u> be designated by the City as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions of interest expense allocable to the Bonds.
Registrar, Transfer Agent, Certifying Agent, and Paying Agent:	U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, CityPlace I, 185 Asylum Street, 27 th Floor, Hartford, Connecticut 06103.
Legal Opinion:	Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford, Connecticut will act as Bond Counsel.
Municipal Advisor:	Phoenix Advisors, LLC of Milford, Connecticut will act as Municipal Advisor.
Delivery and Payment:	It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in book-entry-only form will be made on or about April 4, 2023, against payment in Federal Funds.
Issuer Official:	Questions concerning the Official Statement should be addressed to: Ms. Diane M. Waldron, Comptroller, City Hall, 111 North Main Street, Bristol, Connecticut 06010. Telephone (860) 584-6130.

I. Bond Information

Introduction

This Official Statement is provided for the purpose of presenting certain information relating to the City of Bristol, Connecticut (the "City") in connection with the original sale of \$30,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2023 (the "Bonds") of the City.

The Bonds are being offered for sale at public bidding. A Notice of Sale dated March 15, 2023 has been furnished to prospective bidders. Reference is made to the Notice of Sale, which is included as Appendix D for the terms and conditions of the bidding.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the City and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstance, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City since the date hereof. Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representation of fact. No representation is made that any of such statements will be realized. All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of laws contained in this Official Statement do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the official compilations thereof.

Municipal Advisor

Phoenix Advisors, LLC, of Milford, Connecticut serves as Municipal Advisor to the City with respect to the issuance of the Bonds (the "Municipal Advisor"). The Municipal Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken, either to make an independent verification of or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement and the appendices hereto.

The Municipal Advisor is an independent firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities.

Global Health Emergency Risk

The COVID-19 Outbreak

The outbreak of COVID-19 was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization. On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak. The outbreak of the virus affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally. There were no assurances that the continuing prevalence of COVID-19 would not materially affect local, state, national, and global activity; increase public health emergency response costs; and materially adversely impact the financial condition of the City.

Federal Response to COVID-19's Impact on the Economy

On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed into law the \$1.9 trillion American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (the "Rescue Plan"). The Rescue Plan relief package included, amongst other provisions, \$350 billion in state and local government aid. Of the \$350 billion, the State and its local governments received approximately \$4.2 billion as a result of this legislation, with \$2.6 billion in State relief and another \$1.6 billion in relief for local governments.

The Rescue Plan relief package also included approximately \$123 billion to allow for a return to full-time, in-person teaching at elementary and high schools, which funds may be used for numerous purposes, including but not limited to expanding testing, modifying classrooms, improving ventilation, and hiring more custodial staff. The State's K-12 schools are expected to receive approximately \$1.1 billion.

The Rescue Plan relief package includes another \$160 billion dedicated to COVID-19 vaccination development and distribution.

State and Local Responses to COVID-19's Impact on the Economy

Governor Lamont also declared a state of emergency throughout the State of Connecticut and took steps to mitigate the spread and impact of COVID-19. Public schools began to operate remotely and many businesses, with the exception of those deemed to be essential, were required to operate in a limited capacity, if not required to temporarily close altogether. Connecticut's COVID-19 vaccination plan commenced on December 14, 2020, and today the vaccine is widely available to all individuals aged 5 and over. As of February 28, 2022, the State has lifted nearly all restrictions put in place during the height of the pandemic. The State will continue to evaluate the need for additional restrictions on an on-going basis. For up-to-date information concerning the State's actions in response to COVID-19, see <https://portal.ct.gov/coronavirus>. Neither the City, nor the parties involved with the issuance of the Bonds, has reviewed the information provided by the State on its website and such parties take no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

The extent to which COVID-19 impacts the State's operations and its financial condition will depend on future developments, which are uncertain and cannot be fully predicted with confidence at this time, including the duration of the outbreak, new information which may emerge concerning the severity of COVID-19 and the actions to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact, among others. There can be no assurances that the outbreak will not further materially adversely affect the financial condition of the State or the City.

To date, the City has not experienced a material negative financial impact as a result of COVID-19. The City collected approximately 99.5% of the Fiscal Year 2022 General Fund current levy, with 99.2% having been collected for Fiscal Year 2021, 98.18% having been collected for Fiscal Year 2020 and 98.42% having been collected for Fiscal Year 2019.

From the first payment in June 2021 to the final payment in the fall of 2022, the City received \$27.8 million in federal funding as a result of the Rescue Plan. In 2021 the City established an American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Task Force comprised of members from the City Council, Board of Finance, Economic Development and Public Works Commissions as well as various citizen leaders throughout the business community. In total there are 15 members. Staff from the Comptroller's Office, Public Works, Parks, Recreation, Youth and Community Services, Economic Development, Purchasing and Information Technology provide assistance to the task force.

The Task Force is committed to allocating these funds to projects that address COVID 19 mitigation and that are transformative and sustainable for the long term. It has been a very deliberative process. A consultant was hired to assist with developing a grant process, review projects and assist with determining eligibility of each project that applied for funding. In addition, the consultant continues to provide ongoing administrative support, including assistance with reporting in accordance with Treasury guidelines. The City opened a portal in December 2021 and accepted applications through January 31, 2021. The Task Force, split into three subcommittees - City, Non-Profit and Business – that reviewed the projects within those categories and made recommendations to the Task Force. Once recommended by the Task Force projects/funding were approved in accordance with City Charter requirements to appropriate the funds. At the time the portal closed requested projects totaled over \$78 million. The task force developed a plan that focused on health and public safety, infrastructure improvements and other economic initiatives that comply with the program eligibility criteria. The Task Force discussed overall goals, guiding principles and how to best allocate the funds in accordance with the Treasury Guidelines. During the 2021-2022 fiscal year and the 2022-2023 budget, approximately \$24.7 million of these funds have been allocated to various City projects; City businesses for eligible economic recovery initiatives including incentives to increase the work force and/or improve structures to meet new pandemic guidelines; and, public assistance to not for profits that were financially impacted by the pandemic.

Climate Change

Numerous scientific studies have detailed changing global weather patterns and the potential for increasing extreme weather events across the world. The City faces certain threats due to climate change, including flooding, drought and damaging wind that could become more severe and frequent. The City cannot predict the timing, extent or severity of climate change and its impact on the City's operations and finances.

Cybersecurity

The City, like many other public and private entities, relies on technology to conduct its operations. The City and its departments face cyber threats from time to time, including but not limited to hacking, viruses, malware, phishing, and other attacks on computers and other sensitive digital networks and systems. To reduce the risk of a successful cyber security threat the City has invested in IT security firewalls, anti-virus software, anti-malware software, and ransomware protection software. All of the City computers and computer servers are protected by this security software and firewalls. These security protection systems are evaluated annually for upgrades or replacements.

To mitigate the risk of business operations impact and/or damage from cyber security incidents or cyber-attacks, the City has invested in disaster recovery systems and a continuity of IT operations plan which leverages regular daily system backups. In the event of a cybersecurity incident recovery from an earlier state for any enterprise application system is possible. The City currently has a cybersecurity insurance policy. No assurances can be given, however, that such security and operational control measures will be completely successful to guard against cyber threats and attacks. The results of any such attack could impact financial operations and/or damage the City’s digital networks and systems and the costs of remedying any such damage could be substantial.

Description of the Bonds

The Bonds mature as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement. The Bonds will be dated the date of delivery and will bear interest at the rate or rates per annum specified on the cover page of this Official Statement, payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 in each year until maturity, commencing October 1, 2023. Interest will be calculated on the basis of twelve thirty-day months and a 360-day year. Interest is payable to the registered owner as of the close of business on the fifteenth business day of March and September, or the preceding business day if such fifteenth day is not a business day, in each year, in each year by check mailed to the registered owner, or so long as the Bonds are registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, or by such other means as The Depository Trust Company and the City shall agree. Principal will be payable at the office of U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association or through The Depository Trust Company.

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association will act as Registrar, Transfer Agent, Paying Agent, and Certifying Agent, for the Bonds. The legal opinion for the Bonds will be rendered by Pullman & Comley, LLC, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut. See Appendix B “Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel”.

Redemption Provisions

The Bonds maturing on or before October 1, 2030 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on October 1, 2031 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the election of the City, on or after October 1, 2030 at any time, either in whole or in part, in such amounts and in such order of maturity, (but by lot within a maturity) as the City may determine, at the redemption prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the Bonds to be redeemed), set forth in the following table, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:

<i>Redemption Dates</i>	<i>Redemption Prices</i>
October 1, 2030 and thereafter	100%

Notice of redemption shall be given by the City or its agent by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first-class mail not less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date to the registered owner of the Bonds at the address of such registered owner as the same shall last appear on the registration books for the Bonds kept for such purpose. Failure to give such notice by mailing to any registered owner, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of any other Bonds. Upon the giving of such notice, if sufficient funds available solely for redemption are on deposit with the Paying Agent, the Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption will cease to bear interest after the specified redemption date.

If less than all of the Bonds of any one maturity shall be called for redemption, the particular Bonds or portions of Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by lot in such manner as the City in its discretion may determine; provided, however, that the portion of any Bond to be redeemed shall be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or a multiple thereof and that, in selecting Bonds for redemption, each Bond shall be considered as representing that number of Bonds which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such Bond by \$5,000.

The City, so long as a book-entry system is used for the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption only to DTC (or successor securities depository) or its nominee. Any failure of DTC to advise any Direct Participant or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant to notify any Indirect Participant or Beneficial Owner, of any such notice and its contents or effect will not affect the validity of the redemption of such Bonds called for redemption. Redemption of a portion of the Bonds of any maturity by the City will reduce the outstanding principal amount of Bonds of such maturity held by DTC. In such event it is the current practice of DTC to allocate by lot, through its book-entry system, among the interests held by Direct Participants in the Bonds to be redeemed, the interest to be reduced by such redemption in accordance with its own rules or other agreements with Direct Participants. The Direct Participants and Indirect Participants may allocate reductions of the interest in the Bonds to be redeemed held by the Beneficial Owners. Any such allocations of reductions of interests in the Bonds to be redeemed will not be governed by the determination of the City authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and will not be conducted by or the responsibility of the City, the Registrar or Paying Agent.

Book-Entry-Only Transfer System

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world’s largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has an S&P Global Ratings rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC’s records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on, and redemption premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or the Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Paying Agent, or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest, and redemption premium, if any, to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or the Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Security certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable, but the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

DTC Practices

The City can make no assurances that DTC, Direct Participants, Indirect Participants or other nominees of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds act in a manner described in this Official Statement. DTC is required to act according to rules and procedures established by DTC and its participants which are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Replacement Bonds

In the event that: (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds, and the City fails to identify another qualified securities depository for the Bonds to replace DTC; or (b) the City determines to discontinue the book-entry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Bonds, the City is authorized to issue fully-registered Bond certificates directly to the Beneficial Owner. A Beneficial Owner of the Bonds, upon registration of certificates held in such Beneficial Owner's name, will become the registered owner of the Bonds.

Security and Remedies

The Bonds will be general obligations of the City of Bristol, Connecticut and the City will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due.

Unless paid from other sources, the Bonds are payable from general property tax revenues. The City has the power under Connecticut General Statutes to levy ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the City without limit as to rate or amount, except as to certain classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. There was, however, no such certified forest land on the last completed grand list of the City. The City may place a lien on the property for the amount of tax relief granted, plus interest, with respect to dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or qualified disabled persons. Under existing statutes, the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay the City the amount of tax revenue which the City would have received except for the limitation under certain of the statutes upon its power to tax dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons.

Payment of the Bonds is not limited to property tax revenues or any other revenue source, but certain revenues of the City may be restricted as to use and therefore may not be available to pay debt service on the Bonds.

There are no statutory provisions for priorities in the payment of general obligations of the City. There are no statutory provisions for a lien on any portion of the tax levy or other revenues to secure the Bonds, or judgments thereon, in priority to other claims.

The City is subject to suit on its general obligation debt and a court of competent jurisdiction has power in appropriate proceedings to render a judgment against the City. Courts of competent jurisdiction also have power in appropriate proceedings to order payment of a judgment on such debt from funds lawfully available therefor or, in the absence thereof, to order the City to take all lawful action to obtain the same, including the raising of the required amount in the next annual tax levy. In exercising their discretion as to whether to enter such an order, the courts may take into account all relevant factors, including the current operating needs of the City and the availability and adequacy of other remedies.

Enforcement of a claim for payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds would also be subject to the applicable provisions of Federal bankruptcy laws as well as other bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors’ rights heretofore or hereafter enacted and to the exercise of judicial discretion. Section 7-566 of the Connecticut General Statutes, amended in 1993, provides that no Connecticut municipality shall file a petition in bankruptcy without the express prior written consent of the Governor. This prohibition applies to any town, city, borough, metropolitan district and any other political subdivision of the State having the power to levy taxes and issue bonds or other obligations.

Authorization and Purpose

The Bonds are issued pursuant to Title 7 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, as amended, the Charter of the City of Bristol, and bond resolutions approved at various City Council meetings. The Bonds are being issued to provide financing for the following projects.

<i>Project</i>	<i>Authorized Amount</i>	<i>The Bonds</i>
City Hall Office Building Program.....	\$ 33,450,000	\$ 28,000,000
Communications Upgrade.....	1,450,000	1,450,000
Fire Station 3 Renovation/Relocation.....	7,050,000	550,000
Total.....	\$ 41,950,000	\$ 30,000,000

Qualification for Financial Institutions

The Bonds shall NOT be designated by the City as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions of interest expense allocable to the Bonds.

Availability of Continuing Disclosure Information

The City of Bristol prepares, in accordance with State law, annual independent audited financial statements and files such annual audits with the State Office of Policy and Management. The City has and will continue to provide Moody's Investors Service, Inc., S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings with ongoing disclosure in the form of comprehensive annual audited financial statements, adopted budgets and other materials relating to its management and financial condition, as may be necessary or requested.

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the City will agree to provide, or cause to be provided (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) timely notice of the occurrence of certain events with respect to the Bonds not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of such events, and (iii) timely notices of failure by the City to provide the required annual financial information and operating data on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed substantially in the form set out in Appendix C to this Official Statement. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Bonds shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

The City has previously undertaken in Continuing Disclosure Agreements entered into for the benefit of holders of certain of its general obligation bonds to provide annual financial information and event notices pursuant to Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). Within the last five years from the date hereof, the City has not failed to meet, in any material respect, any of its undertakings under such agreements.

Ratings

S&P Global Ratings ("S&P") has assigned a rating of "AA+" to the Bonds. Fitch Ratings ("Fitch") has assigned a rating of "AAA" to the Bonds. The City furnished to the rating agencies certain information and materials, some of which may not have been included in this Official Statement. The rating reflects only the views of the rating agencies and will be subject to revision or withdrawal, which could affect the market price of the Bonds. The rating agencies should be contacted directly for its rating on the Bonds and the explanation of such rating. No application was made to any other rating agencies for the purpose of obtaining ratings on outstanding securities of the City.

Generally, rating agencies base a rating upon such information and materials and upon investigations, studies and assumptions by the rating agencies. There can be no assurance that a rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agencies if in their judgment circumstances so warrant. Any such downward change in or withdrawal of a rating may have an adverse effect on the marketability or market price of outstanding securities.

The City expects to furnish to the rating agencies information and materials that they may request. However, the City may issue short-term or other debt for which a rating is not requested. The City's Municipal Advisor, Phoenix Advisors, LLC, recommends that all bonded debt be submitted for a credit rating.

Tax Matters

Federal Taxes. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law, (i) interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.

Bond Counsel's opinion with respect to the Bonds will be rendered in reliance upon and assuming the accuracy of and continuing compliance by the City with its representations and covenants relating to certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Code and regulations promulgated thereunder establish certain requirements which must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds irrespective of the date on which such noncompliance occurs. In the Tax Regulatory Agreement, which will be delivered concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, the City will covenant to comply with certain provisions of the Code and will make certain representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code including, but not limited to, investment restrictions, periodic payments of arbitrage profits to the United States, requirements regarding the proper use of the Bond proceeds and

certain other matters. The opinion of Bond Counsel delivered on the date of issuance of the Bonds is conditioned upon compliance by the City with such requirements.

No other opinion is expressed by Bond Counsel regarding the federal tax consequences of the ownership of, or the receipt or accrual of interest on, the Bonds.

Original Issue Discount. The initial public offering prices of certain maturities of the Bonds may be less than the stated principal amount (the “OID Bonds”). Under existing law, the difference between the stated principal amount and the initial offering price of each maturity of the OID Bonds will constitute original issue discount. The offering prices relating to the yields set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement for such OID Bonds are expected to be the initial offering prices to the public (excluding bond houses and brokers) at which a substantial amount of the OID Bonds are sold. Under existing law, original issue discount on the OID Bonds accrued and properly allocable to the owners thereof under the Code is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes if interest on the OID Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Under the Code, for purposes of determining an owner’s adjusted basis in an OID Bond purchased at an original issue discount, original issue discount is treated as having accrued while the owner holds such OID Bond and will be added to the owner’s basis. The owner’s adjusted basis will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition (including redemption or payment at maturity) of such an OID Bond.

Prospective purchasers of OID Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the calculation of accrued original issue discount, the accrual of original issue discount in the case of owners of OID Bonds purchasing such OID Bonds after the initial offering and sale, and the state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such OID Bonds.

Original Issue Premium. The initial public offering prices of certain maturities of the Bonds may be more than their stated principal amounts payable at maturity (the “OIP Bonds”). In general, an owner who purchases an OIP Bond must amortize the original issue premium as provided in the applicable Treasury Regulations, and amortized premium reduces the owner’s basis in the OIP Bond for federal income tax purposes. Prospective purchasers of OIP Bonds at a premium to its principal amount should consult their tax advisors regarding the amortization of premium and its effect upon basis.

Other Federal Tax Matters. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, certain S corporations, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers eligible for the earned income credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Bond Counsel does not express any opinion regarding such collateral tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding collateral federal income tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds may also wish to consult with their tax advisors with respect to the need to furnish certain taxpayer information in order to avoid backup withholding.

State Taxes. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

Interest on the Bonds is included in gross income for purposes of the Connecticut corporation business tax.

Accrued original issue discount on an OID Bond is also excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

Owners of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for state and local income tax purposes of original issue discount or original issue premium accrued upon sale or redemption thereof, and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such Bonds.

Changes in Federal and State Tax Law. Legislation affecting tax-exempt obligations is regularly considered by the United States Congress. Court proceedings may also be filed, the outcome of which could modify the tax treatment of obligations such as the Bonds. There can be no assurance that legislation enacted or proposed, or actions by a court, after the issuance of the Bonds will not have an adverse effect on the tax status of interest on the Bonds or the market value or marketability of the Bonds. These adverse effects could result, for example, from changes to federal or state income tax rates, changes in the structure of federal or state income taxes (including replacement with another type of tax), or repeal (or reduction in the benefit) of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal or state income tax purposes for all or certain taxpayers.

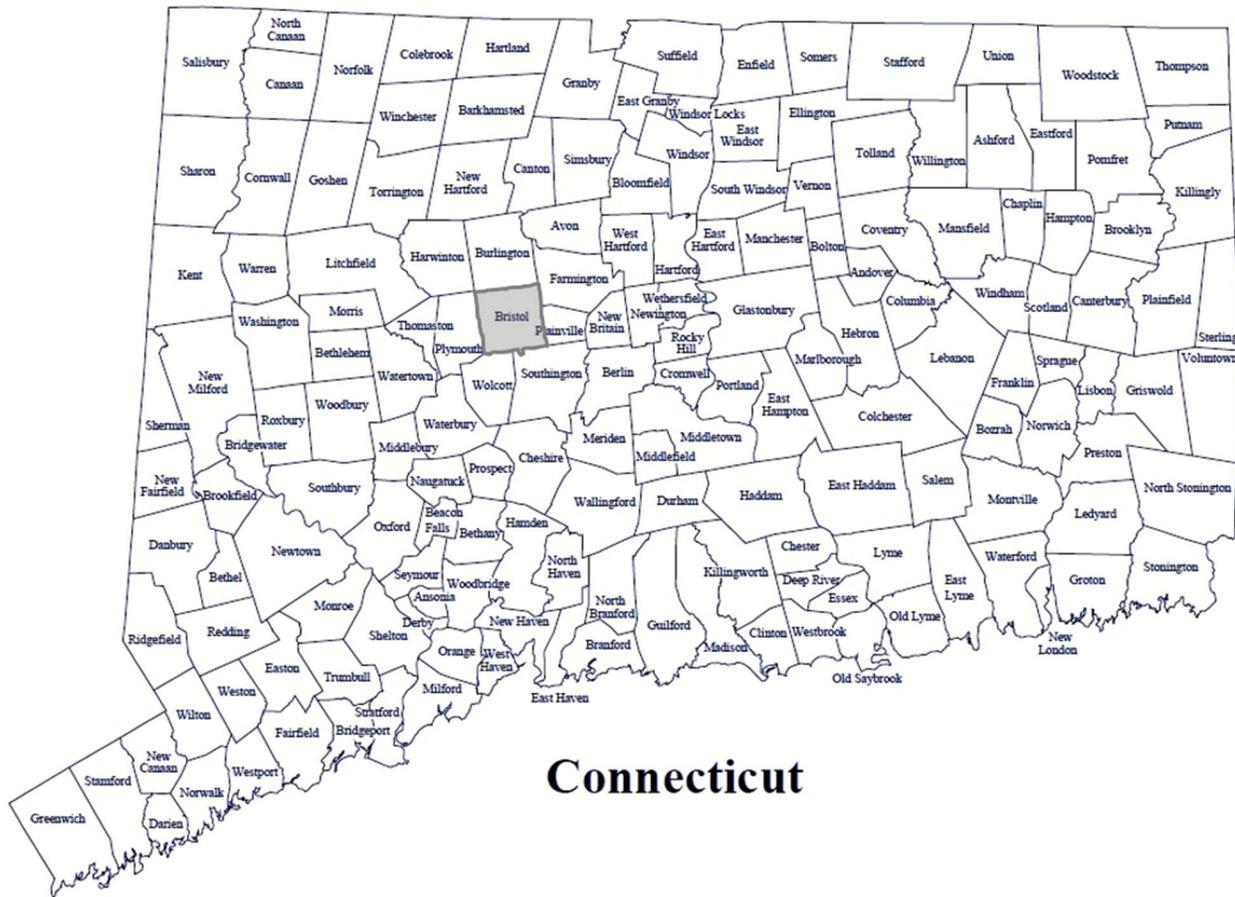
Investors in the Bonds should be aware that future legislative actions may increase, reduce or otherwise change (including retroactively) the financial benefits and the treatment of all or a portion of the interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes for all or certain taxpayers. In all such events, the market value of the Bonds may be adversely affected and the ability of holders to sell their Bonds in the secondary market may be reduced. The Bonds are not subject to special mandatory redemption, and the interest rates on the Bonds are not subject to adjustment, in the event of any such change in the tax treatment of interest on the Bonds.

General. The opinion of Bond Counsel is rendered as of its date, and Bond Counsel assumes no obligation to update or supplement its opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may come to its attention or any changes in law that may occur after the date of its opinion. Bond Counsel's opinion is based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinion is further based on factual representations made to Bond Counsel as of the date of issuance. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a particular result, and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or the courts; rather, such opinion represents Bond Counsel's professional judgment based on its review of existing law, and in reliance on the representations and covenants that it deems relevant to such opinion.

The discussion above does not purport to deal with all aspects of federal or state or local taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of the Bonds. Prospective owners of the Bonds, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the federal, state and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Bonds.

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II. The Issuer



Connecticut

Description of the Municipality

Bristol is a city of approximately 61,000 residents with one of the State's largest and best-maintained park systems, a top-rated public school system for its size, a variety of museums and local attractions such as Lake Compounce Amusement Park, and a broad industry base that includes its largest taxpayer and employer, ESPN headquarters. Yet, Bristol also has one of the most affordable costs of living in the region. These reasons and others are why *Money Magazine* ranked Bristol 84th in the country as "Best Places to Live" and *Hartford Magazine* ranked Bristol as one of Greater Hartford's top municipalities in the category "Best Bang for the Buck." In 2016, Bristol was recognized as the "Best Small City for Doing Business in Greater Hartford" by WalletHub.com, a personal finance website, and in 2017 the City of Bristol exhibited the strongest "economic health" of the 25 largest cities in the State of Connecticut, according to the Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL). The DOL ranking is based on four economic indicators: (1) total covered business establishments (2) total covered employment (3) inflation-adjusted covered wages, and (4) the local unemployment rate. In 2022, Bristol registered the second-highest number of residential home sales in Hartford County. In fact, real estate sales for 2022 nearly equaled the stunning figures from 2021, one of the strongest real estate markets in the City's history.

Bristol enjoys the important advantages of a central location close to major metropolitan markets: New York and Boston each lie within 100 miles of Bristol, accessible by interstate highway, train, and air; Hartford is 16 miles northeast, and New Haven is 25 miles south. Connecticut's major east-west highway, Interstate 84, is less than five miles south of downtown Bristol off Route 229. Route 72 to Bristol connects Interstate 84 with Interstate 91, providing access to Fairfield County, New Haven County, and New York City to the south; Hartford County to the east; and Springfield, Massachusetts to the north. Route 6, one of the country's original transcontinental highways, runs through Bristol as part of its 3,234-mile expanse stretching from Cape Cod to California. Bristol is only 30 miles from Bradley International Airport, and is within two hours of New York's LaGuardia and Kennedy Airports. The City is even closer to several smaller airfields which can accommodate corporate jets. Rail freight service is available locally.

Bristol was and continues to be a leader in manufacturing, producing a wide variety of precision-crafted goods. Bristol was once the foremost clock-making center in the nation and remains one of the country's largest centers for the manufacture of precision mechanical springs and similar components. Additionally, the City's manufacturing presence is well known in the production of everything from engineered steel, to screw machine products, to robotic-automation systems. Specialty manufacturers produce for a diverse array of industries, including medical devices, aerospace, defense, and automobile components.

Bristol's economic development efforts began in 1958 with the creation of the redevelopment agency for urban renewal. With a shift in focus from downtown in the 1970s, the City began work on its first industrial development on Middle Street, resulting in the development of 229 Technology Park, widely regarded as one of the most successful industrial parks in the state.

The 229 Technology Park parcels, totaling over 100 acres, were completely sold by 1986. This location was designed as an ideal choice for corporate headquarters, research and development facilities, and light manufacturing and support services. The industrial park is a high-end development. All sites benefit from underground utility service, quality landscaping, and sound protective covenants. Under the administration of the Economic and Community Development Department (ECD), the City of Bristol has attracted many companies to the park, such as IDEX Health and Science, Multi/Cable Corp., Etter Engineering Co Inc., the Covanta trash-to-energy plant, Amazon, the Otis Elevator Quality Assurance Center (North America's tallest elevator test tower), the renovated DoubleTree by Hilton Hotel, and more recently a HOME2 hotel and large Convention Center are under construction. The 229 Technology Park has over 2,000 employees in over 27 businesses. ESPN, established in 1980, is located across from the 229 Technology Park on Route 229 and now employs approximately 4,000 people, many of whom live in Bristol.

In 1997, the City partnered with Tilcon Minerals to develop roughly 24 acres adjacent to the 229 Technology Park to create the Halcyon Technology Park. The Halcyon Technology Park shares the guidelines governing development with the 229 Technology Park. It has been developed with the addition of Bauer Aerospace, Nucoil Industries Inc., ACG Construction, Curtis Products, and others. An underutilized 25,000-square foot Reynold's Aluminum Recycling Center was refurbished by Eastern Plastics Inc. (now known as IDEX Health and Science) which has expanded twice: a 10,000 square foot addition was added in 1999, and a 15,000 additional square foot addition was constructed in 2004. In 2022 Bauer Aerospace completed a 28,000 square foot expansion.

In addition to the successful 229 Technology Park and Halcyon Technology Park, the City offers building lots in the 51-acre Southeast Bristol Business Park (SEBBP), completed in 2008 less than one mile north of the existing industrial parks. Infrastructure for the SEBBP – including roadway, a traffic light, and utilities – was a jointly funded project of the Federal, State, and City governments. Five end-users have developed sites in the park: CMI Specialty Products, a producer/distributor of specialty electromagnetic steel; Precision Threaded Products (Thompson Aerospace) that makes aircraft fasteners; GMN USA, a spindle repair/manufacturer; the Connecticut/Western Massachusetts headquarters of the PODS portable storage company that constructed a 130,000 square-foot distribution facility; and AMKO LLC, an aerospace manufacturer that recently completed construction on a 16,000 square-foot facility. In July 2019, AMKO began a 6,000 square foot expansion of its building. Currently, BHF Logistics, a distribution company, is working on the construction of a 12,000 square foot headquarters on Lot #2.

Bristol attracts and encourages growth with incentives such as economic development grants. The City has developed a word-of-mouth reputation as a pro-business environment due, in part, to these incentives as well as through active marketing efforts. Each grant incentive is evaluated for return on investment. New taxes generated, less any abatement, can be calculated on improvements to a building and, in certain instances, the addition of new equipment and machinery. Every grantee is evaluated for financial viability and projected return to the City. Each business must also sign a grant agreement with clawback provisions: every agreement requires that the business stay in Bristol for 10 years, stay current on property taxes, and make every effort to hire Bristol residents. In addition to grants for large projects, the City awards "Small Business Grants" and "Downtown Grants" to incentivize business growth. Manufacturing companies, as the foundation of Bristol's economy, receive special consideration through grants to assist with the purchase of significant equipment that will result in the creation of new employment and/or the opening of new markets, as well as grants to help reimburse manufacturers receiving technical assistance to attain ISO certification and other business improvements.

In addition to grant funding, Bristol continues to promote and utilize a variety of tax abatements and similar programs to encourage private development. Pending funding at the State level, the use of the Enterprise Zone and Urban Jobs Program tax abatement and other State-sponsored programs help guarantee the City a percentage reimbursement of the full amount of property taxes otherwise due from expanding businesses. Additionally, the City takes advantage of tax abatement authority granted under the City and Town Development Act (as well as C.G.S. 12-65b) to structure specialized tax abatement schedules for extraordinary projects. For example, the City recently awarded a 10-year tax abatement to Carrier Companies for the construction of a 32-unit apartment complex downtown,

as well as a 3-year abatement for the HOME2 and conference center in the 229 Technology Park. Finally, the City recently established a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District and Opportunity Zone downtown. Over 160 companies received economic development grants and abatements from 1994 to 2023. More than 800,000 square feet of new construction has resulted, along with an increase of more than \$100 million in the City's grand list. Thousands of new jobs have resulted from these efforts.

Examples of recent business growth include the following projects:

- Longtime downtown businesses Melnick Metal Works Inc. and DiGiovanni's Auto received Downtown Grants to assist with major renovations at their facilities.
- New businesses moving to Bristol from other communities include Baumer Ltd., a sensor manufacturer and distributor; Discount Office Solutions; M&M Pallet Inc., and more.
- High-technology manufacturer Bauer Inc. received assistance with its 20,000 square foot building addition along with the purchase of sophisticated equipment to fill the new production space.
- Startup businesses Rx Crystals, Nonna's Italian Market, Tafika Arts, and others launched businesses in the community with assistance from ECD.
- Several manufacturers received Technical Assistance Grants through an innovative partnership with Connstep. The grants are helping manufacturers attain ISO certification, meet cybersecurity requirements, implement "lean" manufacturing processes, and more.

ESPN continues to thrive as it adjusts to the popularity of mobile communications and new methods of reaching its growing audience. The nation's first all-sports cable television network is an affiliate of ABC/Walt Disney. Its broadcast headquarters are in Bristol where it has grown to be the world's largest sports programmer. The \$500 million ESPN Digital Center was brought on line in June 2004, and in summer 2014 ESPN opened its second digital center broadcast studio. At an estimated cost of \$100 million, the 200,000 square foot, state-of-the-art building offers new employment opportunities and provides the City with additional tax revenue. ESPN's future growth in Bristol was assured by its acquisition of 20 adjoining acres across Birch Street. As part of this project, the City contributed to the expansion by providing \$3.5 million in infrastructure improvements including adding a critical new access road, sewer improvements, re-paving Birch Street, road widening and re-grading of CT Route 229, intersection improvements, realignment of Ronzo and Redstone Hill Roads at CT Route 229, and closing a portion of Ronzo Road to accommodate more growth. Emerging from the pandemic, ESPN is implementing a "hybrid" work environment in which employees split time between working from home and working in the office. This new system, while resulting in no layoffs, has shrunk the number of ESPN employees working from ESPN Bristol facilities at any one time.

Metal working and spring making is an important industrial cluster for Bristol. Several spring manufacturers, including Rowley Spring and Stamping Company, Century Spring, Fourslide Spring Products, and Springfield Spring, cement the area's designation as the "Spring-Making Capital of the World." These companies and others have been challenged by foreign competition in the past. Today, however, work is back from overseas, with record sales for many local firms. The challenge now is to ensure these manufacturers have access to a new, younger local workforce as older employees retire.

Covanta, one of Bristol's largest taxpayers, operates a 60,000 square-foot trash-to-energy facility and processes waste for use in generating electricity. A need for additional clean energy production in Connecticut is expected to provide a continuing strong demand as well as production opportunities. Serving Bristol and several of its neighboring communities, this privately-owned complex is located within 229 Technology Park. Growth opportunities that the City is pursuing in similar high technology sectors include clean energy and bioscience. This strategy is currently being developed and may come to fruition over the coming years.

Bristol Health, Inc. is a nonprofit, 154-bed hospital employing approximately 1,600 healthcare professionals and support staff. Bristol Health is the City's second largest employer and offers comprehensive inpatient, outpatient, and emergency services with a state-of-the-art intensive care unit and single room maternity care. The hospital also provides a wide range of educational programs and support groups. Within the past several years, Bristol Health has opened a new Center for Wound Care and Hyperbaric Medicine, a Center for Orthopedic and Spine Health, and in 2019 completed a renovation of the behavioral health unit within the main hospital. In 2019, Bristol Health and its development partner, Rendina, completed construction of a 60,000 square-foot medical office complex on the City's Centre Square development parcel. The project encompasses 4 acres in the heart of downtown, bringing employment opportunities, medical staff, patients, and others to the area. Most recently, in 2022 Bristol Health completed a stunning renovation of its emergency department, offering patients a sleek, modern, and safe environment during emergencies. Bristol Health is designated by the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC) Magnet Recognition Program as a "Magnet Recognized Organization." Magnet is the highest recognition an organization can receive for nursing care as established by the ANCC, a division of the American Nurses Association.

The City's two most heavily trafficked commercial corridors – CT Route 6 and CT Route 229 – continue to grow. CT Route 6 has enjoyed a large amount of retail renovation and expansion. This includes the development of commercial fitness facilities and national restaurants, including Chili's, Chipotle, Popeye's, Sonic, and more. On CT Route 6, an eight-acre former farm is being planned for commercial development, with plans for a 28,000 square foot medical center, a national fast-food tenant, and a carwash. Retail tenants for the remainder of CT Route 6 include large anchor retailers Harbor Freight and Burlington, smaller independent businesses such as Cravings restaurant, Route 6 Nutrition, and others, as well as popular chains Carter's, America's Best Eyeglasses, NAPA Auto Parks, Aroma Joe's, and others. On or near CT Route 229, Aldi finished a complete renovation of its grocery store, the Hospital of Central Connecticut opened a new urgent care facility, Cumberland Farms built a new gas station and retail store on a historically underutilized corner, popular local retailer Bob's Sports Chalet constructed an exciting new retail and e-commerce destination, popular restaurant group Max Pizza completed construction of a new eatery, ESPN continues its operations, and the Southeast Bristol Business Park is gaining steam at attracting the area's top manufacturers and distributors.

Downtown redevelopment remains a top priority for reasons of economic vitality and quality of life. The City is working to redevelop an approximately 15-acre City owned piece of property – Centre Square – in the heart of downtown. Bristol Health completed construction of a 60,000 square-foot medical complex that encompasses four acres of the Centre Square site. The City of Bristol completed construction on the site's first roadway – "Hope Street" – and is designing streetscapes, a parking structure, and other infrastructure for the site. Scheduled to join Bristol Health on Centre Square soon will be well-respected Connecticut healthcare provider Wheeler Health, which is under construction on a 45,000 square foot headquarters and treatment center. Slated for construction in spring 2023, Carrier Construction will build several "downtown style" buildings featuring 104 apartments on the upper floors and 17,000 square feet of first floor retail/commercial space. The City also has plans to design and develop a "City Green" gathering space for Centre Square.

Other downtown reinvestments are being contemplated. Transportation, shopping and living patterns are all changing, affected to a large degree by increasing energy costs. Long-term trends favor cities and those that plan for quality development in a compact environment, promoting walking, biking, and short commutes. Bristol has been making those infrastructure investments to meet such future demands.

The City of Bristol recently approved the use of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) and adopted a TIF Master Plan as an economic development tool to incentivize private development and to provide a funding source for public infrastructure projects in downtown Bristol. Specifically, TIF earmarks the future real property tax revenue increases within the Downtown TIF District to help finance public infrastructure improvements, to fund City administered economic development incentive programs, and/or to help finance private development projects within the TIF District. TIF is NOT a new tax or special assessment on top of the existing property tax. In addition, the State of Connecticut recently approved an Opportunity Zone designation for much of downtown Bristol. This benefit has proven attractive for investors interested in investing in downtown development in order to shelter capital gains from federal tax obligations. There are no current plans to issue City debt for TIF at this time.

The City of Bristol boasts a National Gold Medal Award Finalist park system and is the 2nd largest municipal park system in Connecticut and is amongst the top ten largest municipal park systems in New England. Rated as the #1 thing residents love about Bristol in a 2019 Economic and Community Development Survey, the system offers over 800+ acres of active and passive park spaces with a diverse portfolio of recreational amenities including Muzzy Field Baseball Stadium where Babe Ruth played in 1919, 3 public swimming pools, a Veterans Memorial Boulevard, outdoor adventure education ropes course, nature preserves, sports fields and courts, skate park, and 17 miles of walking and bike trails. A comprehensive community driven system-wide Parks Master Plan has guided the work of the Parks, Recreation, Youth and Community Services Department since 2020, which has resulted in substantial investments to the system. This includes dozens of new improvements to courts and playgrounds, a fully renovated outdoor pool at Page Park, a state of the art fitness pad and parafitness course at Rockwell Park, public art with a new MLK39 mural on Riverside Ave and more. Plans are in development for major revitalization investments at Page Park and Kern Park in 2023.

Form of Government

Adopted by the State legislature in 1911, the City's Charter established a Council-Mayor form of government. The Charter subsequently was amended by many Special Acts, with a major change taking effect on January 1, 1969 through Charter Revision pursuant to the Home Rule Act. The City's general elective officers include the Mayor, City Council (6 members), Treasurer, and Board of Assessment Appeals (3). The Mayor and City Council appoint other City officials and members of various Boards and Commissions.

The Mayor is the chief executive officer of the City and an ex officio member of the City Council and Board of Finance. Elected every odd-numbered year on a partisan basis, the Mayor presides over meetings of the City Council and exercises general supervision over the official acts and conduct of the City's officers.

The City's legislative power is vested exclusively in the City Council, consisting of six members from three City Council Districts who are elected every odd-numbered year on a partisan basis. As the City's elected representatives, the City Council sets policy by resolutions or ordinances and directs the Mayor to ensure that such policies, as well as all the Charter-mandated duties of the City, are implemented.

The Board of Finance consists of nine members with four-year overlapping terms, who are nominated by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The Board of Finance serves as the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of expenditures for the City, responsible for preparing a budget and estimate of expenditures every ensuing fiscal year.

A Joint Meeting of the City of Bristol is comprised of the members of the Board of Finance, the City Council and the Mayor (who also serves as Chairman). Joint Meeting responsibilities include approval of the budget, authorization of all additional expenditures to the budget, and approval of any expenditure in excess of \$5,000.

The Board of Education consists of nine members, each of whom is elected every fourth year coinciding with the odd-numbered election year of the City's other elective officers. Effective with the November 2019 election, these terms will be staggered every four years. Although the Board of Education's total operating budget must be approved within the City's Annual Budget, the board operates independently of the City Council.

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Principal Municipal Officials

Office	Name	Manner of Selection	Term Expiration
Mayor	Jeffrey Caggiano	Elected	11/23
Council Member	Sebastian Panioto	Elected	11/23
Council Member	Jolene Lusitani	Elected	11/23
Council Member	Jacqueline Olsen	Elected	11/23
Council Member	Susan Tyler	Elected	11/23
Council Member	Andrew Howe	Elected	11/23
Council Member	Cheryl Thibeault	Elected	11/23
Board of Finance, Chairman	John E. Smith	Appointed	06/23
Board of Finance Vice-Chair.....	Marie O'Brien	Appointed	06/26
Board of Finance	Jeffrey Caggiano	Ex-Officio	11/23
Board of Finance	Jonathan Mace	Appointed	06/23
Board of Finance	Glenn Heiser	Appointed	06/25
Board of Finance	Ron Burns	Appointed	06/24
Board of Finance	David Maikowski	Appointed	06/26
Board of Finance	Mark Whitford	Appointed	06/24
Board of Finance	Craig Kazemekas	Appointed	06/25
Board of Education, Chairperson	Jennifer Dube	Elected	11/23
Board of Education, Vice Chairperson	Kristen Giantonio	Elected	11/23
Board of Education, Member.....	Eric Carlson	Elected	11/25
Board of Education, Member	Shelby Rafaniello Pons	Elected	11/23
Board of Education, Member	Russell Anderson	Elected	11/23
Board of Education, Member	Todd Sturgeon	Elected	11/25
Board of Education, Member	Maria Simmons	Elected	11/23
Board of Education, Member	Jill Fitzsimons-Bula	Elected	11/25
Board of Education, Secretary	Dante Tagariello	Elected	11/25
Town and City Clerk	Erica Cabiya	Appointed	11/26
Comptroller	Diane M. Waldron	Appointed	06/25
Assistant Comptroller	Robin Manuele	Appointed	04/26
Treasurer	David J. Preleski	Elected	11/23
Assessor	Thomas DeNoto	Appointed	07/24
Tax Collector	Ann Bednaz	Appointed	08/26
Purchasing Agent	Roger Rousseau	Appointed	01/26
Director of Public Works	Raymond Rogozinski	Appointed	02/27
Police Chief	Brian J. Gould	Appointed	04/23
Fire Chief	Richard Hart	Appointed	11/25
Corporation Counsel	Edward Krawiecki	Appointed	11/23
Superintendent of Schools	Catherine Carbone	Appointed	Indefinite
Human Resources Director	Mark Penney	Appointed	03/23
Superintendent Parks and Recreation	Joshua Medeiros	Appointed	02/27
Superintendent of Water Department	Robert Longo	Appointed	05/23
Economic & Community Development Ex. Dir.	Justin Malley	Appointed	04/26
Registrar of Voters (D)	Kevin McCauley	Elected	1/4/2025
Registrar of Voters (R)	Sharon Krawiecki	Elected	1/4/2025
Director, Department of Aging	Patricia Tomascak	Appointed	Indefinite
Chairman, Inland Wetlands Commission	Zachary Fisk	Appointed	05/23
Director of Youth & Community Services	Joshua Medeiros	Appointed	02/27
City Planner	Robert Flanagan	Hired	Indefinite
Planning Secretary and City Engineer	Nancy Levesque	Appointed	04/23
Zoning Enforcement Officer	Edward Spyros	Appointed	Indefinite
Director, Emergency Management	Harland Graime	Appointed	Indefinite
Chief Building Official	Richard Brown	Appointed	12/24
Bristol-Burlington Health District Director.....	Marco Palmieri	Appointed	Indefinite
Library Director	Deborah Prozzo	Appointed	Indefinite
Water Pollution Control Manager.....	Sean Hennessey	Hired	Indefinite

Municipal Services

Police. It is the mission of the Bristol Police Department; “To Protect and Serve the Community with Integrity and Professionalism”. The department provides full service to the city with an authorized strength of 122 sworn officers and 24 civilian personnel. The department’s personnel consists of the Police Chief, two Deputy Chiefs, eleven Lieutenants, thirteen Sergeants, nineteen Detectives, seventy-six Patrol Officers, two Animal Control Officers, seventeen Public Safety Dispatchers, one Fleet and Maintenance Technician, one Property and Evidence Technician, one Executive Assistant, one Police Payroll Supervisor and two Principal Record Clerks. The Board of Police Commissioners consists of six commissioners.

The Bristol Police Department consists of the following divisions, Patrol, Criminal Investigation, Traffic, Youth, Community Relations, Training, Communications, Animal Control, Records and Scheduling. Ancillary Support Services include a Narcotics Enforcement Unit, participation in the U.S. Department of Justice Drug Enforcement Administration Task Force, Federal Bureau of Investigation Cyber Crime Task Force and the regional Emergency Response Team.

The Bristol Police Department is currently Tier III State Accredited. The purpose of State Accreditation is to improve the delivery of law enforcement services by offering a body of standards, developed by law enforcement practitioners, covering a wide range of current law enforcement topics. Accreditation is a process by which law enforcement agencies voluntarily demonstrate that their policies and procedures, operations, management, and support services meet standards established for the profession. These standards are intended to help law enforcement agencies: Strengthen crime prevention and control capabilities, formalize essential management procedures, establish fair and nondiscriminatory personnel practices, improve service delivery, solidify interagency cooperation and coordination, and boost citizen and staff confidence in the agency.

Fire. The Bristol Fire Department is a career department which provides emergency services through the use of 80 line personnel, six staff personnel, two full-time administrative personnel and one part-time principal clerk. The line personnel are divided into four platoons that work a 24-hour shift followed by three days off. Fire crews responded to 2,555 calls for service between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022. There are five engine companies and one truck company which operate under the direction of a Deputy Chiefs acting as shift supervisor. The department’s personnel roster currently consists of the Fire Chief, Administrative Assistant, Principal Clerk, four Deputy Chiefs, one Fire Marshal, three Fire Inspectors, one Drill Master, one Equipment Technician, six Captains, 18 Lieutenants and 52 Firefighters. The Board of Fire Commissioners provides oversight for the Bristol Fire Department. Commissioners are appointed to the Board for a term of three years by the Mayor who sits as the ex-officio Chairman of the Board. The Fire Commissioners work hand-in-hand with the Fire Chief to establish the primary policies of the Fire Department. Based on most recent Insurance Service Office surveys of the department’s fire suppression capabilities, the City maintains a fire insurance classification of three.

Public Works. The Department of Public Works is under the direction of the Board of Public Works, consisting of the Mayor, three council representatives and three private citizens. Department programs include the maintenance of the City’s streets, storm water infrastructure and bridges; the administration and/or construction of capital public works improvements; the maintenance and upgrading of all public buildings, exclusive of school and park facilities; the administration and/or collection and disposal of solid waste rubbish and recycling materials; the collection and treatment of waste water; purchase, service and maintenance of the Public Works fleet; and land use development planning. The Department of Public Works is divided into the following seven Operating Divisions with 96 employees:

Administration: Performs all office functions for the department including payroll, purchasing, processing bills, word processing, database management, filing and issuance of permits for Transfer Station use, and barrel management for solid waste, recycling and yard waste collections. Administration also acts as the City Hall Switchboard for all calls, manages the Public Works web site, Department social media presence and handles communications and press releases for internal and external customers. This division also manages the citizen request/complaint database, and acts as the initial contact-point on street maintenance, storm water and drainage, solid waste and recycling, land use, permitting and engineering matters.

Engineering: Provides in-house technical and professional services for Public Works and for other City departments, boards and commissions. Performs design, construction administration and inspection of Public Works capital projects. Performs the updating of City maps; reviews plans for subdivisions for the Planning Commission and requests for changes to zoning; and reviews site plans and permit applications for the Inland Wetlands Commission. Performs updates, manages access and assists other Departments using the City's GIS database. The Division is also responsible for oversight of the upkeep on approximately 2 miles of industrial railroad spur with one bridge, 3 signalized crossings and 2 manual crossings plus the City's 5,500 street lights.

Land Use Administration: Provides administrative and technical services for the City's four land agencies (Planning Commission, Zoning Commission, Zoning Board of Appeals and Inland Wetlands Agency) and the local Historic District Commission. These services include receiving, processing and reviewing all applications; preparing legal notices, meeting agendas, correspondence and meeting minutes; and maintaining the official records of the boards. It also provides information, advice and assistance to the development community (e.g., developers, design professionals, attorneys, and real estate agents) and to the public regarding planning, zoning and related land use and development matters, as well as technical expertise and administrative assistance in the preparation and updating of the City's Plan of Conservation and Development, the City's regulatory tools (Zoning Regulations, Zoning Map, Subdivision Regulations, and Inland Wetlands Regulations) and other planning-related studies. The Land Use Division also has administrative responsibility for implementation of the state's Aquifer Protection Area Program, in conjunction with the Zoning Commission, which has been designated as the City's Aquifer Protection Agency.

Facility Maintenance: Provides custodial and maintenance services for City Hall and the Police/Court Complex, Youth Services (51 High Street), Animal Control Facility (Vincent P. Kelly Road), City Yard (95 Vincent P. Kelly Road) and Transfer Station (685 Lake Street), as well as maintenance and repair services for the firehouses, libraries and senior center. Attends to landscaping and winter snow removal operations for City Hall, Police/Court Complex, Youth Services, Memorial Boulevard School and other City-owned properties as directed. Serves as Custodian for other properties acquired by the City through foreclosure, purchase and other means until transfer of responsibility to another department or sale by the City. Facility Manager works with City's Energy Commission on energy saving/management projects and Sustainable CT certification program initiatives.

Street Maintenance Operations: Maintains and repairs 232 miles of street, 220 miles of storm drains including over 8,000 catch basins, and 25 bridges. Additionally, this division is responsible for cutting, trimming and replanting trees and, winter snow removal and ice control operations.

Solid Waste & Recycling Management: Provides for collection and, by various means, disposal of all solid waste generated by approximately 20,000 dwelling units which house approximately 80 percent of the City's population. The division's activities include: collection of 17,500 tons of refuse; collection of 5,100 tons of recyclable material; and collection of 450 tons of bulky material. The division also operates the City's transfer station/recycling drop-off center as a Pay-As-You Throw Special Revenue Fund operation which receives and transfers 2,000 tons of refuse, 4,600 tons of recyclable material, 3,000 tons of brush, 3,200 gallons of waste oil, and spring and fall leaf collection, including the operation of a leaf composting facility which processes 1,300 tons of leaves collected by the City and brought in by individuals and small businesses. All quantities are annual.

Fleet Maintenance: This division maintains and repairs all Public Works vehicles and equipment and 40 Police Department vehicles, and provides fuel and oil for most City vehicles. The garage averages over 1,500 repair and service orders per year, and dispenses approximately 129,000 gallons of gasoline and 174,000 gallons of diesel fuel annually.

Service Contract- Solid Waste Disposal Facility. Covanta Bristol, Inc., a Connecticut corporation, operates a 650-ton-per-day mass-burn solid waste disposal, electric power generation, and resource recovery facility at 170 Enterprise Drive. The commercial operation date was April of 1988.

The Company is a subsidiary of Covanta Energy Corporation, a Delaware corporation. The Company was formed in 1984 for the purpose of owning and operating the facility for the processing and disposal of acceptable solid waste from the City of Bristol, Town of Berlin, Branford, Burlington, Hartland, Plainville, Plymouth, Prospect, Seymour, Southington, Warren, Washington, Wolcott, and the City of New Britain, (14 municipalities collectively referred to as the "Contracting Communities"). The Contracting Communities Agreement operating under the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee ("BRRFOC") expired in 2014 and each municipality has individually contracted with Covanta through a collective agreement through 2034.

The City pays a tipping fee of \$70.40 per ton for refuse delivered, effective July 1, 2022. The City receives a rebate that is to be used for solid waste educational efforts including our Recycle Coach smartphone application and social media presence. The City also receives a Host Fee based on tonnage delivered, processed or handled at the facility to offset the impact of facility traffic on the City's roadway infrastructure.

If the facility is temporarily or permanently shut down and partially or completely unable to receive and process acceptable waste, the Company is obligated to provide waste disposal services by alternative disposal methods.

City collected recyclables are processed at a company in Berlin Connecticut know as Murphy Road LLC. Recyclables are transported from Bristol to the facility by the Department of Public Works. The current recycling processing fee is approximately \$94/ton, however the cost has varied in 2022 from \$18.22/ton in May to \$94.16 in December.

Water Department. The Bristol Water Department is a municipal department of the City of Bristol and is governed by a Board of Water Commissioners appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council.

The Water Treatment Plant was constructed and put on-line in 1989 with a filtering capacity of 12 million gallons per day ("MGD") and provisions for increasing this capacity to 24 MGD with future expansion. The project cost of the new plant was \$11.4 million of which \$9,835,000 was bonded and debt service was paid for with revenues from the sale of water. All bonding for the Water Treatment Plant was repaid in 2008. Additional bonding in the amount of \$5,900,000 completed the rehabilitation of dams 2, 4 and 5 and the storage tank at the Filter Plant.

The surface water supply consists of six reservoirs with a combined capacity of 1.2 billion gallons of water. These reservoirs are located in the towns of Burlington, Harwinton, Plymouth and the City. In addition to the surface supply, there are five gravel packed wells with an average daily maximum production of 2.5 million gallons.

The Bristol Water Department has established an interconnection with the New Britain Water Department. The interconnection provides 500,000 gallons per day of additional supply for the Bristol Water Department, as required.

Ten storage structures are spread throughout the City in six different pressure zones with a combined capacity of 16.7 million gallons. The distribution system consists of over 300 miles of cast iron and ductile iron water mains varying in size from 4" to 36".

All bills are due and payable on the first day of the regular billing period. Penalty charges of 1.5% of the unpaid balance are added after 30 days from the billing date. Liens are filed in the City land records if the account remains unpaid for a period of six months from the billing date. All accounts in arrears after the 30 day payment period receive a "Second Notice" which includes the past due amount for the water and sewer bill plus any penalty and lien charges. Thirty (30) days after the "Second Notice" is sent, the customer will receive a "Third Notice" as a reminder bill that the account is still delinquent. Approximately seven to ten days after the "Third Notice" is sent, if payment is still not received on the past due account, the customer will receive a "Final Notice". The customer has thirteen (13) days from the date of the "Final Notice" to pay the delinquent account in its entirety or call the office to make arrangements for payment with the Collections Clerk. The "Final Notice" contains information on what a customer should do to prevent the possible termination of their water service. Although not required under the Bristol Water Department Rules and Regulations, seven days prior to the end of the thirteen day payment period a yellow door hanger is left at the service address and/or mailed to the owner of the property. If payment has not been made by the end of the thirteen day payment period, the service is terminated in accordance with the Department of Public Utility Control guidelines. The terminated service will not be turned back on until full payment is made by either cash or bank certified check including all re-instatement fees. For locations that contain tenants that cannot be shut off due to Department of Public Utility Control guidelines, liens are filed in the City land records if the account remains unpaid for a period of six months from the billing date.

Water Pollution Control: This division is charged with the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection and treatment facilities, as accounted for in the Sewer Operating and Assessment Fund, and provides sanitary sewer collection and treatment to approximately 90% of the City's populated area. It operates and maintains an advanced wastewater reclamation plant with 10.75 MGD capacity, 16 pumping stations, and 243 miles of sewer lines and 5,600 manholes. It also provides administrative services for the operation of the City's wastewater collection and treatment facilities, oversees sewer usage billing performed by the City's Water Department, and develops long-term plans to assure the operation will meet the future needs of the community. In accordance with State and Federal regulations, the Division is required to maintain a Capital Reserve Fund adequately funded to meet the financial demands of all facility upgrades, modifications and capital equipment replacement.

Parks and Recreation. It is the mission of the Bristol Parks, Recreation, Youth and Community Services Department to deliver high-quality services and facilities that enhance the community's quality of life, meet the diverse needs of all citizens, and build a sustainable future. The department's vision is to be an essential department impacting the lives of all Bristol residents by shaping positive public perceptions, fostering cultural unity, creating responsible and healthy citizens, and inspiring advocacy.

In order to administer the best quality services in the most efficient way, the department is organized into six operational divisions including: Administration; Parks, Grounds, & Facilities Maintenance; Recreation; Aquatics; Youth & Community Services and Arts & Culture. The professional staff consists of 32 full-time employees and more than 300 part-time and seasonal employees. Policy is set by a 7 member Board of Park Commissioners, an 11 member Youth Commission, and 8 member Arts & Culture Commission.

Administration is responsible for developing a fiscally responsible department budget that meets the changing and dynamic needs of the community. Administration provides stewardship to the many benefactors of the Parks, Recreation, Youth and Community Services Department which include 8 trust and endowment funds, as well as, the Friends of Bristol Parks and Recreation Fund through the Main Street Community Foundation. The division interfaces and coordinates with dozens of non-profits, sports organizations, and civic groups that utilize park space for events including the Mums Festival, West End Association Summer Festival, and Veterans organizations - drawing thousands of visitors into the city each year. Administration provides support to all department divisions, manages the department master/strategic plans, organizes and creates policy in alignment with the pursuit of CAPRA (Commission for Accreditation of Park and Recreation Agencies) accreditation, establishes fundraising events, supports divisions with marketing strategy, pursues new funding sources and provides direct project management for department projects.

Parks, Grounds, & Facilities Maintenance division is responsible for over 730 acres of park land which includes 2 major active parks with over 100 acres each, 8 neighborhood parks, a lighted stadium, a veteran's memorial park, and 4 open space passive parks. The division is responsible for the upkeep of park amenities including 3 water spray parks, 14 tennis courts (5 lighted), 6 lighted sand volleyball courts, 1 modified pickle ball court, 7 fishing areas, 2 horseshoe pits, 2 bocce courts, 6 basketball courts, 6 pre-school playscapes, an ADA compliant accessible playground, para-fitness course, 4 baseball diamonds, 6 (3 lighted) softball diamonds, jogging path, metered walking path, hiking trails, mountain bike trails, 2 eighteen hole disc golf courses, 2 off-leash dog parks, and a skate park plaza.

Recreation division is responsible for administering hundreds of recreational programs and special events throughout the year. A variety of programs are offered serving the varied interests of Bristol residents from pre-school to senior citizens. This includes popular summer camps, sports clinics, arts instruction, Summer Concerts, Winter Wonderland, and much more. Recreational programs increase physical, social, and emotional wellness and serve to enhance community spirit, as well as, the quality of life for every resident. The former Pine Lake Challenge Course was rebranded as the Pine Lake Adventure Park, re-aligned within the recreation division in order to provide a well-rounded recreational and outdoor adventure-based experiential learning program.

Aquatics division is responsible for the oversight of the Dennis Malone Aquatics Center (DMAC) and two outdoor park pools at Page and Rockwell. The division offers seasonal memberships and daily passes for thousands of patrons annually. An extensive award winning American Red Cross Learn to Swim program is offered at all 3 facilities, annually teaching thousands of Bristol youth this critical life skill. In addition, the division offers water fitness programs, training classes, recreational swim teams, special events, and more. The Dennis Malone Aquatics Center is also host to Bristol Central High School/Bristol Eastern High School Swim Teams, St. Paul and Lewis Mills Swim Teams, private rentals and Bristol Health for water therapy.

Youth & Community Services division is responsible for the coordination of a comprehensive community-based youth services bureau and the delivery of essential life services for Bristol residents in need. The Bureau strives to enhance the networking and support between family, school, peer and community environments. Direct services including juvenile diversion programming, individual and family counseling, outreach support, crisis support and case management, youth employment training and positive youth development opportunities.

Community Services provides adults with critical information and referrals to available community and state resources. Advocacy and referrals are made for housing, mental/physical health, medical insurance, state benefits, and utilization of the statewide 211 resource. Short term case management and support is provided to individuals in transition and/or emotional distress. One-time assistance is available to residents descending into a long-term crisis or life altering circumstances.

In 2020, the Parent and Child Center of Bristol Health was realigned within the Youth and Community Services division of the department to create the new Parent and Child program. The program focuses on supporting new families with programs, resources and services. Staff and program budgets are supported through grant funding, community donations and sponsorships.

Municipal Employees
Full-Time as of June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Board of Education.....	1,217	1,205	1,118	1,095	1,027
General Government.....	493	516	508	506	501
Total.....	1,710	1,721	1,626	1,601	1,528

Source: City of Bristol, Human Resources and Board of Education.

The table below shows an analysis of general government employees by department:

Department	Full Time	Part-Time & Temporary
Police	138	-
Fire	88	-
Administrative and Financial	70	12
Recreation	30	157
Library	28	8
Public Works	84	2
Water	55	-
Total	493	179

Source: City of Bristol, Human Resources.

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Employee Relations

Almost all full and permanent part-time City employees, with the exception of management, are represented by a bargaining organization as follows:

Board of Education	Employees Represented ¹	Current Contract Expiration Date
Bristol Federation of Teachers Local 1464	679	6/30/2025
Bristol Association of Principals & Supervisors	41	6/30/2026
Bristol Educational Secretaries Association	71	6/30/2024
Bristol Municipal Employees Local 2267 Board of Education, Custodial, Maintenance & Teachers Aides	285	6/30/2024
AFL Local 2267 Council No. 4 (Board of Education Cafeteria) ..	60	6/30/2024
#818 Council 4	6	6/30/2024
Non-Bargaining Employees	75	--
Sub-total	1,217	
City Groups		
Local 1338 of Council No. 4, AFSCME, AFL-CIO	110	6/30/2022 ²
Police Union	113	6/30/2023
Local 773, International Association of Fire Fighters	86	6/30/2023
Bristol City Hall Employees, Local 233	114	6/30/2025
Bristol Professionals & Supervisors Association	53	6/30/2025
Non-Bargaining Employees	17	--
Sub-total	493	
Total	1,710	

¹ Excludes part-time employees.

² In negotiation.

Source: City of Bristol, Human Resources and Board of Education.

General Statutes Sections 7-473c, 7-474 and 10-153a to 153n provide a procedure for binding arbitration of collective bargaining agreements between municipal employers and organizations representing municipal employees, including certified teachers and certain other employees. The legislative body of a municipal entity may reject an arbitration panel's decision by a two-thirds majority vote. The State of Connecticut and the employee organization must be advised in writing of the reasons for rejection. The State then appoints a new panel of either one or three arbitrators to review the decisions on each of the rejected issues. The panel must accept the last best offer of either party. In reaching its determination, the arbitration panel gives priority to the public interest and the financial capability of the municipal employer, including consideration of other demands on the financial capability of the municipal employer. Effective October 1, 1997, for binding arbitration of teachers' contracts, in assessing the financial capability of a city, there is an irrefutable presumption that a budget reserve of 5% or less is not available for payment of the cost of any item subject to arbitration. In light of the employer's financial capability, the panel considers prior negotiations between the parties, the interests and welfare of the employee group, changes in the cost of living, existing employment conditions, and wages, salaries, fringe benefits, and other conditions of employment prevailing in the labor market, including developments in private sector wages and benefits.

Educational Services

The Bristol Public School system provides educational services ranging from pre-school programs through adult education programs. Within the system, there are six elementary schools which accommodate grades pre-kindergarten through five; two schools which accommodate grades pre-kindergarten through eighth, two middle schools, which provide programs for grades six, seven and eight; and two high schools which are comprehensive high schools for grades nine through twelve.

In addition to these schools, alternative education programs are provided at the Bristol Early Childhood Center. Bristol maintains a special education program with services provided to special needs students from pre-school to age twenty-one. Bristol's program for gifted students includes special programs and resource services for students identified as gifted in grades three through twelve. The academic programs are complimented by a wide variety of extracurricular activities, including intramural and interscholastic sports, instrumental and vocal music programs, and many student organizations which are available to all students.

The community is further served by a parochial school system of two grammar schools (K-8) and one high school. The Bristol Technical Educational Center is open to adults and high school students in grades 11 and 12, and is approved for veterans. Opportunities for post-secondary education in technical, professional, and the liberal arts field abound in the area through both public and private schools. A regional community/technical college is situated one mile over the Bristol border in the Town of Farmington and Central Connecticut State University is in nearby New Britain. Branches of the University of Connecticut and State technical colleges are located in both Waterbury and Hartford, twenty minutes away. Also available in the area are nursery schools and day care facilities, as well as child care programs in all of the elementary schools in Bristol.

Bristol Public Schools

Educators

Teachers and administrators belong to the retirement program provided by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and contribute 7.25% (6% + 1.25% health insurance). The State of Connecticut makes appropriations from the General Fund for its contributions to the Retirement Fund. Neither the City nor the Board of Education is currently required to contribute to the Retirement Fund.

Support Staff

Support staff who qualify for benefits participate in the City retirement plan.

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School Facilities

School	Grades	Construction		Actual Enrollment 10/1/2022 ^{2,3}	
		(Remodeling or Renovation)	Number of Classrooms ¹		Rated Capacity
Bristol Central High School	9-12	1967, 2000	55	1,582	1,262
Bristol Eastern High School	9-12	1959 (65), 2000	60	1,700	1,145
Chippens Hill Middle School ...	6-8	1993	45	911	609
Northeast Middle School	6-8	1922 (65,83)	41	1,050	339
Bristol Arts & Innovation Magi	6-12	1922, 2022	28	525	256
Bristol Preparatory Academy	9-12				60
Greene-Hills	K-8	2012	53	1,100	831
West Bristol	K-8	2012	53	1,100	827
Stafford School	K- 5	1951 (54,85)	41	1,050	355
Edgewood School	K- 5	1957 (64,86,12)	24	497	256
Ellen Hubbell	K- 5	1991	28	529	383
Ivy Drive School	K- 5	1967 (2007)	29	480	384
Mountain View School	K- 5	1967 (2007)	27	441	338
South Side School	K- 5	1974	28	569	478
Totals			512	11,534	7,523

¹ New England School Development Annual Report.

² The Bristol Board of Education reports Current Operating Capacity as of 10/1 every year based upon square footage and other requirements of the State Department of Education; however, the Bristol Board of Education's actual utilization of Current Operating Capacity is maximized by scheduling classes in interchangeable classrooms that are available for instruction.

³ Excludes 192 out-of-district placements and 280 pre-school students but includes Special Education students.

Source: City of Bristol, Board of Education.

School Enrollment

School Year	Pre K	K - 5	6 - 8	9-12	Total ²
Historical¹					
2013-2014	290	3,585	1,750	2,509	8,134
2014-2015	337	3,546	1,772	2,448	8,103
2015-2016	335	3,554	1,734	2,408	8,031
2016-2017	333	3,551	1,858	2,394	8,136
2017-2018	298	3,406	1,862	2,260	7,826
2018-2019	293	3,375	1,822	2,366	7,856
2019-2020	297	3,364	1,859	2,352	7,872
2020-2021	231	3,202	1,785	2,379	7,597
2021-2022	288	3,182	1,735	2,429	7,634
2022-2023	280	3,229	1,732	2,467	7,708
Projected³					
2023-2024	305	3,266	1,730	2,470	7,771
2024-2025	305	3,334	1,660	2,430	7,729
2025-2026	305	3,293	1,720	2,338	7,656

¹ Bristol Board of Education (excludes 79 out-of-district placements).

² Special Education students are included in counts of regular education.

³ State of Connecticut, Department of Education.

Source: City of Bristol, Board of Education.

III. Economic and Demographic Information

Population and Density

Year	Population ¹	% Increase (Decrease)	Density ²
2021	60,733	-0.2%	2,241.1
2020	60,833	0.6%	2,244.8
2010	60,477	0.7%	2,231.6
2000	60,062	-1.0%	2,216.3
1990	60,640	5.7%	2,237.6
1980	57,370	3.4%	2,117.0
1970	55,487	--	2,047.5

¹ 1970-2010, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census

² Per square mile: 27.0 square miles

³ American Community Survey 2017-2021

Age Distribution of the Population

Age	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 5 years	2,606	4.3%	182,122	5.1%
5 to 9 years	3,758	6.2	196,540	5.5
10 to 14 years	4,114	6.8	224,371	6.3
15 to 19 years	3,760	6.2	245,790	6.9
20 to 24 years	3,343	5.5	241,370	6.8
25 to 34 years	7,940	13.1	445,861	12.5
35 to 44 years	8,118	13.4	439,098	12.3
45 to 54 years	8,474	14.0	488,283	13.7
55 to 59 years	4,195	6.9	269,688	7.5
60 to 64 years	4,248	7.0	252,028	7.1
65 to 74 years	5,860	9.6	357,409	10.0
75 to 84 years	2,855	4.7	173,149	4.8
85 years and over	1,462	2.4	89,621	2.5
Total.....	60,733	100.0%	3,574,097	100.0%
Median Age (Years) 2021.....	40.2		41.0	
Median Age (Years) 2010 ¹	40.0		40.0	

¹ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census, 2010.

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

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Income Distribution

	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Families	Percent	Families	Percent
Less than \$10,000.....	321	2.1%	23,811	2.6%
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	197	1.3	14,243	1.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	673	4.3	36,091	4.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	658	4.2	44,586	4.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	1,517	9.7	71,397	7.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	2,802	17.9	123,873	13.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	2,378	15.2	113,529	12.5
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	3,849	24.6	188,052	20.7
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	1,963	12.6	117,255	12.9
\$200,000 or more.....	1,279	8.2	177,169	19.5
Total.....	15,637	100.0%	910,006	100.0%

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Income Levels

	City of Bristol	State of Connecticut
Per Capita Income, 2021.....	\$38,362	\$47,869
Median Family Income, 2021	\$91,543	\$106,441
Median Household Income, 2021	\$83,572	\$73,604

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Employment Data

Period	City of Bristol		Percentage Unemployed		
	Employed	Unemployed	City of Bristol	Hartford Labor Market	State of Connecticut
January 2023.....	31,439	1,579	4.8	4.1	4.2
Annual Average					
2022.....	31,369	1,563	4.8	4.1	4.1
2021.....	29,053	2,353	7.5	6.6	6.6
2020.....	30,716	2,610	7.9	7.0	7.3
2019.....	31,984	1,416	4.2	3.8	3.7
2018.....	31,702	1,519	4.6	4.1	4.1
2017.....	31,467	1,771	5.3	4.8	4.7
2016.....	31,038	1,958	5.9	5.3	5.3
2015.....	30,772	2,127	6.5	5.6	5.6
2014.....	31,282	2,406	7.2	6.7	6.7
2013.....	30,635	2,742	8.2	7.9	7.9

Source: Department of Labor, State of Connecticut

Employment by Industry

Sector	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining.....	44	0.1%	7,314	0.4%
Construction.....	2,158	6.7	113,665	6.2
Manufacturing.....	4,141	12.8	192,688	10.6
Wholesale trade.....	660	2.0	41,165	2.3
Retail trade.....	4,018	12.4	194,081	10.6
Transportation warehousing, and utilities.....	1,493	4.6	80,481	4.4
Information.....	1,002	3.1	36,259	2.0
Finance, insurance, real estate, and leasing....	2,934	9.1	164,657	9.0
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management.....	2,894	8.9	212,866	11.7
Education, health and social services.....	7,980	24.6	482,274	26.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services.....	2,009	6.2	148,835	8.2
Other services (except public admin.).....	1,837	5.7	82,217	4.5
Public Administration.....	1,213	3.7	66,493	3.6
Total Labor Force, Employed.....	32,383	100.0%	1,822,995	100.0%

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Educational Attainment Years of School Completed Age 25 & Over

	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than 9th grade.....	1,265	4.2%	101,461	4.4%
9th to 12th grade, no diploma.....	2,407	5.8	123,560	6.1
High School graduate (includes equivalency)...	13,956	26.7	656,949	27.5
Some college, no degree.....	8,953	18.1	418,214	17.8
Associate degree.....	4,685	8.7	194,987	7.4
Bachelor's degree.....	7,534	20.3	561,567	20.5
Graduate or professional degree.....	4,352	16.3	458,399	16.4
Total.....	43,152	100.0%	2,515,137	100.0%
Percent high school graduate or higher.....		91.5%		91.1%
Percent bachelor's degree or higher.....		27.5%		40.6%

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Age Distribution of Housing

Year Built	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Units	Percent	Units	Percent
1939 or earlier.....	4,872	18.2%	323,631	21.2%
1940 to 1969.....	9,805	36.7	528,583	34.6
1970 to 1979.....	4,411	16.5	206,448	13.5
1980 to 1989.....	4,257	15.9	191,539	12.5
1990 to 1999.....	1,863	7.0	118,124	7.7
2000 or 2009.....	1,160	4.3	104,519	6.8
2010 or later.....	369	1.4	54,195	3.5
Total Housing Units.....	26,737	100.0%	1,527,039	100.0%

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Housing Inventory

Housing Units	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Units	Percent	Units	Percent
1-unit, detached.....	14,651	54.8%	899,368	58.9%
1-unit, attached.....	1,096	4.1	90,010	5.9
2 units.....	2,774	10.4	122,509	8.0
3 or 4 units.....	3,078	11.5	127,995	8.4
5 to 9 units.....	1,457	5.4	79,520	5.2
10 to 19 units.....	951	3.6	54,673	3.6
20 or more units.....	2,531	9.5	141,189	9.2
Mobile home.....	199	0.7	11,240	0.7
Boat, RV, van, etc.....	-	-	535	0.0
Total Inventory.....	26,737	100.0%	1,527,039	100.0%

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Owner-Occupied Housing Values

Specified Owner-Occupied Units	City of Bristol		State of Connecticut	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than \$50,000.....	386	2.5%	19,747	2.1%
\$50,000 to \$99,999.....	694	4.4	25,603	2.8
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	2176	13.8	68,932	7.4
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	4,081	26.0	130,158	14.1
\$200,000 to \$299,999.....	5,763	36.6	250,981	27.1
\$300,000 to \$499,999.....	2,233	14.2	268,183	29.0
\$500,000 to \$999,999.....	349	2.2	117,839	12.7
\$1,000,000 or more.....	44	0.3	44,060	4.8
Total.....	15,726	100.0%	925,503	100.0%

Median Value..... \$207,400 \$286,700

Source: American Community Survey 2017-2021

Major Employers Employment Levels As of February 2023

Name	Business	Estimated Number of Employees
ESPN Inc.....	Broadcasting Facility Headquarters	4,100
Bristol City.....	Municipality	1,710
Bristol Health.....	Healthcare	1,100
Amazon.....	Distribution Center	350
Faneuil, Inc.....	Call Center	250
IDEX Health & Science.....	Manufacturing	175
Stop & Shop.....	Retail	150
Quality Coils Inc.....	Manufacturing	125
The Pines @ Bristol.....	Healthcare	115
Sheriden Woods Health Care Ctr.....	Health Care	100
Total.....		8,175

Source: City of Bristol - Economic and Community Development

Land Use Summary

Category	All Land	
	Acreage	Percent
Residential	7,867	45.82%
Industrial and Commercial	1,760	10.25%
Community Facilities/Institutions	1,331	7.75%
Open Space	1,695	9.87%
Other (Farms, Misc. Public Land)	552	3.21%
Transportation and Utilities	2,132	12.42%
Vacant	1,833	10.68%
Totals.....	17,170	100.00%

Source: City of Bristol, Land Use Department.

Building Permits Ten-Year Comparison

Calendar Year	Residential		Commercial & Industrial		Apartments & Condominiums		Total Estimates	
	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value
2022	1,296	\$ 31,537,646	133	\$ 61,295,830	-	\$ -	1,429	\$ 92,833,476
2021	1,334	24,303,679	109	47,594,832	-	-	1,443	71,898,511
2020	1,200	17,065,517	118	56,801,119	-	-	1,318	73,866,636
2019	984	14,204,385	160	13,607,512	-	-	1,144	27,811,897
2018	1,201	16,128,715	235	32,969,560	-	-	1,436	49,098,275
2017	1,145	15,290,398	242	18,235,634	-	-	1,387	33,526,032
2016	1,100	12,707,765	221	41,687,869	-	-	1,321	54,395,634
2015	1,229	11,855,263	257	19,797,336	-	-	1,486	31,652,599
2014	1,206	14,205,476	252	16,384,301	-	-	1,458	30,589,777
2013	1,122	15,498,865	238	18,636,294	1	1,000,000	1,361	35,135,159

Note: Does not include mechanicals.

Source: City of Bristol, Building Department.

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IV. Tax Base Data

Property Tax

Assessments

The maintenance of an equitable tax base and the location and appraisal of all real and personal property within the limits of the City of Bristol for inclusion on the Grand List is the responsibility of the Assessor. The Grand List represents the total assessed value for all taxable real and personal property and motor vehicles located within the City as of October 1st. The three classes of taxable property that create the Grand List are Real Estate, Motor Vehicles, and Personal Property. Real Property includes land and improvements that are permanently attached to the land. Personal Property includes all other property not classified as real property, such as machinery, equipment, furniture, fixtures, registered and non-registered motor vehicles. Assessments for real property are computed at seventy percent (70%) of the estimated market value at the time of the last revaluation. City-wide revaluation was effective for the October 1, 2022 Grand List for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. The Board of Assessment Appeals is charged with the duty of hearing appeals on assessments from aggrieved taxpayers, and reviewing and changing valuation set by the Assessor.

Public Act No. 04-2 of the May 2004 Special Session of the Connecticut General Assembly modified the required cycle of revaluation and lengthened the cycle from four to five years. Generally, the law requires a revaluation every five years and a general revaluation based on physical observation where the preceding revaluation in the five-year cycle was a statistical revaluation. The City of Bristol's next general revaluation is scheduled to take effect October 1, 2027.

New construction of real estate and modifications to existing structures completed after any assessment date are liable for payment of municipal taxes from the date Certificate of Occupancy is issued by the Building Inspector. This involves the physical inspection of the property and computing the assessment. The prorated increment is the increase in the building assessment prorated on a daily basis from the Certificate of Occupancy date to the next assessment year.

Pursuant to the Connecticut General Statutes 14-163, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles is required to furnish to the assessor in each municipality, a list containing the names and addresses of the owners of motor vehicles, residing in their respective municipalities, as they appear on October 1st of each year. Appraisals of motor vehicles are accomplished in accordance with an automobile pricing schedule recommended by Connecticut Association of Assessing Officers to the State Office of Policy and Management. In the past five years National Automobile Dealers Association ("NADA") has been the recommended schedule. Section 12-71b of the Connecticut General Statutes provides that motor vehicles which are registered with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles after the October 1 assessment date but before the next August 1st are subject to a property tax as if the motor vehicle had been included on the October 1st Grand List. The tax is prorated and is based on the number of months of ownership between October 1 and the following July 31st. Motor vehicles purchased in August and September are not taxed until the next October 1st Grand List. If the motor vehicle replaces a motor vehicle that was taxed on the October Grand List, the taxpayer is entitled to certain credits. If the motor vehicle is sold, destroyed, or stolen and not replaced, the tax bill will be prorated for the number of months of ownership.

Motor Vehicle Property Tax Cap: Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-71e creates a cap on the local property tax mill rate for motor vehicles. The statute provides that (1) for the assessment year October 1, 2016, the mill rate for motor vehicles shall not exceed 39 mills, (2) for the assessment years commencing October 1, 2017 to October 1, 2020, inclusive, the mill rate for motor vehicles shall not exceed 45 mills, and (3) for the assessment year commencing October 1, 2021, and each subsequent year thereafter, the mill rate for motor vehicles shall not exceed 32.46 mills. No district or borough may set a motor vehicle mill rate that if combined with the motor vehicle mill rate of the City or city in which such district or borough is located would result in a combined motor vehicle mill rate in excess of these mill rate caps. The City's mill rate for motor vehicles for the current 2021 assessment year (Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2023) is 32.46 mills.

The Personal Property list consists of all businesses located within the corporate City limits of Bristol. In general terms, personal property is everything needed to engage in a business enterprise, excluding land and any improvements thereon. The common categories are machinery, furniture and fixtures, equipment, data processing equipment, and unregistered motor vehicles. Discovery of new accounts are obtained by reviewing the Secretary of the State of Connecticut registry, newspaper articles, lessee reports, advertisements, trade names filed with the City Clerk, and a physical canvass of the City business districts. State Statutes require all owners of business personal property to file annual lists of such property no later than November 1st, or be subject to a 25% penalty. All business personal property is assessed annually. Site inspections and audits are completed periodically.

Connecticut General Statutes 12-81(72) allows a five year, 100% property tax exemption for eligible new manufacturing machinery and equipment acquired and installed on or after October 2, 1991, and for "newly acquired" used manufacturing machinery and equipment acquired and installed on or after July 1, 1992. The State of Connecticut no longer reimburses each municipality for the revenue loss sustained as a result of this exemption.

Levy

Property taxes are levied on all assessed property on the Grand List of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. At the discretion of the City and for the convenience of the taxpayer, in compliance with Connecticut General Statutes, tax bills are payable in two installments - July 1 and January 1. A margin against delinquencies, legal reductions, and Grand List adjustments, such as assessor corrections, is provided by adjusting the Grand List downward when computing anticipated property tax revenue from the current levy. A modest estimate for delinquent taxes and outstanding interest and lien fees anticipated to be collected during the fiscal year is normally included as a revenue item in the budget. Delinquent taxes are billed at least three times a year, with interest charged at the rate of one and one-half percent per month in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes, with a minimum charge of \$2. Outstanding real estate tax accounts are automatically lien-ed each year prior to June 30 with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills. Auto accounts and personal property accounts are transferred to suspense when deemed least likely to be collected and all accounts become uncollectible 15 years after the due date in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes.

Tax Abatement Policy

The City of Bristol employs a number of statutory tax abatement mechanisms to incentivize economic growth in the community. Some of these programs include:

Connecticut City and Town Development Act

In November of 2014, Bristol voters approved a five-year extension of the Connecticut City and Town Development Act pursuant to Chapter 114 of the General Statutes which provides the community with a broad range of financial tools to foster the development of residential, industrial, commercial, and manufacturing facilities including the power to exempt development property from local taxation. This act is up for re-approval in November 2024.

Enterprise Zone

The Enterprise Zone primarily encompasses the geographic center of downtown Bristol. Two important business incentives available in the Enterprise Zone are a five-year, 80% abatement of local property taxes on qualifying real and personal property and a ten-year, 25% credit on that portion of the state's corporation business tax. Additionally, qualifying newly formed corporations located in the zone are eligible for corporate tax credits. In order to qualify for the State of CT Enterprise Zone Program, the business occupying the space must be deemed eligible for the program by the State. Generally, manufacturers or service-based organizations that do not conduct business with the general public are eligible.

The Enterprise Zone property tax abatement revenue loss is reported annually to the State Department of Economic and Community Development as part of the Distressed Municipalities initiative granting the City 50% abatement revenue loss reimbursement. The following table represents the City’s 50% abatement revenue loss reported to the State of Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development for the last five years:

Grand List Year	Revenue Abatement		Total
	Real Estate	Personal Property	
2013	\$ 151,199	\$ 54,279	\$ 205,478
2014	115,915	58,252	174,167
2015	70,793	54,073	124,866
2016	62,680	40,439	103,119
2017	81,090	22,769	103,859
2018	108,555	54,160	162,715
2019	101,583	47,542	149,125
2020	122,588	51,060	173,648
2021	117,645	25,000	142,645
2022 ¹	64,500	20,000	84,500
Total.....			\$ 1,424,122

¹ *Estimated pending State budget and City final mill rate adoption*

If a business does not qualify for the State of Connecticut Enterprise Zone Program, an opportunity exists to pursue tax abatement through the City of Bristol Enterprise Zone Program. The City of Bristol program offers a 7-year abatement of real property improvements: 100% (Year 1), 100% (Year 2), 50% (Year 3), 40% (Year 4), 30% (Year 5), 20% (Year 6), and 10% (Year 7). Per Article XIV, Section 18-201 of the City of Bristol Code of Ordinances, assessments on commercial or residential real property within the Enterprise Zone which is improved are eligible to be fixed for a period of seven (7) years from the time of such improvement and shall defer any increase in assessment attributable to such improvements based on the schedule noted above.

Bioscience Zone

The Bioscience Zone is located in downtown areas and the southeastern portion of Bristol. Businesses engaged in bioscience development or production including the study of genes, cells, tissues, and chemical and physical structures of living organisms will be able to benefit from the same incentives available to businesses located in the State of Connecticut Enterprise Zone Program.

Urban Jobs Program

The Urban Jobs Tax Abatement Program is designated for manufacturers moving to or expanding in Bristol. In addition, warehouse/distribution firms engaging in new construction are also eligible. The program has the same eligibility requirements and benefits as the State Sponsored Enterprise Zone Track, with the exception that the property in question does not need to be located within the City/State-designated Enterprise Zone.

Opportunity Zone Program

The City successfully applied for federal “Opportunity Zone” designation for Census tract 4061, which encompasses the majority of downtown Bristol. Opportunity Zones are a creation of the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 to encourage long-term investments in low-income communities. The program provides a federal tax incentive for investors to re-invest unrealized capital gains into Opportunity Zones. Each governor may designate up to 25% of the qualified Census tracts in the state as Opportunity Zones. Qualified Census tracts are those that have a poverty rate of at least 20% or a median income that does not exceed 80% of the area median income.

Comparative Assessed Valuation

Grand List as of 10/1	Commercial/		All Land	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Gross Taxable Grand List	Less Exemptions	Net Taxable Grand List	Percent Change
	Residential Real Property	Industrial Real Property							
2022 ^{1,2}	63.0	15.0	0.5	11.5	10.0	\$ 5,699,862,187	\$ 263,360,822	\$ 5,436,501,365	28.20%
2021	56.8	16.7	0.5	14.0	12.0	4,505,777,309	265,164,378	4,240,612,931	4.03%
2020	54.6	21.0	0.6	14.0	9.8	4,364,588,167	288,223,993	4,076,364,174	1.87%
2019	55.4	21.0	0.6	13.7	9.3	4,288,754,003	287,085,596	4,001,668,407	1.36%
2018	56.0	21.0	0.6	13.2	9.2	4,222,404,205	274,505,156	3,947,899,049	0.77%
2017 ²	56.1	21.0	0.6	13.1	9.1	4,206,276,093	288,658,108	3,917,617,985	0.16%
2016	56.3	20.4	0.8	13.4	9.2	4,204,366,433	292,906,704	3,911,459,729	1.72%
2015	57.1	20.5	0.8	12.6	9.0	4,134,126,831	288,994,455	3,845,132,376	0.60%
2014	56.8	20.5	0.8	12.8	9.0	4,134,114,218	312,023,752	3,822,090,466	-0.36%
2013	57.7	20.8	0.8	11.6	9.1	4,067,924,600	232,210,578	3,835,714,022	1.56%

¹ Before Board of Assessment Appeals.

² Revaluation.

Source: City of Bristol, City Assessor. The numbers listed above are before Board of Assessment Appeals action.

Exempt Property Assessed Value

The following categories of exempt properties are not included in the Grand List:

	Assessed Value
Public	
State of Connecticut	\$ 9,200,180
City of Bristol	289,797,160
United States of America	6,384,980
Sub-Total Public	\$ 305,382,320
Private	
Recreation Facilities	\$ 2,587,760
Churches	46,233,620
Hospitals and Sanitariums	62,511,610
Veterans' Organizations	909,300
Scientific, Educational, Historical and Charitable	24,980,570
Cemeteries	2,651,880
Sub-Total Private	\$ 139,874,740
Total Tax Exempt Property	\$ 445,257,060
Percent Compared to Net Taxable Grand List ¹	8.19%

¹ Based on a Net Taxable Grand List as of October 1, 2022 of \$5,436,501,365.

Source: City of Bristol, Assessor.

Ten Largest Taxpayers

Name	Nature of Business	Taxable Valuation	Percent of Net Taxable Grand List ¹
ESPN (Entertainment & Sports TV) ²	Broadcasting Facility Headquarters	\$ 242,888,980	4.47%
Eversource	Utility	91,850,090	1.69%
Disney Streaming Tech LLC	Office Complex	57,560,420	1.06%
Bristol Center LLC	Manufacturing/Warehouse facility	52,585,330	0.97%
Covanta.....	Trash to Energy facility	37,627,400	0.69%
Yankee Gas Service Company	Utility	32,263,750	0.59%
D'Amato Construction/Affiliated LLCs ...	Real Estate owner/developer	30,406,058	0.56%
Carpenter Realty Company	Real Estate owner/developer	23,295,446	0.43%
Bristol Sports Center DST.....	Office Complex	23,149,560	0.43%
Federal Realty Investment Trust	Shopping Plaza	23,133,790	0.43%
Total.....		\$ 614,760,824	11.32%

¹ Based on a Net Taxable Grand List as of October 1, 2022 of \$5,436,501,365.

² The Walt Disney Company owns 80% and the Hearst Corporation owns 20% of ESPN, Inc. The Walt Disney Company is traded on the New York Stock Exchange and the Hearst Corporation is privately-held.

Source: City of Bristol, Assessor.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Grand List of 10/1	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	Net Taxable Grand List	Mill Rate	Adjusted Annual Levy	Percent Collected at End of Fiscal Year	Uncollected	
						Percent of Annual Levy Uncollected at End of Fiscal Year	Percent of Annual Levy Uncollected as of 6/30/2022
2021	2023 ²	\$ 4,240,612,931	38.35	\$ 161,106,189	IN COLLECTION		
2020	2022	4,076,364,174	38.35	158,356,373	99.54	0.46	0.46
2019	2021	4,001,668,407	38.35	154,661,973	98.35	1.65	0.19
2018	2020	3,947,899,049	38.05	145,630,169 ⁴	98.18	1.82	0.09
2017 ¹	2019	3,917,617,985	36.88	140,625,450	98.42	1.58	0.04
2016	2018	3,525,167,050	36.03	126,652,686	98.63	1.37	0.05
2016 (MV) ³	2018	379,623,698	32.00	11,968,704	94.09	5.91	0.08
2015	2017	3,845,132,376	36.03	140,557,058	98.92	1.18	0.05
2014	2016	3,822,090,466	34.61	135,392,014	98.68	1.32	0.05
2013	2015	3,835,714,022	34.61	134,241,698	98.47	1.53	0.08
2012 ¹	2014	3,776,849,263	33.50	127,846,858	98.36	1.54	0.04

¹ Revaluation.

² Subject to audit.

³ State legislation at the time of budget adoption capped the motor vehicle mill rate at 32.46 mills.

⁴ Excludes the motor vehicle supplement billed on January 1, 2020.

Source: City of Bristol, Tax Collector.

**Property Taxes Receivable
Last Five Fiscal Years
(In Thousands)**

As of June 30	Total Uncollected Taxes	Current Year Levy
2022	\$ 1,884	\$ 728
2021	2,583	1,254
2020	2,147	1,070
2019	3,483	2,027
2018	3,496	1,953
2017	3,454	1,998
2016	4,155	2,541
2015	3,592	2,397
2014	3,462	2,242
2013	2,762	1,691

Source: City of Bristol, Tax Collector.

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V. Debt Summary

Long-Term Debt

As of April 4, 2023

Principal Only
(Pro-Forma)

Date	Purpose	Rate %	Amount of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding	Date of Fiscal Year Maturity
05/28/04	Clean Water PLO (562-C)	2.00	\$ 693,527	\$ 31,019	2023
04/20/06	Clean Water PLO (464-C)	2.00	470,225	85,578	2026
06/27/14	Water PLO	2.00	501,000	293,282	2033
07/31/15	Clean Water PLO (622-C).....	2.00	631,833	402,610	2035
09/30/15	Water PLO	2.00	344,155	222,010	2035
11/17/15	General Purpose Refunding	3.00-5.00	4,126,000	1,020,000	2025
11/17/15	Schools Refunding	3.00-5.00	2,991,000	50,000	2025
05/30/17	General Purpose	2.00-5.00	17,739,000	13,555,000	2035
05/30/17	Schools	2.00-5.00	3,391,000	2,595,000	2035
11/09/17	General Purpose Refunding	3.00-5.00	5,437,000	3,593,000	2031
11/09/17	Schools Refunding	3.00-5.00	16,094,000	10,641,000	2031
11/09/17	Sewer Refunding	3.00-5.00	3,401,000	2,253,000	2031
11/09/17	Water Refunding	3.00-5.00	503,000	333,000	2031
08/30/18	Clean Water PLO (640-DC).....	2.00	7,530,046	6,087,319	2039
10/25/18	General Purpose	2.50-5.00	18,094,096	15,134,000	2039
10/25/18	Schools	2.50-5.00	4,280,904	3,570,000	2039
10/25/18	Sewer	2.50-5.00	125,000	106,000	2039
10/25/18	General Purpose	3.65-4.05	7,900,000	6,625,000	2039
07/31/19	Water PLO	2.00	497,096	407,255	2039
11/12/19	General Purpose	2.125-5.00	5,375,000	4,950,000	2040
11/12/19	Schools	2.125-5.00	19,625,000	18,070,000	2040
03/30/22	General Purpose	2.60-5.00	14,295,000	14,295,000	2042
03/30/22	Schools	2.60-5.00	11,205,000	11,205,000	2042
Total Outstanding Long-Term Debt.....			\$ 145,249,882	\$ 115,524,073	
<u>This Issue:</u>					
04/04/23	General Purpose	4.00-5.50	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 30,000,000	2043
Total This Issue.....			\$ 30,000,000	\$ 30,000,000	
Grand Total.....			\$ 175,249,882	\$ 145,524,073	

¹ The City has a Memorandum of Agreement and Understanding regarding the financing commitment of the Water Department to ensure the self-funding of the Water Department's debt.

Note: The City's debt service for general obligation sewer bonds is paid completely from the General Fund.

**Short-Term Debt
As of April 4, 2023**

The City does not have outstanding short-term debt as of April 4, 2023.

**General Fund
Bonded Debt Maturity Schedule ¹
As of April 4, 2023
(Pro-Forma)**

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Pro-forma: This Issue		Cumulative Principal Retired
				General Purpose	Total	
2023 ²	\$ 1,389,124	\$ 746,940	\$ 2,136,064	\$ -	\$ -	1.0%
2024	8,270,789	3,794,790	12,065,579	-	-	6.7%
2025	8,435,542	3,410,648	11,846,191	1,100,000	1,100,000	13.3%
2026	7,975,576	3,085,629	11,061,205	1,500,000	1,500,000	19.9%
2027	7,982,068	2,777,195	10,759,263	1,500,000	1,500,000	26.4%
2028	7,995,020	2,480,690	10,475,710	1,500,000	1,500,000	33.0%
2029	7,998,137	2,189,794	10,187,931	1,500,000	1,500,000	39.6%
2030	8,056,415	1,895,344	9,951,760	1,600,000	1,600,000	46.3%
2031	8,059,860	1,606,358	9,666,218	1,600,000	1,600,000	53.0%
2032	5,990,474	1,383,381	7,373,855	1,600,000	1,600,000	58.3%
2033	5,999,266	1,198,402	7,197,668	1,600,000	1,600,000	63.5%
2034	6,013,233	1,029,326	7,042,560	1,650,000	1,650,000	68.8%
2035	6,006,496	856,840	6,863,335	1,650,000	1,650,000	74.1%
2036	4,753,042	681,708	5,434,750	1,650,000	1,650,000	78.6%
2037	4,761,785	540,594	5,302,379	1,650,000	1,650,000	83.0%
2038	4,770,702	397,667	5,168,369	1,650,000	1,650,000	87.5%
2039	4,395,996	254,424	4,650,420	1,650,000	1,650,000	91.7%
2040	2,725,000	144,733	2,869,733	1,650,000	1,650,000	94.7%
2041	1,345,000	84,063	1,429,063	1,650,000	1,650,000	96.8%
2042	1,345,000	42,368	1,387,368	1,650,000	1,650,000	98.9%
2043	-	-	-	1,650,000	1,650,000	100.0%
Total.....	\$ 114,268,525	\$ 28,600,895	\$ 142,869,420	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 30,000,000	

¹ Includes debt service related to Clean Water Fund Loans from the State of Connecticut outstanding as of April 4, 2023 but excludes self-supporting water debt.

² Excludes \$6,661,899 of principal and \$3,350,936 of interest paid between July 1, 2022 and April 4, 2023.

Note: The City's debt service for general obligation sewer bonds is paid for from sewer user fees.

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Self-Supporting Water Debt Maturity Schedule
As of April 4, 2023
(Pro-Forma)

Fiscal				Cumulative
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Retired
2023 ¹	\$ 20,766	\$ 6,215	\$ 26,981	1.7%
2024	103,268	31,022	134,289	9.9%
2025	105,546	27,739	133,285	18.3%
2026	107,850	24,358	132,209	26.9%
2027	109,181	21,137	130,317	35.6%
2028	110,538	18,083	128,621	44.4%
2029	111,923	15,031	126,955	53.3%
2030	113,336	11,937	125,273	62.3%
2031	114,778	8,814	123,592	71.5%
2032	74,248	6,496	80,744	77.4%
2033	75,749	5,001	80,749	83.4%
2034	62,143	3,532	65,675	88.4%
2035	42,926	2,500	45,426	91.8%
2036	28,087	1,814	29,901	94.0%
2037	28,654	1,245	29,899	96.3%
2038	29,232	665	29,897	98.6%
2039	17,324	116	17,439	100.0%
Total.....	\$ 1,255,547	\$ 185,705	\$ 1,441,252	

¹ Excludes \$286,249 of principal and \$31,843 of interest paid between July 1, 2022 and April 4, 2023.

Overlapping/Underlying Debt

The City of Bristol has neither overlapping nor underlying debt.

THE CITY OF BRISTOL HAS NEVER DEFAULTED IN THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST ON ITS BONDS OR NOTES.

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Debt Statement
As of April 4, 2023
Principal Only
(Pro Forma)

Long-Term Debt Outstanding:

General Purpose (Including This Issue).....	\$ 89,172,000
Schools	46,131,000
Sewers.....	8,965,525
Water	1,255,547
Total Long-Term Debt.....	145,524,073
Short-Term Debt.....	-
Total Direct Debt.....	145,524,073
Less: Self Supporting Water Debt ¹	(1,255,547)
Total Net Direct Debt.....	144,268,525
Plus: Overlapping/Underlying Debt	-
Total Overall Net Debt.....	\$ 144,268,525

¹ The City has a Memorandum of Agreement and Understanding regarding the financing commitment of the Water Department to ensure the self-funding of the Water Department's debt.

Current Debt Ratios
As of April 4, 2023
(Pro Forma)

Population (2021)	60,733
Net Taxable Grand List (10/1/21)	\$ 5,436,501,365
Estimated Full Value (70%).....	\$ 7,766,430,521
Equalized Grand List (10/1/20) ²	\$ 6,909,893,694
Income per Capita (2021) ¹	\$ 38,362

	Total Direct Debt	Total Net Direct Debt	Total Overall Net Debt
	\$145,524,073	\$144,268,525	\$144,268,525
Per Capita.....	\$ 2,396.13	\$ 2,375.46	\$ 2,375.46
Ratio to Net Taxable Grand List.....	2.68%	2.65%	2.65%
Ratio to Estimated Full Value.....	1.87%	1.86%	1.86%
Ratio to Equalized Grand List.....	2.11%	2.09%	2.09%
Debt per Capita to Income per Capita (2021).....	6.25%	6.19%	6.19%

¹ U.S. Bureau of Census, American Community Survey (2017-2021).

² Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut.

Bond Authorization Procedure

Authorization to incur indebtedness through the issuance of bonds or notes must be approved by the Board of Finance which has the sole power by Charter to determine the necessity for and manner of issuing bonds by the City of Bristol. Special appropriations which are financed by bond issues must be approved by the Board of Finance and the Joint Board. Refunding bonds are authorized by resolution of City Council.

Temporary Financing

When general obligation bonds have been authorized, bond anticipation notes may be issued maturing in not more than two years (CGS Sec. 7-378). Temporary notes may be renewed up to ten years from their original date of issue as long as all project grant payments are applied toward payment of temporary notes when they become due and payable and the legislative body schedules principal reductions by the end of the third year and for all subsequent years during which such temporary notes remain outstanding in an amount equal to a minimum of 1/20th (1/30th for sewer projects and certain school projects) of the estimated net project cost (CGS Sec. 7-378a). The term of the bond issue is reduced by the amount of time temporary financing exceeds two years, or, for sewer projects, by the amount of time temporary financing has been outstanding.

Temporary notes must be permanently funded no later than ten years from the initial borrowing date except for sewer notes issued in anticipation of State and/or Federal grants. If a written commitment exists, the municipality may renew the notes from time to time in terms not to exceed six months until such time that the final grant payments are received (CGS Sec. 7-378b).

Temporary notes may also be issued for up to fifteen years for certain capital projects associated with the operation of a waterworks system (CGS Sec. 7-244a) or a sewage system (CGS Sec. 7-264a). In the first year following the completion of the project(s), or in the sixth year (whichever is sooner), and in each year thereafter, the notes must be reduced by at least 1/15 of the total amount of the notes issued by funds derived from certain sources of payment.

Temporary notes may be issued in one year maturities for up to fifteen years in anticipation of sewer assessments receivable, such notes to be reduced annually by the amount of assessments received during the preceding year (CGS Sec. 7-269a).

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Statement of Debt Limitation
As of April 4, 2023
(Pro Forma)

Total Tax Collections (including interest and lien fees) for the year ended June 30, 2022	\$ 155,478,000
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on Tax Relief for Elderly-Freeze	-
Base	<u>\$ 155,478,000</u>

	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Unfunded Pension
Debt Limitation:					
2 1/4 times base.....	\$ 349,825,500	-	-	-	-
4 1/2 times base.....	-	\$ 699,651,000	-	-	-
3 3/4 times base.....	-	-	\$ 583,042,500	-	-
3 1/4 times base.....	-	-	-	\$ 505,303,500	-
3 times base.....	-	-	-	-	\$ 466,434,000
Total Debt Limitation	<u>349,825,500</u>	<u>699,651,000</u>	<u>583,042,500</u>	<u>505,303,500</u>	<u>466,434,000</u>
Indebtedness:					
Outstanding Debt: ¹					
Bonds Payable.....	59,172,000	46,131,000	8,965,525	-	-
Bonds of This Issue.....	30,000,000	-	-	-	-
Notes	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds Authorized But Unissued.....	29,034,818	118,635,318 ²	743,167	-	-
Total Indebtedness	<u>118,206,818</u>	<u>164,766,318</u>	<u>9,708,692</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Less School Construction Grants	-	-	-	-	-
Total Net Indebtedness For Debt					
Limitation Calculation	<u>118,206,818</u>	<u>164,766,318</u>	<u>9,708,692</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
DEBT LIMITATION IN EXCESS					
OF INDEBTEDNESS	<u>\$ 231,618,682</u>	<u>\$ 534,884,682</u>	<u>\$ 573,333,808</u>	<u>\$ 505,303,500</u>	<u>\$ 466,434,000</u>

¹ Because water debt is excludable from the calculation of debt limitation as allowed by Connecticut General Statutes, excluded from above is \$1,255,547 of water bonds outstanding.

² Amount authorized but unissued for school projects has been reduced by grants received from the State of Connecticut, but not by additional grants expected to be received. For school projects authorized by the General Assembly after July 1, 1996, a bond authorization is required for the portion of the project that is eligible for state grants.

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$1,088,346,000.

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**Authorized but Unissued Debt
As of April 4, 2023
(Pro Forma)**

Project	Authorized Amount	Debt Previously Issued	The Bonds	Grants Received or Other Funds to Reduce Bond Authorization ¹	Net Authorized but Unissued
894 Middle Street Remediation Project.....	\$ 2,849,000	\$ 550,000	\$ -	\$ 2,266,073	\$ 32,927
Apparatus Replacements.....	748,000	-	-	-	748,000
Broad Street Pump Force Main.....	1,500,000	756,833	-	-	743,167
Broad Street Retaining Wall.....	1,880,000	-	-	-	1,880,000
Centre Square Infrastructure Project.....	4,000,000	3,950,298	-	-	49,702
Chippens Hill Roof.....	2,909,560	1,650,000	-	759,764	499,796
City Hall Office Building Program.....	33,450,000	3,900,800	28,000,000	-	1,549,200
City Hall Unit Heater/AC Perimeter Replacement.....	675,000	-	-	-	675,000
City Wide Fiber Network.....	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Communications Upgrade.....	1,450,000	-	1,450,000	-	-
Downs Street Bridge.....	320,000	275,000	-	-	45,000
DPW V.P. Kelly Facility Renovations Phase II.....	350,000	330,000	-	-	20,000
Edgewood School Roof Replacement.....	1,306,350	-	-	-	1,306,350
EG Stocks Playground and Splash Park Upgrade.....	1,025,000	-	-	-	1,025,000
Field Street Culverts.....	430,000	-	-	-	430,000
Fire Station 3 Renovation/Relocation.....	7,050,000	-	550,000	-	6,500,000
Greene Hills School HVAC Corrective Plan.....	7,375,000	-	-	-	7,375,000
Jerome Avenue Bridge Replacement.....	3,168,000	-	-	-	3,168,000
Lake Avenue Bridge Replacement.....	540,000	-	-	-	540,000
Landfill Erosion Repairs.....	745,000	-	-	-	745,000
Louisiana Bridge.....	1,800,000	360,000	-	1,347,981	92,019
Main Library LED Lighting Conversion.....	333,970	160,000	-	-	173,970
Mall Demolition/Abatement.....	6,275,000	3,085,000	-	3,080,000	110,000
Mellon Street Bridge Replacement.....	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
Memorial Blvd. Intradistrict Arts Magnet School.....	63,000,000	25,227,840	-	19,235,463	18,536,697
Memorial Boulevard Retaining Wall.....	1,530,000	330,000	-	-	1,200,000
Memorial Bridge.....	4,100,000	2,100,000	-	1,961,000	39,000
Muzzy Field Restorations.....	950,000	940,000	-	-	10,000
NEMS Gym Floor.....	244,000	240,000	-	-	4,000
North Main Street Streetscape.....	790,000	-	-	-	790,000
Northeast Middle School - Ceiling Tiles.....	514,810	511,000	-	-	3,810
Northeast Middle School Renovations.....	89,068,965	-	-	-	89,068,965
Page Park Pavilion Renovation Phase 2.....	600,000	-	-	-	600,000
Page Park Revitalization.....	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Park Street Streetscape Improvements.....	200,000	-	-	-	200,000
Riverside Avenue Streetscape Improvements.....	380,000	-	-	-	380,000
Route 72 Corridor Improvements.....	55,000	-	-	-	55,000
Shrub Road Sidewalks.....	80,000	-	-	-	80,000
Southside School HVAC Upgrade.....	3,872,160	3,597,160	-	-	275,000
Stafford School Roof.....	2,514,275	630,000	-	1,343,575	540,700
Stevens Street Bridge- Richard Court Berm.....	550,000	498,000	-	-	52,000
Technology Replacements.....	2,554,000	1,254,000	-	-	1,300,000
Technology/Network replacement upgrade - BOE.....	445,835	445,835	-	-	-
Wolcott Street Reconstruction.....	130,000	-	-	-	130,000
Woodland Street Sidewalks.....	340,000	-	-	-	340,000
Total.....	\$ 259,198,925	\$ 50,791,766	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 29,993,856	\$ 148,413,303

¹ This column contains actual grants received, except where noted. It does not include estimates for grants to be received.

² The City expects to receive approximately \$37 million in school construction grants from the State of Connecticut for this project.

³ The City expects to receive approximately \$47.8 million in school construction grants from the State of Connecticut for this project.

Principal Amount of Outstanding Debt ¹
Last Five Fiscal Years

General Obligation

Bonds Payable From:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
General Fund ²	\$ 120,930,422	\$ 104,462,072	\$ 112,491,733	\$ 95,056,112	\$ 71,469,432
Water Enterprise Fund ³	1,541,739	1,881,520	2,219,107	2,559,519	2,357,678
Sub-Total Bonds	122,472,161	106,343,592	114,710,840	97,615,631	73,827,110
Short-Term Debt					
Bond Anticipation Notes	-	-	-	-	15,800,000
Sub-Total Notes	-	-	-	-	15,800,000
Grand Total	\$ 122,472,161	\$ 106,343,592	\$ 114,710,840	\$ 97,615,631	\$ 89,627,110

¹ Amounts rounded.

² Includes Clean Water Fund Loans.

³ The City has a memorandum of agreement and understanding regarding the financing commitment by the Water Department to ensure the self-funding of the Water Department's debt.

Ratio of Net Long-Term Debt to Valuation, Population and Income

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30	Net Assessed Value (000s)	Estimated Full Value (000s)	Net Long-Term Debt ¹	Ratio of Net Long-Term Debt to Assessed Value	Ratio of Net Long-Term Debt to Estimated Full Value	Population ²	Net Long-Term Debt per Capita	Ratio of Net Long-Term Debt per Capita to Income ³
2022	\$ 4,076,364	\$ 5,823,377	\$ 120,930	2.97%	2.08%	60,833	\$ 1,987.91	5.18%
2021	4,001,668	5,716,669	104,462	2.61%	1.83%	60,833	1,717.19	4.48%
2020	3,947,899	5,639,856	112,492	2.85%	1.99%	60,833	1,849.19	4.82%
2019	3,917,618	5,596,597	95,056	2.43%	1.70%	60,833	1,562.57	4.07%
2018	3,911,460	5,587,800	71,469	1.83%	1.28%	60,833	1,174.85	3.06%

¹ Exclusive of water debt and school building grants receivable.

² U.S. Bureau of Census, American Community Survey (2017-2021)

³ Income per Capita: \$36,351. U.S. Bureau of Census, American Community Survey (2017-2021).

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Total Long-Term Debt to General Fund Expenditures (GAAP Basis)
(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service ¹	Total General Fund Expenditures ²	Ratio of General Fund Debt Service To Total General Fund Expenditures
2023 ³	\$ 7,575	\$ 3,964	\$ 11,539	\$ 233,183	4.95%
2022	8,521	3,400	11,921	239,082	4.99%
2021	7,357	3,770	11,127	231,055	4.82%
2020	6,931	3,584	10,515	231,448	4.54%
2019	6,192	3,276	9,468	214,666	4.41%
2018	6,340	2,334	8,674	228,160	3.80%
2017	6,177	2,310	8,487	218,469	3.88%
2016	6,186	2,440	8,626	202,953	4.25%
2015	6,177	2,170	8,347	206,972	4.03%
2014	6,275	2,685	8,960	199,599	4.49%

¹ Excludes the Water Department's debt accounted for in the Enterprise Fund.

² Includes General Fund Expenditures and Transfers-Out.

³ Budget Basis. State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions for teachers' pensions was included in the expenditure number for comparability to audited years.

Source: City of Bristol, Audit Reports 2014-2022. 2023 from Finance Department.

VI. Financial Administration

Audit

The City of Bristol, pursuant to local ordinance and provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes (Chapter 111), is required to undergo an annual audit by an independent public accountant. The auditor, appointed by the Board of Finance, is required to conduct the audit under the guidelines outlined by the Office of Policy and Management, which also receives a copy of the audit report. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the financial statements of the various funds of the City were audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP of West Hartford, Connecticut.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (“GFOA”) presents a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Award to those applicants who conform to the program's requirements. The award is valid for one year only.

In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, the contents of which conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The City has not only received the Certificate of Conformance (previous name of award before 1986) for past financial reports, but the City also has received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its annual financial report for the last thirty-fifth consecutive years including the June 30, 2021 report.

The City feels confident that it meets the program requirements for the award and will continue to participate in the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program.

Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation

The GFOA presented the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, which is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting, to the City of Bristol for the twenty-third consecutive year for its annual budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This award reflects the commitment of the governing body and its staff towards meeting the highest principles of governmental budgeting.

The City feels confident that it meets the program requirements for this award, and will continue to participate in the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award Program.

Budget Procedure

The Board of Finance is the budget making authority for the City. The Board annually adopts a budget calendar outlining the budget process timetable which is summarized below:

January	All City Agencies, Boards, Commissions and Departments submit their estimates for revenues and expenditures.
Middle February to Early April.....	Board of Finance holds hearings and budget workshops.
15 Days Prior to 3 rd Monday in May or 1 st Friday in June, whichever is applicable	Board of Finance must adopt a budget and deliver to Council.
Seven Days Prior to 3 rd Monday in May	Publish the budget in a newspaper.
3 rd Monday in May or 1 st Friday in June, as applicable	Board of Finance and City Council meet on budget (they may modify only) and adopt tax rate.

The Charter requires that the adopted budget have a balanced relationship between revenues and expenditures as well as the inclusion of pension contributions and debt service requirements. Once adopted, transfers may be authorized by the Board of Finance and, if in excess of \$5,000, transfers must also be approved at a Joint Meeting of the City Council and the Board of Finance. Additional appropriations require Board of Finance and City Council approval. The only exception to the above involves appropriations from the Reserve Fund for Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditures under the provisions of Chapter 108 of the Connecticut General Statutes. Appropriations are made based on the recommendation of the Board of Finance and approval by the City's legislative body, the City Council.

Connecticut General Statutes Section 4-661 creates a cap on adopted general budget expenditures for municipalities in Connecticut in order for municipalities to be eligible to receive the full amount of the State's municipal revenue sharing grant. Beginning in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Office of Policy and Management ("OPM") must reduce the municipal revenue sharing grant amount for those municipalities whose adopted general fund budgeted expenditures (with certain exceptions including but not limited to debt service, special education, implementation of court orders or arbitration awards, budgeting for an audited deficit, nonrecurring grants, capital expenditures of \$100,000 or more, or payments on unfunded pension liabilities, and certain major disaster or emergency expenditures) exceeds the spending limits specified in the statute. For each applicable fiscal year, OPM must determine the municipality's percentage growth in general budget expenditures over the prior fiscal year and reduce the grant if the growth rate is equal to or greater than 2.5% or the inflation rate, whichever is greater, each of those amounts adjusted by an amount proportionate to any increase in the municipality's population from the previous fiscal year. The reduction is generally equal to 50 cents for every dollar the municipality spends over this cap. Each municipality must annually certify to the Secretary of the OPM whether such municipality has exceeded the cap set forth in the statute and if so the amount by which the cap was exceeded. The 2022-2023 biennium budget legislation does not provide funding for the municipal revenue sharing grant in fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023. For fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2022 the City's budget has not exceeded the municipal spending cap.

Five-Year Capital Improvement Program Summary

Proposed Projects	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-2028	Total
Board of Education	\$ 19,758,800	\$ 62,950,000	\$ 49,951,700	\$ 6,800,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 142,460,500
Fire Department	1,000,000	-	2,200,000	-	-	3,200,000
General Government	340,000	-	-	-	-	340,000
Parks & Recreation	5,150,000	3,750,000	2,725,000	1,150,000	400,000	13,175,000
Public Works	15,985,000	9,090,000	8,995,000	11,380,000	8,700,000	54,150,000
Water Pollution Control.....	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
Total	\$ 43,733,800	\$ 75,790,000	\$ 63,871,700	\$ 19,330,000	\$ 12,100,000	\$ 214,825,500
Funding Sources						
General Fund Cash.....	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State & Federal Aid	17,548,800	48,660,000	33,870,000	14,120,000	7,450,000	121,648,800
WPC CNR Fund.....	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
Other Funds.....	450,000	-	-	-	-	450,000
Bonds	24,235,000	27,130,000	30,001,700	5,210,000	4,650,000	91,226,700
Total	\$ 43,733,800	\$ 75,790,000	\$ 63,871,700	\$ 19,330,000	\$ 12,100,000	\$ 214,825,500

Note: The 2024-2028 years are proposed projects by Departments, not approved by the CIP Committee, Board of Finance or City Council.

Insurance & Risk Management

Through an appointed committee of the Board of Finance the Insurance Committee oversees all city wide insurance that includes property and liability, workers' compensation and medical. The City uses the services of consultants and qualified brokers to procure these insurances for the City and Board of Education.

Since July 2003 the City has been self-insured for Workers' Compensation claims. The program is administered by FutureComp, a third party claims administrator.

In September 1988, the decision was made to self-insure the City's Medical and Dental Benefits. The City uses an internal service fund to account for the medical claims and administration of its benefit programs. The City uses Cigna for medical and prescription and Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield for dental. Lockton Companies provides the City of Bristol and Board of Education with employee health and benefits insurance consulting services. As of June 30, 2022, the City's Internal Service Fund for health and workers' compensation had in excess of \$17 million which was all available for future claims. Effective with the FY2019-2020 budget the City purchased stop loss coverage to cover claims in excess of \$1 million for health as well as a \$750,000 stop loss for workers' compensation claims.

The City has not had any problems in securing or meeting its insurance needs.

Investment Practices for Operating Funds

The City's operating and working capital funds are invested at the direction of the City Treasurer in the following short-term investments: (1) various certificates of deposit with Connecticut banks; (2) overnight repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. government agency obligations such as Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation which are valued daily; and (3) overnight U.S. Treasury obligations.

In addition, the City monitors the risk based capital ratios and collateral requirements of the qualified public depositories, as defined by the Connecticut General Statutes, Section 36-382, for which it places deposits or makes investments.

Eligible investments for Connecticut municipalities are governed by the Connecticut General Statutes, primarily Sections 7-400 and 7-402. Please refer to Note 15 in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022.

Investment Practices for Pension Plans

The City provides three pension plans which cover substantially all employees of the City. In 1969 the City adopted the Retirement Ordinance, pursuant to the City Charter, amended 1969. The pension plan provides retirement systems for Bristol's municipal employees, police and firefighters. It also empowers the General Retirement Board to oversee the management and administration of the funds. Teachers are covered under the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System.

The Retirement Ordinance establishes that decision-making authority regarding investments is entrusted to the General Retirement Board ("Board"), while the City Treasurer and Comptroller, as Custodian and Secretary respectively, carry out the directives of the General Retirement Board.

**City of Bristol General Retirement System-
Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a) (000s)	Actuarial Liability (AAL) (b) (000s)	Funded (Unfunded)		Covered Payroll (c) (000s)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
			AAL (UAAL) (a-b) (000s)	Percentage Funded (a/b)		
7/1/2013	\$ 562,862	\$ 351,183	\$ 211,679	160.3%	44,715	(473.4%)
7/1/2014	597,487	363,225	234,262	164.5%	45,357	(516.5%)
7/1/2015	608,722	373,446	235,276	163.0%	44,946	(523.5%)
7/1/2016	616,090	403,937	212,153	152.5%	48,453	(437.9%)
7/1/2017	627,928	420,994	206,934	149.2%	49,004	(422.3%)
7/1/2018	637,056	443,593	193,463	143.6%	51,164	(378.1%)
7/1/2019	652,163	469,965	182,198	138.8%	52,205	(349.0%)
7/1/2020	670,545	499,837	170,708	134.2%	53,661	(318.1%)
7/1/2021	712,137	552,446	159,691	128.9%	56,287	(283.7%)
7/1/2022	733,029	572,449	160,580	128.1%	59,114	(271.6%)

**City of Bristol General Retirement System
Schedule of Employer Contributions**

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution	Amount Contributed	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2014	\$ 604,612	\$ 227,500	37.6%
6/30/2015	507,245	127,325	25.1%
6/30/2016	352,543	44,000	12.5%
6/30/2017	756,393	1,064,936	140.8%
6/30/2018	2,617,369	2,617,369	100.0%
6/30/2019 ¹	-	-	n/a
6/30/2020 ¹	-	-	n/a
6/30/2021 ¹	-	-	n/a
6/30/2022 ¹	-	-	n/a
6/30/2023 ^{1,2}	-	-	n/a

¹ Effective FY 6/30/2019 the City consolidated the three separate Retirement Funds, City, Police and Fire, under one reporting and actuarial valuation umbrella to maximize the assets and overfunding of the Police and Fire plans with the slightly underfunded City plan which required a contribution.

² Subject to audit.

During the FY2018-2019 budget process the City was faced with a significant tax increase primarily as a result of a loss of state revenues realized from the prior budget year. Looking at various alternatives to mitigate the tax increase the City focused on the required pension contribution for the City Retirement fund. The City has three pension plans, City Employee Retirement Fund, Firefighter Retirement Fund and Police Retirement Fund. The City is very fortunate in that all funds are extremely well funded. At June 30, 2017 the funded ratios for each plan were: City 99.5%, Fire 268% and Police 164%. However, since the City plan had dipped below the 100% funded ratio a contribution was required. The pension funds had historically been combined for investment purposes with activity allocated among the three plans for reporting and actuarial purposes. Recognizing the benefits of consolidation, City officials evaluated the best options to combine the funds under one “umbrella” plan to mitigate the required contribution. Working with City officials, the Fire and Police unions, the City’s actuary and pension attorney the plans were combined for actuarial and reporting purposes effective July 1, 2018. The combined funded ratio for the pension plan at the time of consolidation was 149%. The consolidated financial information is as follows:

The consolidated financial information is as follows:

City of Bristol Retirement System	
Actuarial Liability.....	\$ 570,475,065
Actuarial Value of Assets.....	703,604,157
Unfunded Accrued Liability/(Surplus).....	\$ (133,129,092)
Past Service Cost.....	\$ (15,520,982)
City Normal Cost.....	12,078,794
Actuarially Determined	
Contribution for FY2022-23.....	\$ ¹ -

¹ The City has no required contribution for the fiscal year 2021/22 or 2022/2023

GASB 67 Disclosure – ALL PLANS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 (“GASB 67”) requires a determination of the Total Pension Liability (“TPL”) for a plan using the Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method. The Net Pension Liability (“NPL”) is then set equal to the TPL minus the plan’s Fiduciary Net Position (“FNP”) which, generally, is the market value of assets in the plan as of the measurement date. Among the assumptions needed for the liability calculation is a Single Equivalent Interest Rate (“SEIR”). To determine the SEIR, the FNP must be projected into the future for as long as there are anticipated benefits payable to the membership and beneficiaries of the system on the measurement date. If the FNP of the plan is not expected to be depleted at any point in the future, the plan may use its long-term expected rate of return as the SEIR. If, on the other hand, the FNP of the plan is expected to be depleted, then the SEIR is the single rate of interest that will generate a present value of benefits equal to the sum of (i) the present value of all benefits through the date of depletion at a discount rate equal to the long-term expected rate of return, plus (ii) the present value of benefits after the date of depletion discounted at a rate based on 20-year, tax-exempt, general obligation municipal bonds, with an average credit rating of AA/Aa or higher.

The report for the Plan as of June 30, 2022 used its long term investment rate of 6.5% as the SEIR since the results currently indicate that the FNP will not be depleted at any point in the future. The City recently reduced the long term rate of return to 6.5% for its July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation. GASB 67 also requires sensitivity calculations based on a SEIR 1% in excess and 1% less than the SEIR used, which would impact the NPL as follows:

Net pension liability (asset)	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
City of Bristol Retirement System.....	(67,316,672)	(133,129,092)	(186,382,280)

See Appendix A – “Audited Financial Statements, Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14” herein.

Education

Teachers and administrators, who belong to the retirement program provided by the State Teachers' Retirement Board, contribute 7.25% (6% + 1.25% health insurance). The State of Connecticut makes appropriations from the General Fund for its contributions to the Retirement Fund. The contributions are determined on an actuarial reserve basis. Neither the City nor the Board of Education is required to currently contribute to the Retirement Fund.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees in accordance with City Council resolutions and bargaining agreements. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid.

The City uses the actuarial firm Milliman to perform the actuarial analysis of its estimated liability for post-employment benefits. The following is a detailed analysis, as of the most recent valuation.

Net OPEB Obligations

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a) (000s)	Actuarial Liability (AAL) Accrued (b) (000s)	Funded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b) (000s)	Percentage Funded (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c) (000s)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
7/1/2014	\$ 4,440	\$ 60,733	\$ (56,293)	7.3%	\$ 96,521	58.3%
7/1/2016	6,128	70,897	(64,769)	8.6%	98,287	65.9%
7/1/2018	9,926	66,122	(56,196)	15.0%	98,287	57.2%
7/1/2020	14,091	80,355	(66,264)	17.5%	105,736	62.7%
7/1/2022	19,245	91,960	(72,715)	20.9%	118,077	61.6%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution.....	\$ 8,664,061	\$ 8,411,459	\$ 8,280,600	\$ 7,208,338	\$ 6,234,993
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution.....	7,858,513	7,818,237	8,127,555	7,917,323	5,801,097
Contribution Deficiency (Excess).....	805,548	593,222	153,045	(708,985)	433,896
Contributions as a Percentage of Actuarially Determined Contribution...	90.70%	92.95%	98.15%	109.84%	93.04%
Covered Payroll.....	\$ 105,287,835	\$ 105,287,835	\$ 105,705,084	\$ 105,156,160	\$ 98,287,369
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll.....	7.46%	7.43%	7.69%	7.53%	5.90%

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**Five Year Summary of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures (GAAP)
and Adopted Current Budget (Budgetary Basis)
(In Thousands)**

	Budget 2023¹	Actual 2022	Actual 2021	Actual 2020	Actual 2019	Actual 2018
Revenues:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 159,594	\$ 157,922	\$ 154,418	\$ 150,755	\$ 145,317	\$ 140,099
Interest and lien fees	810	1,102	1,059	865	961	898
Licenses and permits	1,616	2,713	2,820	2,059	1,978	1,984
Intergovernmental ²	46,871	68,988	68,763	72,627	62,257	78,648
Charges for Services	3,164	5,403	5,310	3,921	4,551	4,047
Investment Income (Loss)	277	(856)	289	1,410	1,502	939
Sale of property and equipment	75	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	2,776	188	148	68	310	378
Total Revenues	215,183	235,459	232,807	231,704	216,875	226,993
Expenditures:						
General government	\$ 6,775	\$ 8,349	\$ 8,046	6,408	6,305	6,219
Public safety	28,667	35,763	35,092	26,569	26,225	25,306
Public works ⁵	10,540	11,663	12,773	13,274	14,906	15,722
Health and Welfare	4,091	6,903	6,528	6,426	6,322	6,317
Libraries	2,478	2,944	2,956	2,306	2,167	2,190
Parks and Recreation	3,991	4,490	4,193	2,634	2,517	2,512
Education ²	124,328	149,182	142,045	119,334	109,878	125,251
Employee Benefits	3,156	-	-	4,407	3,925	4,470
Insurance ³	1,129	-	-	30,362	27,968	27,490
Miscellaneous	30,028	-	-	381	430	514
Capital Outlay	-	1,016	-	143	-	-
Debt Service ⁴	-	1,376	10,100	9,850	8,900	9,004
Total Expenditures	215,183	221,687	221,733	222,095	209,541	224,995
Operating Results	-	13,772	11,074	9,609	7,334	1,998
Other Financing Source (Uses):						
Operating transfers in & Other	-	1,667	18	46	-	18
Operating transfers (out)	-	(17,395)	(9,322)	(9,353)	(5,125)	(3,165)
Issuance of Capital Lease	-	1,016	-	143	-	-
Premium on Bonds	-	1,261	-	701	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	24,932
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	3,455
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	(28,213)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(13,451)	(9,304)	(8,463)	(5,125)	(2,973)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses.....						
	-	321	1,770	1,146	2,209	(975)
Fund Balance, July 1	43,247	42,926	41,156	40,010	37,800	38,775
Fund Balance, June 30	N/A	\$ 43,247	\$ 42,926	\$ 41,156	\$ 40,010	\$ 37,800

¹ Actual (GAAP) years include State Teachers' Retirement Contribution on behalf payment. Years shown on an estimated and budgetary basis do not.

² Insurance includes Property, Casualty, Worker's Compensation, Heart & Hypertension and medical for all City and Board of Education employees.

³ Effective with the June 30, 2021 audit, insurance is allocated among government functions for GAAP reporting.

⁴ Effective with the June 30, 2022 audit, debt service is included in Operating Transfers (Out) below.

⁵ Effective July 1, 2020, a Road Improvement Fund was established to account for expenditures for Road Improvements previously accounted for in the General Fund.

Analysis of General Fund Equity

	Adopted Budget 2023¹	Actual 2022	Actual 2021	Actual 2020	Actual 2019	Actual 2018
Nonspendable.....	N/A	\$ 14	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 5
Restricted.....	N/A	-	-	-	-	-
Committed.....	N/A	3,246	3,150	3,132	3,107	3,086
Assigned.....	N/A	10,478	8,432	7,968	7,337	6,368
Unassigned.....	N/A	29,509	31,342	30,056	29,562	28,342
Total Fund Balance	N/A	\$ 43,247	\$ 42,926	\$ 41,156	\$ 40,010	\$ 37,800

¹ Budgetary Basis. Subject to audit. No assurances can be given that subsequent projections and the final result of operations will not change.

Enterprise Fund

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Bristol Water Department. These operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to that of a private business enterprise, utilizing the accrual basis of accounting, where the intent is that all costs (including depreciation), related to the provision of goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance (In Thousands)

	Actual 2022	Actual 2021	Actual 2020	Actual 2019	Actual 2018
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 8,560	\$ 8,891	\$ 8,521	\$ 7,677	\$ 7,078
Miscellaneous	427	446	408	548	422
Total Operating Revenues	8,987	9,337	8,929	8,225	7,500
Operating Expenses:					
Source of supply	211	301	190	232	241
Pumping	257	292	416	314	254
Purification	1,512	1,168	1,133	990	947
Transmission and distribution	2,483	1,151	1,860	1,789	1,144
Customer accounts, administrative and general.....	3,145	3,029	3,220	2,446	2,430
Depreciation	1,158	1,162	1,135	1,136	1,062
Taxes other than income taxes	617	574	581	541	506
Loss on disposal	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	9,383	7,677	8,535	7,448	6,584
Operating Income (Loss)	(396)	1,660	394	777	916
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses):					
Interest income (loss)	5	6	71	(37)	307
Interest expense	(50)	(64)	(77)	(85)	(87)
Other, net	-	-	-	-	(4)
Loss on disposal	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization of debt discount and expense..	21	18	14	14	16
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(24)	(40)	9	(108)	232
Income (loss) before capital contribution and operating transfers	(420)	1,620	403	669	1,148
Capital Contribution	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Net Assets.....	(420)	1,620	403	669	1,148
Fund Balance, July 1	36,334	34,714	34,311	33,642	32,494 ¹
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 35,914	\$ 36,334	\$ 34,714	\$ 34,311	\$ 33,642

¹ As restated.

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**Bristol Water Department
Balance Sheet
June 30, 2022
(In Thousands)**

Assets and Other Debits

Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,022
Investments	-
Receivables, net	2,545
Inventories	-
Supplies	306
Other assets	2
Total Current Assets	<u>11,875</u>
Noncurrent Assets:	
Net Pension Asset	5,150
Capital assets:	
Assets not being depreciated.....	4,629
Assets being depreciated, net.....	17,030
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>26,809</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 38,684</u>

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred charge on refunding	16
Deferred outflows related to pension.....	4,487
Deferred outflows related to OPEB.....	411
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 4,915</u>

Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits

Current Liabilities:	
Accounts and contracts payable	398
Payroll liabilities	41
Customer deposits	40
Unearned revenues	-
Compensated absences	104
Bonds payable - current	245
Lease payable - current	12
Notes payable - current.....	62
Total Current Liabilities	<u>902</u>
Non-current Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	418
Bonds payable	373
Lease payable	33
Notes payable	902
Net OPEB Liability	3,989
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>5,714</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>6,616</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows related to Pension.....	59
Deferred inflows related to Lease.....	950
Deferred inflows related to OPEB.....	60
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 1,069</u>

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	20,049
Restricted for Pensions	5,150
Unrestricted	10,715
Total Net Position	<u>35,914</u>

VII. Legal and Other Information

Litigation

It is the opinion of the City's Corporation Counsel, Edward Krawiecki, that pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually, or in the aggregate, in final judgments against the City which would materially adversely affect its financial position.

Transcript and Closing Documents

The winning bidder will be furnished the following documents when the Bonds are delivered:

1. A Signature and No Litigation Certificate stating that at the time of delivery no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds or the levy or collection of taxes to pay them.
2. A certificate on behalf of the City, signed by the Mayor, Agent of the Board of Finance, and the Comptroller which will be dated the date of delivery, which will certify, to the best of said officials' knowledge and belief, that at the time the bids were awarded for the Bonds, the descriptions and statements in the Official Statement relating to the City and its finances were true and correct in all material respects and did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and that there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City from that set forth in or contemplated by the Official Statement.
3. A Receipt for the purchase price of the Bonds.
4. The approving opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut in substantially the form set out in Appendix B to this Official Statement.
5. An executed Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the Bonds in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix C to this Official Statement.
6. The City of Bristol has prepared an Official Statement for the Bonds which is dated March 22, 2023. The City deems such Official Statement final as of its date for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12 (b)(1), but it is subject to revision or amendment. The City will provide the winning bidder with a reasonable number of copies of the final Official Statement at the City's expense. The copies of the Official Statement will be made available to the winning bidder at the office of the City's Municipal Advisor no later than seven business days of the bid opening. If the City's Municipal Advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning bidder by noon of the day following the day bids on the Bonds are received, the copies of the final Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages indicating the interest rates, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriter, the name of the insurer, if any, and any changes on the Bonds. The winning bidder shall arrange with the Municipal Advisor the method of delivery of the copies of the Official Statement to the winning bidder.

A record of the proceedings taken by the City in authorizing the Bonds will be kept on file at offices of U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, and may be examined upon reasonable request.

Concluding Statement

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the City and the purchaser or holders of the Bonds. Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates are not intended to be representation of fact, and no representation is made that any of such opinion or estimate will be realized. No representation is made that past experience, as might be shown by financial or other information herein, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City since the date hereof. References to statutes, charters, or other laws herein may not be complete and such provisions of law are subject to repeal or amendment.

The following officials in their capacity as officers of the City, and in the name and on behalf of the City, do hereby certify in connection with this issue, that they have examined this Official Statement, and to the best of their knowledge and belief, the description and statements relating to the City and its finances are true and correct, as of the date of this Official Statement, in all material respects and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

This Official Statement has been duly prepared and delivered by the City, and executed for and on behalf of the City by the following officials:

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT

/s/ Jeffrey Caggiano

JEFFREY CAGGIANO, *Mayor*

/s/ John E. Smith

JOHN E. SMITH, *Chairman and Agent of the Board of Finance*

/s/ Diane M. Waldron

DIANE M. WALDRON, *Comptroller*

Dated: March 22, 2023

Appendix A

General Purpose Financial Statements (Excerpted from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report)

The following includes the General Purpose Financial Statements of the City of Bristol, Connecticut for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The supplemental data which was a part of that report has not been reproduced herein. A copy of the complete report is available upon request from Matthew Spoerndle, Senior Managing Director, Phoenix Advisors, LLC, 53 River Street, Suite #1, Milford, Connecticut. Telephone (203) 878-4945.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council and the Board of Finance
City of Bristol, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bristol, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Bristol, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bristol, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Bristol, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the City of Bristol, Connecticut adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Bristol, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Bristol, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Bristol, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB schedules, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2022 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bristol, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2022.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of City of Bristol, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon, dated February 25, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying financial statements for the General Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Funds, and Pension and OPEB Trust Funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 financial statements. The accompanying 2021 financial statements for the General Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Funds and Pension and OPEB Trust Funds have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the financial statements for the General Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Funds, and Pension and OPEB Trust Funds were fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Bristol, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Bristol, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Bristol, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut
December 21, 2022

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

This discussion and analysis of the City of Bristol, Connecticut's (the City) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter beginning on page iii and the City's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased \$22.3 million or 3.9%. Net position of business-type activities decreased by \$0.42 million, or 1.2%, and net position of governmental activities increased by \$22.7 million or 4.3%.
- During the year, revenues generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs and business activities exceeded expenses by \$22.3 million. The majority of the increase is attributable to the following increases. Approximately \$40.8 million, net of depreciation in Capital Outlay purchases; \$14.8 million in Grants receivable; and compensated absences of \$4.7 million. These are offset by reductions of a net \$26.2 million in bonds and bond premiums and a net decrease of \$7.8 million of Net Pension Assets and associated deferred inflows and outflows. The balance is a result of trade in loss on assets, lease activity and internal service fund net revenue for governmental activities.
- In the City's governmental activities, revenues decreased approximately \$10.9 million or 3.5% and expenses increased \$12.9 million or 4.9%. The decrease in revenues were primarily a result of decreases in operating grants and contributions that were related to COVID relief funds in the prior year. The increase in expenses is primarily attributable to the change in the net pension asset and the change in deferred inflows and outflows over the prior year.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues decreased \$0.35 million or 3.75% and expenses increased \$1.7 million or 21.9%. The decrease in revenues was primarily a result of decreased water sales revenues; and the increase in expenditures is a direct result of an increase in transmission and distribution costs.
- Total cost of all City programs was \$285 million with no new programs added this year. This represents a \$14.6 million or 5.4% increase compared to fiscal year 2021.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$29.5 million, or 12.3% of general fund budgetary expenditures and transfers out including the State Teachers retirement and OPEB on behalf payments.
- The tax collection rate was 99.5% on the current levy which compares to 99.2% in the prior year.
- The City of Bristol's total bonded indebtedness including Enterprise fund debt increased \$16.7 million representing a 17.1% increase. This is net after current year annual debt service payments of \$8.8 million and a March 2022 \$25.5 million bond issue. This financing was for various capital improvement projects that included improvements to Memorial Boulevard Intradistrict Magnet School, renovations to City Hall, a land purchase, park improvements and firehouse renovations.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibit III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins on Exhibit I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities divides the City into three types of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, health and welfare, libraries, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities – The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Water Department operations are reported here.

Component Units – The City includes one separate legal entity in its report; the Bristol-Burlington Health District. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the City is financially accountable for it.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the City Council established many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for grants, and other funds restricted for specific purposes. The City's funds are divided into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

Governmental Funds (Exhibit III and IV) – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds (Exhibit V through VII) – When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The City's enterprise fund (a component of proprietary funds) is the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for the proprietary funds. Internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities - such as the City's Health Benefit and Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund.

Fiduciary Funds (Exhibit VIII and IX) – The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other post-employment benefit assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's combined net position increased from a year ago from \$567 million to \$589 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

TABLE 1
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 305,539,309	\$ 443,353,540	\$ 17,025,521	\$ 23,473,393	\$ 322,564,830	\$ 466,826,933
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	423,938,124	380,991,445	21,658,795	22,167,283	445,596,919	403,158,728
Total Assets	<u>729,477,433</u>	<u>824,344,985</u>	<u>38,684,316</u>	<u>45,640,676</u>	<u>768,161,749</u>	<u>869,985,661</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	82,948,891	33,044,358	4,914,555	1,873,209	87,863,446	34,917,567
Liabilities:						
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	206,520,762	189,232,409	6,136,971	6,417,174	212,657,733	195,649,583
Other Liabilities	51,249,909	42,696,432	479,174	632,700	51,729,083	43,329,132
Total Liabilities	<u>257,770,671</u>	<u>231,928,841</u>	<u>6,616,145</u>	<u>7,049,874</u>	<u>264,386,816</u>	<u>238,978,715</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,425,944</u>	<u>94,902,164</u>	<u>1,068,591</u>	<u>4,129,939</u>	<u>2,494,535</u>	<u>99,032,103</u>
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	293,358,016	285,801,914	20,048,741	20,241,478	313,406,757	306,043,392
Restricted	135,865,652	286,841,098	5,150,455	12,707,324	141,016,107	299,548,422
Unrestricted	<u>124,006,041</u>	<u>(42,084,674)</u>	<u>10,714,939</u>	<u>3,385,270</u>	<u>134,720,980</u>	<u>(38,699,404)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 553,229,709</u>	<u>\$ 530,558,338</u>	<u>\$ 35,914,135</u>	<u>\$ 36,334,072</u>	<u>\$ 589,143,844</u>	<u>\$ 566,892,410</u>

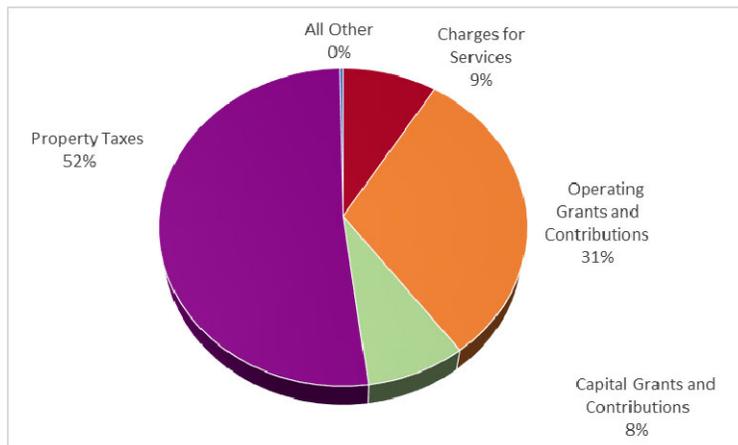
Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$22.7 million or 4.3%, compared to a prior year increase of \$46.5 million. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements is \$124 million at the end of this year. The net position of business-type activities decreased by \$0.42 million and unrestricted net position increased by \$7.3 million or 216.5% in 2022 compared to 2021.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

TABLE 2
SUMMARY STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

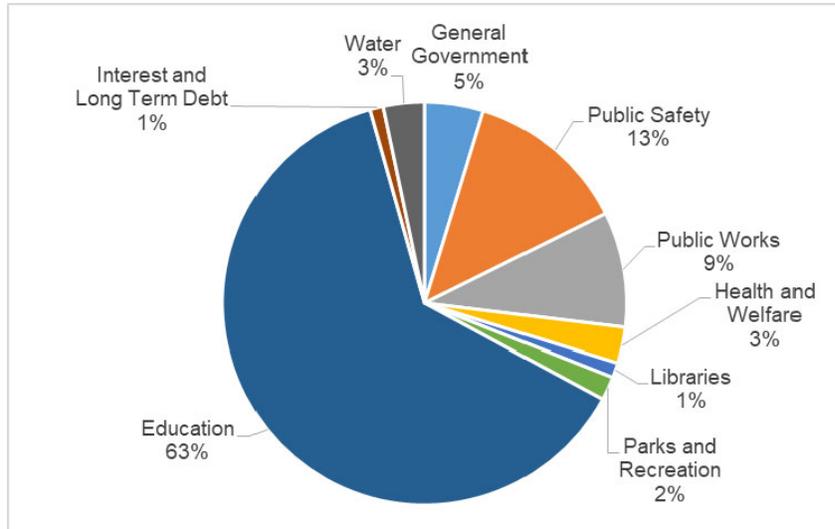
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 18,107,619	\$ 17,462,363	\$ 8,986,921	\$ 9,337,193	\$ 27,094,540	\$ 26,799,556
Operating Grants and Contributions	94,828,770	112,102,689	-	-	94,828,770	112,102,689
Capital Grants and Contributions	25,044,469	22,312,052	-	-	25,044,469	22,312,052
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	158,576,636	155,837,150	-	-	158,576,636	155,837,150
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,044,465	663,766	-	-	1,044,465	663,766
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	(945,915)	610,639	5,036	5,577	(940,879)	616,216
Other General Revenues	1,592,763	178,553	-	-	1,592,763	178,553
Total Revenues	298,248,807	309,167,212	8,991,957	9,342,770	307,240,764	318,509,982
Program Expenses:						
General Government	13,444,646	2,999,490	-	-	13,444,646	2,999,490
Public Safety	36,892,301	31,945,889	-	-	36,892,301	31,945,889
Public Works	26,360,852	28,034,440	-	-	26,360,852	28,034,440
Health and Welfare	8,201,633	8,138,461	-	-	8,201,633	8,138,461
Libraries	3,388,477	3,533,549	-	-	3,388,477	3,533,549
Parks and Recreation	5,395,601	5,033,621	-	-	5,395,601	5,033,621
Education	178,857,787	179,714,640	-	-	178,857,787	179,714,640
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,036,139	3,279,285	-	-	3,036,139	3,279,285
Water			9,411,894	7,722,641	9,411,894	7,722,641
Total Program Expenses	275,577,436	262,679,375	9,411,894	7,722,641	284,989,330	270,402,016
Change in Net Position	22,671,371	46,487,837	(419,937)	1,620,129	22,251,434	48,107,966
Net Position - Beginning	530,558,338	484,070,501	36,334,072	34,713,943	566,892,410	518,784,444
Net Position - Ending	\$ 553,229,709	\$ 530,558,338	\$ 35,914,135	\$ 36,334,072	\$ 589,143,844	\$ 566,892,410

The City's total revenues were \$307.2 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$285 million with an overall change in net position of \$22.3 million. The revenue pie chart below considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.



**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

The expenditure pie chart below considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.



Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities increased the City of Bristol's net position by \$22.7 million. The prior year increase in net position was \$46.5 million. Key elements of the 2022 increase with offsetting decreases are highlighted below:

- Property tax collections increased \$2.74 million compared to the prior year. There was no mill rate increase for this year however there was a \$77 million growth in the October 1, 2020 grand list that generated approximately \$2.9 million in additional tax revenue. This was instrumental in keeping the mill rate the same.
- In addition, the City did generate additional revenue with the Supplemental Motor Vehicle bills issued for January 1, 2022. There was a significant increase in the number of new cars purchased throughout the year and their values, especially for most used cars, were much higher than in previous years. This was a direct result of the pandemic and the lack of car inventory. The City anticipated \$1.5 million in the adopted budget and actual collections were approximately \$2.2 million. FY2021 these collections totaled \$1.9 million.
- Operating grants and contributions for governmental activities decreased \$17.3 million. This is primarily a result of the COVID related grants received in the prior year for FEMA reimbursement of pandemic response costs.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$2.7 million, the majority of the increase is school construction grant revenue for renovations at the Memorial Boulevard School.
- Charges for services increased \$0.65 million. The majority of this increase is from sewer operating and assessment fees and parks and recreation program fees. The City was able to offer more programs than the prior year due to the pandemic.
- The large variance in investment earnings from the prior year is due to the decline in fair value of the long term investments the City held at June 30, 2022 in laddered certificates of deposits and agencies. With the rapid increase in rates by the Federal Reserve the fair

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

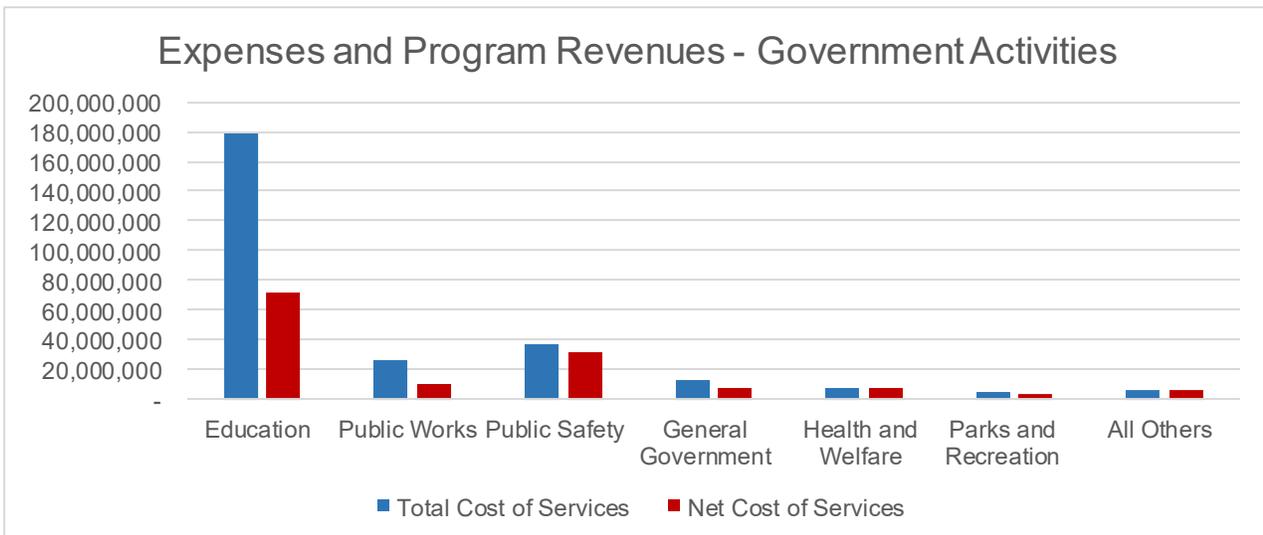
value of these investments declined. The City will keep these investments to maturity and will not realize any of these fair value losses.

- Governmental activities expenses increased \$12.9 million primarily as a result of the change in the Net Pension Asset and deferred inflows and outflows related to it. The decrease is most prevalent in the General Government and Public Safety functions. Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's six largest programs – education, public works, public safety, general government, parks and recreation, and health and welfare – as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's six largest programs – education, public works, public safety, general government, parks and recreation, and health and welfare – as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

**TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Education	\$ 178,857,787	\$ 179,714,640	\$ 71,613,945	\$ 58,538,935
Public Works	26,360,852	28,034,440	9,894,220	11,668,356
Public Safety	36,892,301	31,945,889	32,054,203	26,892,445
General Government	13,444,646	2,999,490	8,071,969	(3,609,104)
Health and Welfare	8,201,633	8,138,461	7,189,513	7,041,473
Parks and Recreation	5,395,601	5,033,621	2,978,082	3,690,138
All Others	6,424,616	6,812,834	5,794,646	6,580,028
Total	\$ 275,577,436	\$ 262,679,375	\$ 137,596,578	\$ 110,802,271



**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see Table 2) were \$9.0 million in 2022 compared to \$9.3 million in 2022 and net expenses increased \$1.7 million or 21.9%. The factors influencing these results included:

- Revenues: Decreases were primarily from reduced water sales from the previous year.
- Expenses: The increase is primarily related to increased transmission and distribution costs.

Overall net position decreased \$0.4 million or 1.2%.

CITY FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet – Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$76.8 million.

Approximately 24.3% of this total amount or \$18.6 million constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is constrained to specific purposes to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of a prior period, approximately 50.6% or \$38.8 million of fund balance, 2) to pay debt service 3) to generate income to pay for the perpetual care and maintenance of storm water control problem areas and City cemeteries, or 4) for a variety of other restricted specific purposes.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City of Bristol. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$29.5 million, while total fund balance reached \$43.2 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 12.3% of total general fund expenditures including the State Teacher's Retirement and OPEB on-behalf payments, while total fund balance represents 18.1% of that same amount. This compares to 13.6% and 18.6%, respectively, to the prior year.

The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$3.8 million compared to the prior year's fund balance of \$20 million. While the City issued bonds to finance various capital projects in October 2019 for ongoing authorized capital projects, a significant amount of those funds were remaining in the prior year but were expended in the current year. In addition the City did issue \$25.5 million in bonds in March 2022 to meet significant cash flow requirements through June 30th for major projects.

Internal Service Fund

The Health Benefits and Workers' Compensation fund experienced an overall \$2.4 million increase in net position. There are a few factors that caused this:

- Charges for services made up of contributions from the City, BOE and Employees increased \$1.2 million.
- While claims, premiums and fees were \$3 million more than the previous year, charges for services exceeded actual claims, premiums and fees. Overall the City had extremely positive claims experience for FY2022.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Variances between original budget and the amended budget (RSI-1 and RSI-2) can be briefly summarized as follows:

Estimated Revenues

- Current Property Tax Collections are estimated year for budget purposes at 98.5%. Actual current collections were 99.5% and increased \$3.2 million over the prior year. There was no increase in the mill rate of 38.35 over the prior year however, growth in the grand list generated approximately \$2.9 million in new tax revenue.
- The Supplemental Motor Vehicle tax revenue was \$2.2 million and generated approximately \$0.74 million more than anticipated. While historically the City has overachieved on this revenue, conservative budget estimates are used as the motor vehicle supplement list can be volatile year over year and may be affected by the state of the economy. Collections in the current year exceeded prior year collections of \$1.9 million by \$0.3 million.
- Building permit collections were \$0.75 million over original budgeted estimates. This revenue source increase was due to an increase in new residential and commercial development activity.
- Overall, state and federal grants received were as expected and in total is comparable to the prior year. While the City received a total of \$1.1 million in CARES and FEMA grants related to the COVID 19 pandemic in the prior year, changes in formulas for other statutory grants in the current year bridged this gap.
- Public Safety Charges for Services also exceed budget amounts due to the increase in number and magnitude of construction projects on City roadways. The costs associated with these services are fully paid for by the contractors.
- Conveyance Fees exceeded original budget estimates by approximately \$1.1 million and was consistent to the prior year. The city experienced a significant increase in residential and commercial sales and transfers of property, a trend that was prevalent during 2021 as the demand for housing exploded as remote workers were seeking to purchase homes in more suburban or rural areas as opposed to living in surrounding cities such as New York or Boston. This trend continued through the end of the 2022 fiscal year.
- Investment earnings indicate a loss of \$0.95 million due to the mark to market of investments in securities that had significant reductions in value affected by the Federal Reserve's large and swift increases in the Fed rates. These losses are not realized losses. The City will hold these investments to maturity and will receive the full principal amount of the original investment.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

Appropriations

Many departments throughout the fiscal year may require adjustments to their original appropriations as situations arise throughout the fiscal year and unanticipated expenditures occur. Per City Charter, departments cannot over expend their line items. Adjustments may occur throughout the year or at year-end. Over expenditures are covered by either transfers within the department line items or transfers from another departments' excess funds at year-end.

Large transfer or additional appropriation amounts usually signify unusual circumstances. For instance:

- The School Readiness grant is not budgeted until the grant amount is known, which is usually after budget adoption.
- Public Safety adjustments within the Police and Fire Department budgets are typically caused by costs of overtime for unplanned local emergencies, private duty contracts, of which the cost is paid for by the third-party contractor, and contractual replacement for sick or injured personnel within divisions as well as vacancies that occur through normal attrition and retirement. There was a significant number of retirements in both the Police and Fire departments.
- Employee benefits had a significant transfer/additional appropriation to account for compensated absence payouts due to the large number of retirements at June 30th.
- A \$32.2 million transfer from the General fund to the Internal Service Fund represents the combined City (\$14.2 million) and Education (\$18 million) appropriation for health benefit and workers' compensation expenses.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the Governmental Activities had \$424 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines – Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$40 million, or 10.4%, over the prior year, as restated.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land	\$ 21,370,303	\$ 18,646,256	\$ 2,752,140	\$ 2,752,140	\$ 24,122,443	\$ 21,398,396
Construction In Progress	78,683,192	39,742,746	1,876,382	1,672,747	80,559,574	41,415,493
Buildings	163,709,694	166,546,739	14,990,446	15,614,562	178,700,140	182,161,301
Improvement Other Than Buildings	5,612,355	5,711,209	-	-	5,612,355	5,711,209
Machinery and Equipment	37,033,669	32,921,211	2,039,827	2,127,834	39,073,496	35,049,045
Infrastructure	117,528,911	117,423,284	-	-	117,528,911	117,423,284
Total	\$ 423,938,124	\$ 380,991,445	\$ 21,658,795	\$ 22,167,283	\$ 445,596,919	\$ 403,158,728

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

The following are the more significant aspects of the changes in capital assets:

Land

- Governmental Activities: Purchase of Shrub Road property at a cost of \$2.2 million. A state grant in the amount of \$670,800 offset the cost of this purchase.

Construction in Progress (CIP)

- Governmental Activities increase due to:
 - Memorial Boulevard school renovations expected to be open for the 2022-2023 school year
 - City Hall renovations
 - Various public works projects including road improvement, bridge replacement and culvert repairs

Buildings

- Governmental Activities: Parks Department capital assets include the completion of improvements at the Page Park Pool at a cost of approximately \$4.2 million.

Machinery and Equipment

- Governmental Activities: This increase is primarily due to Education for the purchase of chromebooks for students, fuel tank replacements and other information technology upgrades.

Infrastructure

- Governmental Activities: There were a number of infrastructure projects completed during the year including roads, cul-de-sacs, rights of way, storm drains, related pavement outlays and various resurfacing of City streets.

The City's fiscal year 2021-2022 capital budget called for it to spend \$46.9 million for capital projects.

Fiscal Year 2022 Capital Budget	
<u>Department</u>	
Board of Education	\$1,981,350
Information Technology	550,000
Parks Department	3,595,000
Public Works	40,830,000
Total All Departments	<u><u>\$46,956,350</u></u>
<u>Funding</u>	
Sale of Bonds	\$40,166,350
Grants	5,072,000
ARPA Funds	853,000
Other Funds	400,000
LOCIP	465,000
Total All Funding	<u><u>\$46,956,350</u></u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

Some of the main highlights of capital asset activity include:

- Network upgrades
- Park improvements including Page Park Revitalization
- School Building improvements
- City Hall renovations
- Various infrastructure improvements

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2022 the City had \$114 million in total bonded indebtedness versus \$97 million last year – an increase of \$17 million or 17.5% – as shown in Table 5. The City issued \$25.5 million in general obligation bonds in March 2022. The increase of \$17 million is net of this bond issue and principal payments during the year of \$8.5 million.

TABLE 5
OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	General Obligation Bonds (Backed by the City)	<u>\$ 113,992,000</u>	<u>\$ 97,013,000</u>	<u>\$ 578,000</u>	<u>\$ 857,000</u>	<u>\$ 114,570,000</u>

The City's general obligation bond ratings are Aa2 and AA+ respectfully from Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's. Standard and Poor's (S&P) rating represents an upgrade from AA to AA+ received in February, 2009. Prior to this upgrade, the City received upgrades from Moody's and S&P in August 2000. A Fitch rating was first established for the City in June 2006. In October 2016 Fitch upgraded the rating to AAA.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below the state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the City's long- term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2022-2023 budget tax rates, and fees that will be charged for both the General Fund and for business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the City decreased to 4.3% versus 5.2% a year ago. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 4% (not seasonally adjusted) and the national rate of 3.6%. (Source: CT Department of Labor, 2020 Average and Bureau of Labor Statistics).

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2022**

Economic indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2022-2023. The General Fund budget was adopted at \$215.2 million, an increase of \$5.6 million over the previous year's budget of \$209.6 million. The property tax rate did not change and is currently 38.35. The City experienced significant grand list growth that generated approximately \$6.2 million in additional revenue which made a zero tax increase feasible and continued to retain City services at appropriate levels. The City continues to work with its American Rescue Plan Act Task Force created to oversee the allocation and plan of the \$28 million it was allocated. The Task Force has been meeting on a regular basis. There are many capital items that meet eligibility requirements for ARPA funding and the Task Force is evaluating all of these projects. The goal is to use these funds for projects that are transformational and address issues directly related to the pandemic.

If the FY2023 budget estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain constant at June 30, 2022 levels, however surpluses in various revenue accounts are anticipated to be realized which will increase the City's unassigned fund balance. Residential Building Permits, Conveyance Tax fees, motor vehicle supplemental taxes and delinquent tax collections continue to exceed anticipated projections which will continue to be conservatively estimated for budget purposes to reflect current economic conditions.

While the City of Bristol completed the 2022 year with a surplus, the Board of Finance and City Council designated \$2 million to a mill rate stabilization reserve fund in anticipation of future increased debt service costs, operating costs, anticipation of decreased state revenues, mitigation of the effect of revaluation on homeowners and continuation of a local senior tax relief program. In addition, \$0.75 million was allocated to future Economic Development opportunities.

As for the City's business-type activities marginal growth is expected (0.25-0.50%) to net position based on sales over the past three fiscal years. Expense increases will be primarily due to salaries and benefits while other expenses are expected to have a slight marginal increase. Also, expenses will increase for continued infrastructure and equipment improvements.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives and expends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Comptroller's Office, City of Bristol, 111 North Main Street, Bristol, Connecticut, 06010.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022**

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Bristol- Burlington Health District
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 137,817,307	\$ 9,022,252	\$ 146,839,559	\$ 3,135,500
Investments	17,745,093	-	17,745,093	-
Receivables, Net	21,837,711	2,544,724	24,382,435	19,955
Supplies	146,559	306,304	452,863	-
Other Assets	14,002	1,786	15,788	-
Net Pension Asset	127,978,637	5,150,455	133,129,092	-
Capital Assets:				
Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	100,053,495	4,628,522	104,682,017	-
Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	323,884,629	17,030,273	340,914,902	230,806
Total Assets	<u>729,477,433</u>	<u>38,684,316</u>	<u>768,161,749</u>	<u>3,386,261</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Charge on Refunding	848,485	16,321	864,806	-
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	72,764,442	4,487,077	77,251,519	-
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	9,335,964	411,157	9,747,121	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>82,948,891</u>	<u>4,914,555</u>	<u>87,863,446</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and Other Payables	15,663,803	398,391	16,062,194	12,616
Accrued Liabilities	10,947,709	41,229	10,988,938	131,231
Accrued Interest Payable	1,226,632	-	1,226,632	-
Other Current Liabilities		39,554	39,554	-
Unearned Revenue	23,411,765	-	23,411,765	61,207
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	16,297,699	422,989	16,720,688	75,598
Due in More Than One Year	190,223,063	5,713,982	195,937,045	19,921
Total Liabilities	<u>257,770,671</u>	<u>6,616,145</u>	<u>264,386,816</u>	<u>300,573</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	356,394	59,176	415,570	-
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	1,069,550	59,669	1,129,219	-
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases		949,746	949,746	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,425,944</u>	<u>1,068,591</u>	<u>2,494,535</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	293,358,016	20,048,741	313,406,757	230,806
Restricted For:				
Pensions	127,978,637	5,150,455	133,129,092	-
Trust Purposes:				
Nonexpendable	1,215,190	-	1,215,190	-
Grants	5,755,201	-	5,755,201	-
Debt Service	916,624	-	916,624	-
Unrestricted	<u>124,006,041</u>	<u>10,714,939</u>	<u>134,720,980</u>	<u>2,854,882</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 553,229,709</u>	<u>\$ 35,914,135</u>	<u>\$ 589,143,844</u>	<u>\$ 3,085,688</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			Component Unit Bristol- Burlington Health District
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		Total	
					Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 13,444,646	\$ 3,519,674	\$ 1,853,003	\$ -	\$ (8,071,969)	\$ -	\$ (8,071,969)	\$ -
Public Safety	36,892,301	4,410,239	427,859	-	(32,054,203)	-	(32,054,203)	-
Public Works	26,360,852	8,862,375	484,330	7,119,927	(9,894,220)	-	(9,894,220)	-
Health and Welfare	8,201,633	241,741	770,379	-	(7,189,513)	-	(7,189,513)	-
Libraries	3,388,477	21,446	608,524	-	(2,758,507)	-	(2,758,507)	-
Parks and Recreation	5,395,601	723,916	962,155	731,448	(2,978,082)	-	(2,978,082)	-
Education	178,857,787	328,228	89,722,520	17,193,094	(71,613,945)	-	(71,613,945)	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,036,139	-	-	-	(3,036,139)	-	(3,036,139)	-
Total Governmental Activities	275,577,436	18,107,619	94,828,770	25,044,469	(137,596,578)	-	(137,596,578)	-
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	9,411,894	8,986,921	-	-	-	(424,973)	(424,973)	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 284,989,330	\$ 27,094,540	\$ 94,828,770	\$ 25,044,469	(137,596,578)	(424,973)	(138,021,551)	-
COMPONENT UNIT								
Bristol-Burlington Health District	\$ 4,735,721	\$ 207,218	\$ 4,917,201	\$ -	-	-	-	388,698
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property Taxes					158,576,636	-	158,576,636	-
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs					1,044,465	-	1,044,465	-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)					(945,915)	5,036	(940,879)	1,825
Miscellaneous					1,592,763	-	1,592,763	-
Total General Revenues					160,267,949	5,036	160,272,985	1,825
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					22,671,371	(419,937)	22,251,434	390,523
Net Position - Beginning of Year					530,558,338	36,334,072	566,892,410	2,695,165
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$ 553,229,709	\$ 35,914,135	\$ 589,143,844	\$ 3,085,688

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022**

	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,494,542	\$ 34,709,883	\$ 34,194,435	\$ 107,398,860
Investments	16,473,549	-	1,271,544	17,745,093
Receivables, Net	3,337,694	16,287,116	2,174,919	21,799,729
Due from Other Funds	1,549,672	10,751	333,991	1,894,414
Other Assets	14,002	-	-	14,002
Supplies	-	-	146,559	146,559
	<u>59,869,459</u>	<u>51,007,750</u>	<u>38,121,448</u>	<u>148,998,657</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 59,869,459</u>	<u>\$ 51,007,750</u>	<u>\$ 38,121,448</u>	<u>\$ 148,998,657</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts and Contracts Payables	\$ 4,194,531	\$ 9,439,533	\$ 1,544,797	\$ 15,178,861
Accrued Liabilities	9,309,206	-	1,638,503	10,947,709
Due to Other Funds	333,991	-	3,422,080	3,756,071
Due to Other Governments	-	-	14,410	14,410
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	-	-	-	-
Unearned Revenue	554,658	21,548,136	1,278,810	23,381,604
Total Liabilities	<u>14,392,386</u>	<u>30,987,669</u>	<u>7,898,600</u>	<u>53,278,655</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	2,229,804	-	-	2,229,804
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Use	-	-	25,659	25,659
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Assessments	-	-	436,041	436,041
Unavailable Revenue - Grants	-	16,257,201	-	16,257,201
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>2,229,804</u>	<u>16,257,201</u>	<u>461,700</u>	<u>18,948,705</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	14,002	-	1,361,749	1,375,751
Restricted	-	-	6,671,825	6,671,825
Committed	3,246,047	14,634,104	20,931,055	38,811,206
Assigned	10,477,908	-	796,519	11,274,427
Unassigned	29,509,312	(10,871,224)	-	18,638,088
Total Fund Balances	<u>43,247,269</u>	<u>3,762,880</u>	<u>29,761,148</u>	<u>76,771,297</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 59,869,459</u>	<u>\$ 51,007,750</u>	<u>\$ 38,121,448</u>	<u>\$ 148,998,657</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022**

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 76,771,297

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental Capital Assets	811,945,641
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(388,007,517)
Net Capital Assets	423,938,124

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Net Pension Asset	127,978,637
Property Tax Receivables Greater Than 60 Days	1,060,722
Interest Receivable on Property Taxes	1,169,082
Sewer Assessments Receivable	430,680
Sewer Assessments Interest Receivable	5,361
Sewer Usage Receivable	25,659
Grants Receivables	16,257,201
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	72,764,442
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	9,335,964

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

20,286,187

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and Serial Notes Payable	(120,930,422)
Unamortized Premium on General Obligation Bonds	(5,833,832)
Leases payable	(2,673,366)
Net OPEB Liability	(60,427,634)
Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	(1,226,632)
Compensated Absences	(3,787,204)
Landfill Post Closure Care	(1,337,098)
Deferred Charges on Refunding	848,485
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(356,394)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(1,069,550)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

\$ 553,229,709

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes and Assessments	\$ 157,922,017	\$ 38,515	\$ 94,177	\$ 158,054,709
Interest and Lien Fees on Delinquent Taxes and Assessments	1,102,284	-	-	1,102,284
Licenses, Permit, and Fees	2,713,440	-	1,281,731	3,995,171
Intergovernmental	68,987,639	10,892,237	29,318,583	109,198,459
Charges for Services	5,402,534	-	8,740,440	14,142,974
Income (loss) on Investments	(856,159)	16,604	(127,537)	(967,092)
Miscellaneous	187,680	1,367,850	2,049,628	3,605,158
Total Revenues	<u>235,459,435</u>	<u>12,315,206</u>	<u>41,357,022</u>	<u>289,131,663</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	8,348,923	178,483	1,804,124	10,331,530
Public Safety	35,763,439	-	983,980	36,747,419
Public Works	11,663,316	-	8,442,980	20,106,296
Health and Welfare	6,903,104	-	1,433,719	8,336,823
Libraries	2,944,288	-	19,780	2,964,068
Parks and Recreation	4,490,109	8,100	673,836	5,172,045
Education	149,182,036	-	27,502,884	176,684,920
Capital Outlay	1,015,976	55,312,345	-	56,328,321
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,371,169	510,650	8,521,000	10,402,819
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,973	144,317	3,591,861	3,741,151
Total Expenditures	<u>221,687,333</u>	<u>56,153,895</u>	<u>52,974,164</u>	<u>330,815,392</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	13,772,102	(43,838,689)	(11,617,142)	(41,683,729)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,667,384	2,081,135	16,826,344	20,574,863
Transfers Out	(17,394,849)	-	(3,180,014)	(20,574,863)
Issuance of Leases	1,015,976	-	-	1,015,976
Bonds Issued	-	25,500,000	-	25,500,000
Premium on Bonds	1,260,649	-	499,174	1,759,823
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(13,450,840)</u>	<u>27,581,135</u>	<u>14,145,504</u>	<u>28,275,799</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	321,262	(16,257,554)	2,528,362	(13,407,930)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>42,926,007</u>	<u>20,020,434</u>	<u>27,232,786</u>	<u>90,179,227</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 43,247,269</u>	<u>\$ 3,762,880</u>	<u>\$ 29,761,148</u>	<u>\$ 76,771,297</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV) \$ (13,407,930)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay	58,395,576
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	(17,557,866)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.

(919,590)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property Tax Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	(447,181)
Property Tax Interest and Lien Revenue - Accrual Basis Change	(133,176)
Sewer Assessment Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	(4,849)
Sewer Assessment Interest Receivable - Accrual Change	(477)
Sewer Usage Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	(25,200)
Grants Receivable	14,807,368
Net Pension Asset	(150,006,828)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	50,013,245
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	168,135

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items and are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bonds Issued	(25,500,000)
Bond and Notes Principal Payments	9,079,375
Bond Premiums	(1,759,823)
Issuance of Lease	(1,015,976)
Principal Payments on Leases	1,371,169

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Net OPEB Liability	(1,622,789)
Compensated Absences	4,714,041
Amortization of Bond Premiums	1,104,546
Landfill Post Closure Care	(38,197)
Accrued Interest	(127,660)
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(276,847)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	92,232,689
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	1,243,531

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

2,386,085

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 22,671,371

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
JUNE 30, 2022**

	Business-Type Activities Water Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,022,252	\$ 30,418,447
Receivables, Net	2,544,724	37,982
Due from Other Funds	-	1,861,657
Supplies	306,304	-
Other Assets	1,786	-
Total Current Assets	11,875,066	32,318,086
Noncurrent Assets:		
Net Pension Asset	5,150,455	-
Capital Assets:		
Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,628,522	-
Assets Being Depreciated, Net	17,030,273	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	26,809,250	-
Total Assets	38,684,316	32,318,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	16,321	-
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	4,487,077	-
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	411,157	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,914,555	-
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts and Other Payables	398,391	470,532
Payroll Liabilities	41,229	-
Customer Deposits	39,554	-
Unearned Revenues	-	30,161
Compensated Absences - Current	103,896	-
Bonds Payable - Current	245,000	-
Lease Payable - Current	12,077	-
Notes Payable - Current	62,016	-
Unpaid Claims - Current	-	5,388,575
Total Current Liabilities	902,163	5,889,268
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences	417,645	-
Bonds Payable	372,753	-
Lease Payable	32,806	-
Notes Payable	901,723	-
Net OPEB Liability	3,989,055	-
Unpaid Claims	-	6,142,631
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,713,982	6,142,631
Total Liabilities	6,616,145	12,031,899
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	59,176	-
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	59,669	-
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases	949,746	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,068,591	-
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,048,741	-
Restricted for Pensions	5,150,455	-
Unrestricted	10,714,939	20,286,187
Total Net Position	\$ 35,914,135	\$ 20,286,187

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Water <u>Enterprise Fund</u>	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund <u>Service Fund</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	\$ 8,560,218	\$ 44,397,949
Contributions	-	142,118
Miscellaneous	426,703	184,991
Total Operating Revenues	<u>8,986,921</u>	<u>44,725,058</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Source of Supply	210,852	-
Pumping	257,032	-
Purification	1,512,396	-
Transmission and Distribution	2,483,022	-
Customer Accounts, Administrative, and General	3,144,581	-
Depreciation and Amortization	1,158,012	-
Taxes Other than Income Taxes	617,072	-
Insurance Claims, Premiums, and Fees	-	42,360,150
Total Operating Expenses	<u>9,382,967</u>	<u>42,360,150</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(396,046)	2,364,908
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Income on Investments	5,036	21,177
Interest Expense	(49,780)	-
Amortization of Debt Discount and Expense	20,853	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>(23,891)</u>	<u>21,177</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(419,937)	2,386,085
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>36,334,072</u>	<u>17,900,102</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 35,914,135</u>	<u>\$ 20,286,187</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	Business-Type Activities Water Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash Received from Charges for Services and Contributions	\$ 9,022,224	\$ 44,441,225
Cash Received from Other Operating Revenue	-	341,025
Cash Paid to Employees	(2,428,912)	-
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(5,381,849)	-
Cash Payment for Claims Paid	-	(42,416,760)
Deposits Received from Customers	943	-
Cash Received for Interfund Services Provided	-	(265,603)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,212,406	2,099,887
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Capital Assets/Utility Plant	(626,430)	-
Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes	(339,781)	-
Principal Payments on Leases	(8,187)	-
Interest Payments and Issuance Costs	(45,621)	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,020,019)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Income on Investments	5,036	21,177
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,036	21,177
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	197,423	2,121,064
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	8,824,829	28,297,383
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,022,252	\$ 30,418,447

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	<u>Business-Type Activities Water Enterprise Fund</u>	<u>Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (396,046)	\$ 2,364,908
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	1,158,012	-
Loss on Disposal of Assets	29,976	-
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	35,303	43,276
(Increase) Decrease in Supplies	(7,732)	-
(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	6,442	180
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Assets	7,556,869	-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	(3,187,050)	-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	126,804	-
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds	-	(265,603)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(89,114)	(648,750)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenues	-	13,736
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities	(65,355)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences	52,280	-
Increase (Decrease) in Unpaid Claims	-	592,140
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	943	-
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability	2,168	-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(3,990,750)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(20,344)	-
Total Adjustments	<u>1,608,452</u>	<u>(265,021)</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 1,212,406</u>	<u>\$ 2,099,887</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Lease Assets	<u>\$ 24,637</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Issuance of Leases	<u>\$ 24,637</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022**

	Pension and OPEB Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,497,526
Investments, at Fair Value:	
Certificates of Deposit	86,682,882
U.S. Government Securities	8,612,709
U.S. Government Agencies	9,864,983
Corporate Bonds	14,508,521
Mutual Funds	65,994,906
Common Stock	291,095,875
Alternative Investments	<u>229,534,742</u>
Total Investments	706,294,618
Receivables:	
Accounts Receivable	<u>79,000</u>
Total Assets	722,871,144
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	<u>22,125</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>22,125</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	703,604,157
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	<u>19,244,862</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 722,849,019</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	<u>Pension and OPEB Trust Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 7,858,513
Plan Members	3,487,526
Other	-
Total Contributions	<u>11,346,039</u>
Investment Income (Loss):	
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments	(71,808,822)
Interest and Dividends	6,342,758
Total	<u>(65,466,064)</u>
Less: Investment Expense	<u>(12,355,170)</u>
Total Investment Income (Loss)	<u>(77,821,234)</u>
Total Additions	(66,475,195)
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	37,182,249
Administration	221,578
Total Deductions	<u>37,403,827</u>
NET CHANGE	(103,879,022)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>826,728,041</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 722,849,019</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Bristol, Connecticut (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the City are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1911. Its legal authority is derived from Chapter 99 of the General Statutes of the state of Connecticut and Number 352 of the Special Acts of 1911. The City has operated under the Council-Mayor form of government since 1911. Services provided include education, water, sewer, refuse, streets and drainage, recreation and parks, planning and zoning, community development, human services, police, and fire protection.

GAAP require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in GASB Codification Section 2100 have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of one discretely presented component unit and fiduciary component unit as detailed below.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Bristol-Burlington Health District (the District) was formed on July 1, 1979 as a health district under Section 19-106 of the General Statutes of the state of Connecticut as a legally separate entity. The City appoints a majority of the District's governing six-member board once every three years. Although it is legally separate from the City of Bristol, the District is presented discretely as it is fiscally dependent upon the City. The City contributes eighty seven percent (87%) of the District's annual operating budget. Additionally, if the District were to dissolve, according to state statute the District would immediately become a department of the City. The District does not provide services primarily to the City of Bristol, but to its citizens. A complete set of financial statements may be obtained at the District's office located at 240 Stafford Avenue, Bristol, Connecticut 06010.

Fiduciary Component Units

The City has established one single-employer Public Retirement Systems (PERS) plan and one postretirement health care benefits (OPEB) plan to provide retirement benefits and postretirement health care benefits primary to employees and their beneficiaries. The City performs the duties of a governing board for the Pension and OPEB plans and is required to make contributions to the pension and OPEB plans.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component unit are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component unit.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the City is reported separately from a certain legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered available if they are collected within 180 days of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation
(Continued)**

General capital acquisitions, including entering into contract given the City the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds or Trust Funds).

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water Enterprise Fund

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Bristol Water Department.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the risk management activities of the City.

Pension and OPEB Trust Funds

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds account for the activities of the City Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plans, which accumulate resources for pension and OPEB benefit payments to qualified City employees.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain City functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation
(Continued)**

Functional expenses in the statement of activities include certain indirect expenses, such as employee benefits, pension, and insurance. These expenses are allocated to governmental activity functions based on total salary expenses for each function.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds.” Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

Property taxes are levied each July 1 based on the assessed property values of the prior October 1 Grand List. Assessed values are established by the City Assessor’s Office at 70% of appraised value.

Property taxes related to assessed values of under \$1,000 are due in one installment on July 1; remaining property taxes are due in two equal installments on July 1 and the following January 1. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full on January 1. Taxes become overdue one month after the installment due date. Interest at the rate of 1.5% per month accrues on all overdue taxes. As of June 30, an enforceable lien is recorded against any outstanding real property taxes.

Accounts receivables, property tax receivables and notes receivable for the primary government are reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$412,602. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon past collection history and an assessment of the creditor’s ability to pay.

F. Supplies and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Net Pension Asset

The net pension asset is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan’s fiduciary net position. The pension plan’s fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension asset is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer’s prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period. The investments in the calculation of the net pension liability are measured at fair value.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed, except for intangible right-to use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1.L. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant and equipment, the right-to-use assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Improvements Other Than Buildings	20
Machinery and Equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	10-65

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, and net difference between projected and actual earnings. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pension, OPEB and leases in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner. A deferred inflow of resources related to leases is recognized at the commencement of the lease term (lessor) and subsequently is recognized as revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, special assessments and sewer use. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

J. Compensated Absences

A limited amount of vacation time earned may be accumulated by employees until termination of their employment. Vacation leave is valued using current salary costs, as well as any salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees. Sick leave accruals are also based on current salary costs as well as salary-related payments.

Eligible City employees earn 5 to 25 days of sick leave per year and 5 to 20 days of vacation per year depending on employees' length of service. A maximum of 200 days of sick leave and 40 days of vacation leave may be accrued. An employee leaving the employ of the City is entitled to be paid for all unused vacation and a maximum of 90 days or 45% of sick leave upon retirement.

Board of Education employees earn 10 to 20 days of sick leave per year. Maximum sick leave accrual varies by bargaining units from 180 to 275 days. Board of Education employees, with the exception of teachers, earn 5 to 20 days of vacation leave that cannot be accrued and must be used within the fiscal year it was earned. Upon termination, Board of Education employees are paid for all unused vacation leave. Unused sick leave is paid only on retirement to a maximum of 30% depending on bargaining units.

Compensated absences to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for the amounts that have become due.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Leases

Lessee

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of buildings and equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities in the government-wide and in the proprietary fund financial statements, as well as component unit statement of net position. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Leases (Continued)

Lessee (Continued)

- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and the purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position. The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease assets and lease liabilities in the statements of net position.

Lessor

The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of land, building and infrastructure. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities in the government-wide and in the governmental and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total OPEB liability), net of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

N. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements and discretely presented component unit is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted Net Position – Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N Fund Equity (Continued)

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as “fund balance” and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (City Board of Finance). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the Board of Finance (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

Assigned Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Finance, which has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The Entity adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. The implementation of this standard resulted in the City reporting a right-to-use asset and a lease liability as well as lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources disclosed in Note 5 and Note 9.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The City adopts an annual operating budget for the General Fund only. The following details the procedures relating to the General Fund budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

The City Charter requires the Board of Finance to submit a recommended operating budget to the City Council 15 days prior to the third Monday in May. The budget provides a financial plan for the year and contains estimates of anticipated revenues and proposed expenditures. After at least one public hearing on the recommended budget, the Board of Finance and City Council may adopt a final budget for the year.

In practice, the budget is submitted to the Board of Finance in February. A series of work sessions is held to review the budget and is followed by one or more public hearings. The final budget, which includes the annual property tax levy, is then approved.

Appropriations for the General Fund lapse at June 30 of each year. All other program appropriations do not lapse at year-end.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis, except for encumbrances, by function, activity and object. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the object level within a department. The Board of Finance has the power to approve budget revisions during the year up to \$5,000. Revisions in excess of \$5,000 require Board of Finance and City Council approval. All budget revisions must be approved. Additional appropriations in the amount of approximately \$10,235,000 were approved during the fiscal year.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are included in either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of restriction in accordance with GAAP since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances do not impact the classification of fund balance.

Also, the City has reported on-behalf payments made by the state of Connecticut into the teachers' retirement system for Pension and OPEB Plans in the Governmental Funds.

Budgets for Special Revenue Funds are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the various grant agreements and/or legal provisions that control the expenditure of such funds. Since such budgets are adopted on a program basis, it is not practicable to present the results of budgetary operations at the combined level. Special Revenue Funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis.

Appropriations for the Capital Projects Funds do not lapse at the end of the fiscal year but continue until the completion of the applicable project.

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Other provisions of the statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the state Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). This investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer’s Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the state statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

A. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City’s deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository’s risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$111,960,755 of the City’s bank balance of \$125,267,787 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 100,522,004
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging Bank’s Trust Department, Not in the City’s Name	<u>11,438,751</u>
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	<u><u>\$ 111,960,755</u></u>

At June 30, 2022, the entire amount of the component unit’s deposits were included as part of pooled cash with the City’s cash accounts. Responsibility for custodial credit risk of deposits for the component unit rests with the City.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. As of June 30, 2022, the cash equivalent amounted to \$58,585,184.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits (Continued)

Cash Equivalents (Continued)

The following table provides summary of the City's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	<u>Standard & Poor's</u>
State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund	AAAm
MultiBank	*
Northern Capital Securities	*
Fidelity	*

* Not Rated

State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There are no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 146,839,559
Investments	<u>17,745,093</u>
Total Statement of Net Position	<u>164,584,652</u>
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16,497,526
Investments	<u>706,294,618</u>
Total Fiduciary Funds	<u>722,792,144</u>
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	<u><u>\$ 887,376,796</u></u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2022 in all funds are as follows:

	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (Years)		
		Less Than 1	1-10	More Than 10
Investment by Fair Value Level:				
Certificate of Deposit*	\$ 10,851,333 *	\$ 1,709,589	\$ 9,141,744	\$ -
State of CT GO Bonds	277,215	-	277,215	-
U.S. Government Securities	13,585,110	831,718	8,906,323	3,847,069
U.S. Government Agencies	8,247,097	132	1,183,881	7,063,084
Corporate Bonds	10,030,655	-	7,670,282	2,360,373
Total	42,991,410	\$ 2,541,439	\$ 27,179,445	\$ 13,270,526
Other Investments:				
Common Stock	274,540,583			
Mutual Funds	86,636,024			
Alternative Investments	319,871,694			
Total Investments	\$ 724,039,711			

*Subject to coverage by federal depository insurance and collateralization.

Average rating for of investments in debt securities at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Average Rating	Corporate Bonds	U.S. Government Securities	U.S. Government Agencies	State of CT Bonds	Certificate of Deposit	Total
Aaa	\$ -	\$ 9,387,375	\$ 753,793	\$ -	\$ 924,885	\$ 11,066,053
Aa1	-	1,101,383	-	-	-	1,101,383
Aa2	-	1,546,828	83,168	-	261,470	1,891,466
Aa3	561,510	144,207	-	277,215	-	982,932
A1	220,007	-	-	-	-	220,007
A2	1,217,367	-	339,416	-	-	1,556,783
A3	1,111,112	-	321,324	-	-	1,432,436
Baa1	2,041,097	-	-	-	-	2,041,097
Baa2	1,491,624	-	-	-	-	1,491,624
Baa3	1,907,134	-	-	-	-	1,907,134
Ba1	441,423	-	-	-	-	441,423
Ba2	481,764	-	-	-	-	481,764
Ba3	309,808	-	-	-	-	309,808
B1	224,059	-	-	-	-	224,059
B2	23,750	-	-	-	-	23,750
B3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caa1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caa2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caa3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ca	-	-	-	-	-	-
C	-	-	-	-	78,042	78,042
Unrated	-	1,405,317	6,749,396	-	9,586,936	17,741,649
Total	\$ 10,030,655	\$ 13,585,110	\$ 8,247,097	\$ 277,215	\$ 10,851,333	\$ 42,991,410

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – Investments

As indicated above, state statutes limit the investment options of cities. The City has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as state statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a policy limiting investments in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the City's total investments. Information regarding concentration of the investments that represent more than 5% of the investments in the Pension Plan is detailed in Note 15.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the City did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the City's name.

The City's individual investments in fixed income securities, equities, U.S. treasury securities, domestic corporate bonds, foreign bonds, and U.S. government agency securities are uninsured and registered securities held by a counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that are in the City's pension and OPEB plans. The City's other investments are held in alternative investments because they are evidenced by contracts rather than by securities, are not subject to custodial credit risk determination.

C. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Fair Value (Continued)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

Investment Type	June 30, 2022	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level:				
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 13,585,110	\$ 13,585,110	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government Agencies	8,247,097	8,247,097	-	-
State of CT GO Bonds	277,215	277,215	-	-
Corporate Bonds	10,030,655	10,030,655	-	-
Common Stock	274,540,583	274,540,583	-	-
Mutual Funds	86,636,024	86,636,024	-	-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	393,316,684	<u>\$ 393,316,684</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV):				
Alternative Investments	319,871,694			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	713,188,378			
Certificate of Deposits	10,851,333			
Total Investments	<u>\$ 724,039,711</u>			

Debt and equity securities, classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds allow for investments in certain alternative investments. Alternative investments may include private equity partnerships; infrastructure limited partnerships, hedge and absolute return funds for which there may be no ready market to determine fair value. These investments are valued using the most recent valuation available from the external fund manager. These estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that will ultimately be realized upon the disposition of those assets, which may be materially higher or lower than values determined if a ready market for the securities existed.

NAV per share (or its equivalent) are considered "alternative investments" and, unlike more traditional investments, generally do not have readily obtainable fair values and take the form of limited partnerships. The City values these investments based on the partnerships' audited financial statements. If June 30 statements are available, those values are used preferentially. However, some partnerships have fiscal years ending at other than June 30. If June 30 valuations are not available, the value is progressed from the most recently available valuation taking into account subsequent calls and distributions.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Fair Value (Continued)

The following table summarizes all investments recorded using NAV as a practical expedient to fair value:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Alternative Investments	\$ 119,456,450	\$ 82,705,656	N/A	N/A
Alternative Investments	128,983,853		Quarterly	30-60 days
Alternative Investments	53,129,556		Quarterly	95-185 days
Alternative Investments	18,301,835		Annual	60 days
Alternative Investments			Monthly	185 days
Total	<u>\$ 319,871,694</u>			

Private equity funds include limited partnership funds. These investments can never be redeemed with funds. Instead, the nature of the investments in this type is that distributions are received through liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund capital. As of June 30, 2022, it is probable that all of the investments in this type will be sold at an amount different from NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observation transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buys of the investments.

Real estate funds include real estate funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalents) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. Because it is not probable that any individual investments will be sold, the fair value of each individual investments has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalents) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Water Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor and Other Funds	Total
Receivables:					
Taxes	\$ 1,884,035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,884,035
Interest	1,169,082	-	-	-	1,169,082
Accounts	537,189	8,834	1,637,236	879,337	3,062,596
Special Assessments	-	-	64,503	436,041	500,544
Intergovernmental	57,388	16,278,282	-	976,523	17,312,193
Leases	-	-	945,587	-	945,587
Gross Receivables	<u>3,647,694</u>	<u>16,287,116</u>	<u>2,647,326</u>	<u>2,291,901</u>	<u>24,874,037</u>
Less: Allowance for					
Uncollectibles	310,000	-	102,602	-	412,602
Net Total Receivables	<u>\$ 3,337,694</u>	<u>\$ 16,287,116</u>	<u>\$ 2,544,724</u>	<u>\$ 2,291,901</u>	<u>\$ 24,461,435</u>

Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are as follows:

General Fund:

Uncollectibles Related to Taxes Receivable	\$ 300,000
Uncollectibles Related to Accounts Receivable	10,000

Water Enterprise Fund:

Uncollectibles Related to Accounts Receivable	102,602
Total Uncollectibles of the Current Fiscal Year	<u>\$ 412,602</u>

NOTE 5 LEASES RECEIVABLE

The City, acting as lessor, leases land, infrastructure and buildings under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2026 and provide for renewal options ranging from three months to six years. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized \$155,566 and \$4,159 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 143,919	\$ 10,038	\$ 153,957
2024	-	-	147,629	9,135	156,764
2025	-	-	127,739	8,230	135,969
2026	-	-	64,774	7,450	72,224
2027	-	-	23,705	7,038	30,743
2028-2032	-	-	128,834	29,555	158,389
2033-2037	-	-	147,312	19,156	166,468
2032 and Thereafter	-	-	161,675	7,290	168,965
Total Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 945,587</u>	<u>\$ 97,892</u>	<u>\$ 1,043,479</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 5 LEASE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

The City restated beginning balance of accounts receivable and deferred inflows related to leases due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 1.

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance Restated (1)	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 18,646,256	\$ 582,796	\$ -	\$ 2,141,251	\$ 21,370,303
Construction In Progress	39,742,746	48,319,038	-	(9,378,592)	78,683,192
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	58,389,002	48,901,834	-	(7,237,341)	100,053,495
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	319,390,572	-	(1,135,347)	4,942,495	323,197,720
Improvements Other Than Buildings	17,433,258	-	(47,359)	-	17,385,899
Machinery and Equipment	94,892,404	5,004,289	(3,923,254)	1,386,242	97,359,681
Infrastructure	267,751,076	3,473,477	(2,228,846)	908,604	269,904,311
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	699,467,310	8,477,766	(7,334,806)	7,237,341	707,847,611
Lease Assets Being Amortized:					
Buildings	135,877	331,684	-	-	467,561
Machinery and Equipment	2,892,682	684,292	-	-	3,576,974
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized	3,028,559	1,015,976	-	-	4,044,535
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings	(152,843,833)	(7,345,709)	461,967	-	(159,727,575)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(11,722,049)	(88,220)	36,725	-	(11,773,544)
Machinery and Equipment	(61,971,193)	(4,633,684)	3,834,519	-	(62,770,358)
Infrastructure	(150,327,792)	(4,129,613)	2,082,005	-	(152,375,400)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(376,864,867)	(16,197,226)	6,415,216	-	(386,646,877)
Less Lease Asset Accumulated Amortization:					
Buildings	-	(228,012)	-	-	(228,012)
Machinery and Equipment	-	(1,132,628)	-	-	(1,132,628)
Total Accumulated Amortization	-	(1,360,640)	-	-	(1,360,640)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized, Net	325,631,002	(8,064,124)	(919,590)	7,237,341	323,884,629
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 384,020,004	\$ 40,837,710	\$ (919,590)	\$ -	\$ 423,938,124

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

	Beginning Balance <u>Restated (1)</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,752,140	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,752,140
Construction In Progress	<u>1,672,747</u>	<u>203,635</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,876,382</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,424,887	203,635	-	-	4,628,522
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and System	39,558,518	200,019	-	-	39,758,537
Machinery and Equipment	<u>7,439,099</u>	<u>222,776</u>	<u>(90,450)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,571,425</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	46,997,617	422,795	(90,450)	-	47,329,962
Lease Assets Being Amortized:					
Machinery and Equipment	<u>28,433</u>	<u>24,637</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>53,070</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized	28,433	24,637	-	-	53,070
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings and System	(23,943,956)	(824,135)	-	-	(24,768,091)
Machinery and Equipment	<u>(5,311,265)</u>	<u>(317,947)</u>	<u>60,474</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,568,738)</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(29,255,221)</u>	<u>(1,142,082)</u>	<u>60,474</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(30,336,829)</u>
Less Lease Asset Accumulated Amortization:					
Machinery and Equipment	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,930)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,930)</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,930)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,930)</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized, Net	<u>17,770,829</u>	<u>(710,580)</u>	<u>(29,976)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,030,273</u>
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 22,195,716</u>	<u>\$ (506,945)</u>	<u>\$ (29,976)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 21,658,795</u>

(1) The beginning balance was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 1.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 481,209
Public Safety	2,079,837
Public Works	6,769,320
Libraries	526,279
Parks and Recreation	456,299
Education	<u>7,244,922</u>
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 17,557,866</u>
Business-Type Activities	
Water	<u>\$ 1,158,012</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Construction Commitments

The City has several active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. The following is a summary of capital projects as of June 30, 2022:

	Project Authorization (in thousands)	Cumulative Expenditures (in thousands)	Remaining Balance (in thousands)
Schools	\$ 89,928	\$ 76,449	\$ 13,479
Streets, Bridges, and Building Improvements	121,477	86,519	34,958
Capital and Nonrecurring	45,939	39,601	6,338
Total	<u>\$ 257,344</u>	<u>\$ 202,569</u>	<u>\$ 54,775</u>

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the Bristol-Burlington Health District for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Restated (1)	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 431,144	\$ 29,830	\$ (1,160)	\$ 459,814
Lease Assets Being Amortized:				
Buildings	79,883	-	-	79,883
Furniture and Equipment	5,856	3,776	-	9,632
Total Capital Assets Being Amortized	<u>85,739</u>	<u>3,776</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>89,515</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Furniture and Equipment	(232,117)	(32,024)	989	(263,152)
Less Lease Asset Accumulated Amortization:				
Buildings	-	(53,255)	-	(53,255)
Furniture and Equipment	-	(2,116)	-	(2,116)
Total Accumulated Amortization	<u>-</u>	<u>(55,371)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(55,371)</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized, Net	<u>\$ 284,766</u>	<u>\$ (53,789)</u>	<u>\$ (171)</u>	<u>\$ 230,806</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense of \$89,258 was charged to component unit for the year ending June 30, 2022.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2022, interfund receivables and payables were comprised of the following:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 1,549,672
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	10,751
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	333,991
Internal Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,861,657
Total		<u>\$ 3,756,071</u>

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement-type transactions. All balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

Interfund Transfers

	<u>Transfers In</u>			<u>Total Transfers Out</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Nonmajor Govern- mental</u>	
Transfers Out:				
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 568,505	\$ 16,826,344	\$ 17,394,849
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,667,384	1,512,630	-	3,180,014
Total Transfers In	<u>\$ 1,667,384</u>	<u>\$ 2,081,135</u>	<u>\$ 16,826,344</u>	<u>\$ 20,574,863</u>

Transfers are for regularly recurring operational transfers. Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund to pay for principal and interest on debt, 2) supplement revenues of other funds such as the Capital Projects Fund for the projects that have been closed out, and 3) support the self-insurance for health and workers' compensation benefits.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Restated (1)	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bond Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 97,013,000	\$ 25,500,000	\$ 8,521,000	\$ 113,992,000	\$ 7,575,000
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	5,178,555	1,759,823	1,104,546	5,833,832	-
Total Bonds Payable	<u>102,191,555</u>	<u>27,259,823</u>	<u>9,625,546</u>	<u>119,825,832</u>	<u>7,575,000</u>
Direct Borrowing - Notes Payable	7,449,072	-	510,650	6,938,422	476,021
Direct Borrowing - Contracts Payable	47,725	-	47,725	-	-
Lease Payable	3,028,559	1,015,976	1,371,169	2,673,366	1,291,320
Compensated Absences	8,501,245	162,978	4,877,019	3,787,204	1,506,783
Landfill Postclosure Care	1,298,901	98,197	60,000	1,337,098	60,000
Net OPEB Liability	58,804,845	1,622,789	-	60,427,634	-
Unpaid Claims	10,939,066	42,360,150	41,768,010	11,531,206	5,388,575
	<u>\$ 192,260,968</u>	<u>\$ 72,519,913</u>	<u>\$ 58,260,119</u>	<u>\$ 206,520,762</u>	<u>\$ 16,297,699</u>
Business-Type Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 857,000	\$ -	\$ 279,000	\$ 578,000	\$ 245,000
Premium on General Obligation Bonds	79,506	-	39,753	39,753	-
Total Bonds Payable	<u>936,506</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>318,753</u>	<u>617,753</u>	<u>245,000</u>
Direct Borrowing - Notes Payable	1,024,520	-	60,781	963,739	62,016
Lease Payable	28,433	24,637	8,187	44,883	12,077
Compensated Absences	469,261	129,173	76,893	521,541	103,896
Net OPEB Liability	3,986,887	2,168	-	3,989,055	-
	<u>\$ 6,445,607</u>	<u>\$ 155,978</u>	<u>\$ 464,614</u>	<u>\$ 6,136,971</u>	<u>\$ 422,989</u>
Component Unit:					
Compensated Absences	\$ 98,014	\$ 33,693	\$ 70,614	\$ 61,093	\$ 46,181
Lease Payable	85,739	3,776	55,089	34,426	29,417
	<u>\$ 183,753</u>	<u>\$ 37,469</u>	<u>\$ 125,703</u>	<u>\$ 95,519</u>	<u>\$ 75,598</u>

(2) The beginning balance was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 9.

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, landfill post closure and OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds as of June 30, 2022 were comprised of the following:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2022
General City Bonds:					
General Improvement:					
2012 Refunding	08/11/11	07/15/22	3.00-5.00	\$ 15,589,000	\$ 597,000
2015 Refunding	11/17/15	10/15/24	3.00-5.00	4,126,000	1,530,000
2017 Issue	05/30/17	05/15/35	2.00-5.00	17,739,000	13,555,000
2017 Refunding	11/09/17	08/01/30	3.00-5.00	5,437,000	4,021,000
2018 Issue - Series A	10/25/18	10/15/38	2.50-5.00	18,094,096	16,039,000
2018 Issue - Series B	10/25/18	10/15/38	3.65-4.05	7,900,000	6,985,000
2019 Issue	10/29/19	08/01/39	2.13-5.00	5,375,000	5,180,000
2022 Issue	03/16/22	03/15/42	2.60-5.00	14,295,000	<u>14,295,000</u>
Total General Improvement Bonds					62,202,000
School:					
2012 Refunding	08/11/11	07/15/22	3.00-5.00	6,234,000	693,000
2015 Refunding	11/17/15	10/15/24	3.00-5.00	2,991,000	75,000
2017 Issue	05/30/17	05/15/35	2.00-5.00	3,391,000	2,595,000
2017 Refunding	11/09/17	08/01/30	3.00-5.00	16,094,000	11,907,000
2018 Issue - Series A	10/25/18	10/15/38	2.50-5.00	4,280,904	3,784,000
2019 Issue	10/29/19	08/01/39	2.13-5.00	19,625,000	18,900,000
2022 Issue	03/16/22	03/15/42	2.60-5.00	11,205,000	<u>11,205,000</u>
Total School Bonds					49,159,000
Sewers:					
2017 Refunding	11/09/17	08/01/30	3.00-5.00	3,401,000	2,519,000
2018 Issue - Series A	10/25/18	10/15/38	2.50-5.00	125,000	<u>112,000</u>
Total Sewer Bonds					2,631,000
Total Governmental Activities					113,992,000
Water Department:					
Enterprise Fund Bonds:					
Water 2012 Refunding	08/11/11	07/15/22	3.00-5.00	2,112,000	205,000
Water 2017 Refunding	11/09/17	08/01/30	3.00-5.00	503,000	<u>373,000</u>
Total Business-Type Activities					578,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness					<u>\$ 114,570,000</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds payable are secured by the general revenue raising powers of the City. The annual requirements to amortize long-term bond obligations at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	General Obligation Bonds					
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 7,575,000	\$ 3,963,682	\$ 245,000	\$ 19,310	\$ 7,820,000	\$ 3,982,992
2024	7,855,000	3,669,485	40,000	13,550	7,895,000	3,683,035
2025	8,029,000	3,293,434	41,000	11,525	8,070,000	3,304,959
2026	7,568,000	2,976,610	42,000	9,450	7,610,000	2,986,060
2027	7,588,000	2,676,150	42,000	7,560	7,630,000	2,683,710
2028-2032	36,007,000	9,172,949	168,000	13,440	36,175,000	9,186,389
2033-2037	25,315,000	4,141,946	-	-	25,315,000	4,141,946
2038-2042	14,055,000	916,649	-	-	14,055,000	916,649
Total	<u>\$ 113,992,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,810,905</u>	<u>\$ 578,000</u>	<u>\$ 74,835</u>	<u>\$ 114,570,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,885,740</u>

Notes Payable

The City has eight state of Connecticut Clean Water Fund serial notes outstanding. These notes were issued to finance improvements to the sewer plant, pump stations and the water distribution infrastructure. A schedule of notes payable at June 30, 2022 is presented below:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Projects Fund:					
Clean Water Fund Note 504-C	12/31/03	12/31/22	2.00	\$ 1,488,000	\$ 44,488
Clean Water Fund Note 562-C	11/30/04	11/30/23	2.00	694,000	58,211
Clean Water Fund Note 464-C	05/31/06	03/31/26	2.00	470,000	103,398
Clean Water Fund Note 622-CSL	01/01/16	01/31/35	2.00	631,833	422,424
Clean Water Fund Note 640-DC	03/03/16	08/31/38	2.00	7,530,046	6,309,901
Total Governmental Activities					6,938,422
Business-Type Activities:					
Water Fund:					
Water 2014 Note	12/31/14	12/31/33	2.00	501,000	309,315
Water 2015 Note	09/30/15	03/31/35	2.00	344,155	232,777
Water 2019 Note	10/16/18	01/31/39	2.00	497,096	421,647
Total Business-Type Activities					963,739
Total Notes Payable					<u>\$ 7,902,161</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Notes Payable (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements of notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Notes Payable					
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 476,021	\$ 134,197	\$ 62,016	\$ 18,708	\$ 538,037	\$ 152,905
2024	415,790	125,350	63,268	17,457	479,058	142,807
2025	406,541	117,219	64,546	16,179	471,087	133,398
2026	407,575	109,026	65,848	14,877	473,423	123,903
2027	394,068	101,050	67,178	13,548	461,246	114,598
2028-2032	2,092,908	382,682	356,782	46,841	2,449,690	429,523
2033-2037	2,218,822	149,602	237,537	14,060	2,456,359	163,662
2038-2042	526,697	-	46,564	779	573,261	779
Total	<u>\$ 6,938,422</u>	<u>\$ 1,119,126</u>	<u>\$ 963,739</u>	<u>\$ 142,449</u>	<u>\$ 7,902,161</u>	<u>\$ 1,261,575</u>

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debt Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General Purpose	\$ 349,825,500	\$ 115,302,391	\$ 234,523,109
Schools	699,651,000	100,257,477	599,393,523
Sewers	583,042,500	10,312,589	572,729,911
Urban Renewal	505,303,500	-	505,303,500
Pension Deficit	466,434,000	-	466,434,000

The total overall statutory debt limit for the City is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$1,088,346,000.

The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds outstanding in addition to the amount of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding. Bonds authorized but not issued are as follows:

General Purpose	\$ 57,725,391
Schools	119,986,153
Sewers	743,167
Total	<u>\$ 178,454,711</u>

Additionally, net indebtedness is reduced by state of Connecticut grant commitments in the amount of \$73,512,676.

Water system related debt of \$1,541,739 has been excluded from the calculation.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 9 LEASES PAYABLE

The City leases equipment as well as certain operating and office facilities for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2027 and provide for renewal options ranging from three months to six years.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 1,291,320	\$ 9,310	\$ 12,077	\$ 247	\$ 1,312,954
2024	868,412	5,145	12,147	177	885,881
2025	439,027	2,322	10,254	109	451,712
2026	74,607	422	7,774	46	82,849
2027	-	-	2,631	7	2,638
2028-2029	-	-	-	-	-
2030 and Thereafter	-	-	-	-	-
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 2,673,366	\$ 17,199	\$ 44,883	\$ 586	\$ 2,736,034

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Buildings	\$ 467,561	\$ -
Equipment	3,576,974	53,070
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(1,360,640)	(15,930)
Total	\$ 2,683,895	\$ 37,140

NOTE 10 LANDFILL CLOSURE

The City closed its municipal solid waste landfill in 2002. Prior to this the City closed its metal hydroxide landfill cell in 1986. The City is currently operating its landfill under a CT DEEP landfill stewardship permit.

Solid waste landfill closure and post closure care requirements have been established by the State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection and the Federal Environmental and Protections Agency. The projected costs of this post closure period are \$1,337,098 as of June 30, 2022. These projected costs could be impacted future inflation and regulations. The costs associated with monitoring and maintaining the landfill area during the post closure period are the responsibility of the City.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks but has chosen to retain the risks for employee health and medical claims. The City has also retained risk for workers' compensation claims for fiscal years July 1, 1985 through June 30, 1998 and July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2011. The Health Benefits and Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report this self-insurance activity. CIGNA administers the medical, Express Scripts administers the prescription and Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield administers the dental plan, for which the City pays a fee. All funds of the City contribute to the Internal Service Fund based upon actuarial and insurance carrier estimates. The claims liability of \$11,531,206 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2022 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

	Liability July 1,	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payment	Liability June 30,
2020-2021	\$ 11,866,150	\$ 39,252,696	\$ 40,179,780	\$ 10,939,066
2021-2022	10,939,066	42,360,150	41,768,010	11,531,206

Settled claims for all types of commercial coverage have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 12 FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,559	\$ 146,559
Prepays	14,002	-	-	14,002
Trust Purpose	-	-	1,215,190	1,215,190
Restricted For:				
Grants	-	-	5,755,201	5,755,201
Debt Service	-	-	916,624	916,624
Committed To:				
Landfill Closure	746,047	-	-	746,047
Compensated Absences	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000
Capital Improvements	-	353,477	-	353,477
Capital and Nonrecurring	-	3,541,165	-	3,541,165
Capital and Nonrecurring WPCA	-	7,971,044	-	7,971,044
Road Improvements	-	2,760,051	-	2,760,051
Coronavirus Recovery	-	8,367	-	8,367
Equipment	-	-	7,851,635	7,851,635
Education	-	-	2,629,038	2,629,038
Manross Memorial Library	-	-	1,154,081	1,154,081
Sewer	-	-	7,385,675	7,385,675
Solid Waste Disposal	-	-	480,111	480,111
Community Development	-	-	22,142	22,142
Pine Lake Challenge Course	-	-	49,497	49,497
Transfer Station	-	-	433,355	433,355
Open Space	-	-	4,087	4,087
Energy Efficiency	-	-	36,887	36,887
Centre Mall	-	-	542,919	542,919
Senior Citizens	-	-	230,408	230,408
Trust Purpose	-	-	111,220	111,220
Assigned To:				
Subsequent Year's Budget	-	-	-	-
General Government - Carryover	1,543,514	-	796,519	2,340,033
Mill Rate Stabilization Fund	8,200,294	-	-	8,200,294
General Government Encumbrances	708	-	-	708
Public Safety Encumbrances	153,323	-	-	153,323
Public Works Encumbrances	550,877	-	-	550,877
Parks and Recreation Encumbrances	22,692	-	-	22,692
Libraries Encumbrances	6,500	-	-	6,500
Unassigned	29,509,312	(10,871,224)	-	18,638,088
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 43,247,269</u>	<u>\$ 3,762,880</u>	<u>\$ 29,761,148</u>	<u>\$ 76,771,297</u>

Major encumbrances are reported in the assigned fund balance of the General Fund of \$734,100, in the committed fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund of \$38,834,342, and committed and restricted fund balance for Nonmajor Governmental Funds of \$2,368,936.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 13 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits. Based on Counsel's review of all asserted claims for damages, the City is of the opinion that resolution of all lawsuits against the City will not significantly affect its financial position.

The City participates in a number of state and federal grant programs that are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement of expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. As of June 30, 2022, the City is of the opinion that such reimbursements in respect of disallowed expenditures, if any, will not be significant.

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

City Plan

A. Plan Description

The City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees in accordance with City Council resolutions and bargaining agreements. All regular active employees who retire directly from the City and meet eligibility criteria may participate. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the various unions representing the employees. The other postemployment benefits plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this program.

At July 1, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree Healthcare Plan
Active Plan Members	1,519
Retired Members	567
Total Participants	<u>2,086</u>

B. Funding Policy

The City has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the postemployment benefits. The fund is reported as a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual actuarially determined contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

City Plan (Continued)

B. Funding Policy (Continued)

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

C. Investments

Investment Policy

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Investment Committee. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (9.56)%, an decrease from a rate of 22.32% in the prior year. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the City

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized a net OPEB liability of \$64,416,689, of which \$60,427,634 was reported in the governmental activities and \$3,989,055 in the business-type activities. The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 83,661,551
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>19,244,862</u>
Net OPEB Liability	<u><u>\$ 64,416,689</u></u>
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	 23.00 %

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

City Plan (Continued)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.70%
Salary Increases	Varies by group
Discount Rate	7.00%
Expected Return on Assets	7.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.10% to 4.20% over 53 years
Mortality Rates	PubT-2010 Mortality Table for Employees and Healthy Annuityants (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above) with generational projection of future improvements per the MP- 2019 Ultimate scale. The PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor Table projected generationally per the MP-2019 Ultimate scale and set forward 1 year for both males and females is used for survivors and beneficiaries. This assumption includes a margin for improvements in longevity beyond the valuation date.

Prior: For healthy retirees and beneficiaries, the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuityant rates blended from ages 50 to 80 projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) to rates over age 80.

All Others: RP-2000 Mortality Table for Employees and Healthy Annuityants with generational projection per Scale BB. This assumption includes a margin for mortality improvements beyond the valuation date.

Each of the assumptions used in this valuation (except for BOE Certified) was set based on a formal study of the pension plan's experience for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The arithmetic long-term expected real rate of return is 7.00%.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

City Plan (Continued)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation for each major asset as of June 30, 2022 is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Cash	11.63 %	(0.32)%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	2.62	1.26
U.S. Short Bonds	12.34	0.44
U.S. Interm Bonds	3.72	0.86
U.S. Long Bonds	3.58	1.37
U.S. High Yield Bonds	1.87	3.37
U.S. Large Caps	13.18	3.65
U.S. Large & Mid Cap Growth Equity	7.02	3.27
U.S. Large & Mid Cap GrValue Equity	5.92	3.64
U.S. Mid Caps Equity	1.42	3.66
U.S. Small Caps	4.55	3.89
U.S. Small and Mid Cap	1.42	3.75
Non-U.S. Equity	0.41	4.90
Foreign Developed Equity	11.67	4.52
Emerging Markets Equity	6.23	4.95
Private Real Estate Property	1.16	3.58
Private Equity	0.54	6.09
Commodities	0.71	0.59
Hedge FOF Diversified	10.01	2.23
Total	<u>100.00 %</u>	

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

City Plan (Continued)

F. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances - July 1, 2021	\$ 81,994,973	\$ 19,203,241	\$ 62,791,732
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	2,554,048	-	2,554,048
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	5,692,043	-	5,692,043
Effect of Plan Changes	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	-	-
Effect of Assumptions, Changes, or Inputs	-	-	-
Employer Contributions	-	7,858,513	(7,858,513)
Member Contributions	-	650,102	(650,102)
Net Investment Income	-	(1,879,121)	1,879,121
Benefit Payments	(6,579,513)	(6,579,513)	-
Administrative Expenses	-	(8,360)	8,360
Net Changes	<u>1,666,578</u>	<u>41,621</u>	<u>1,624,957</u>
Balances - June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 83,661,551</u>	<u>\$ 19,244,862</u>	<u>\$ 64,416,689</u>

G. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 70,766,247</u>	<u>\$ 64,416,689</u>	<u>\$ 58,454,543</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

City Plan (Continued)

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (4.10% Decreasing to 3.20%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (5.10% Decreasing to 4.20%)	1% Increase (6.10% Decreasing to 5.20%)
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 55,887,791</u>	<u>\$ 64,416,689</u>	<u>\$ 74,011,673</u>

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$8,178,264, of which \$7,705,600 was reported in the governmental activities and \$472,664 in the business-type activities. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 1,509,464	\$ 1,069,550	\$ 117,653	\$ 59,669	\$ 1,627,117	\$ 1,129,219
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	6,071,850	-	280,007	-	6,351,857	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	1,754,650	-	13,497	-	1,768,147	-
Total	<u>\$ 9,335,964</u>	<u>\$ 1,069,550</u>	<u>\$ 411,157</u>	<u>\$ 59,669</u>	<u>\$ 9,747,121</u>	<u>\$ 1,129,219</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 1,801,311	\$ 131,238	\$ 1,932,549
2024	1,753,135	131,238	1,884,373
2025	1,582,769	102,983	1,685,752
2026	2,126,518	(4,217)	2,122,301
2027	667,897	(9,754)	658,143
Thereafter	334,784	-	334,784

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at state schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the state statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

B. Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the state pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan
(Continued)**

B. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, state employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan
(Continued)**

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the state Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The state contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The state appropriates from the General Fund one-third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the state. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10 183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the state will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$399,209 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the City was as follows:

City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB		
Liability Associated with the City		22,073,028
Total		<u>\$ 22,073,028</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2022, the City has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan
(Continued)**

**E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$(815,087) in Exhibit II.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.125% for 2020, Decreasing to an Ultimate Rate of 4.50% by 2023
Salary Increases	3.00-6.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	2.17%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense, Including Inflation
Year Fund Net Position Will Be Depleted	2023

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The changes in the assumptions since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.21% to 2.17%
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated Medicare and prescription drug claim experience based on scheduled premium increases through calendar year 2024.

The changes in the benefit terms since the prior year are as follows:

- There were no changes to benefit terms in the two years preceding the measurement date.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan
(Continued)**

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10 Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.42%).

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.17% down from 2.21% in the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2023 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 14 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

**Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan
(Continued)**

H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

I. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

J. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN

City Retirement System

A. Plan Description

The City is the administrator of the City Retirement System Pension Plan a defined benefit single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). The PERS is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as pension trust fund. There are no stand-alone financial statements issued for the PERS. This plan was established and can be amended through collective bargaining or under the authority of the City Charter Ordinances.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

The management of the City retirement system is vested in a retirement board consisting of 12 members, as follows: A member of the City Council, a member of the Board of Finance, the comptroller, the treasurer, three electors of the City, none of whom shall be an officer or employee of the City, one member who shall be a member of the City's employees' local number 1338 of the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, one member who shall be a member of the City's employees' Bristol Professionals and Supervisors Association (BPSA), one member of the City's Bristol Police Union, one member of the City's Local Number 773 International Association of Firefighters, and the mayor, ex officio. All members, except the comptroller, the treasurer and the mayor, shall be nominated by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council. The members representing the City Council and the Board of Finance shall be appointed for terms of two years and three years, respectively. The other members of the retirement board shall be appointed for five-year terms. The term of office of each appointed member shall continue until a successor is appointed and has qualified. In the event of a vacancy on such board, such vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the member to be succeeded was appointed or elected. In no event shall any person remain a member of such retirement board except during the time he continues to be a member of the board or body from which he was appointed or elected.

At July 1, 2021, PERS membership consisted of:

	City of Bristol Retirement System
Retirees, Disabled, and Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	867
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits	
But Not Yet Receiving Them	163
Active Members	940
Total	1,970

The City of Bristol General Retirement System consists of three divisions serving and pertaining to full time City employees, excluding teachers, as follows:

The City of Bristol Employees division covers all full-time employees (except fire, police and teachers). The City provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of continuous service and can retire if their contributions remain in the fund upon termination and they reach normal retirement when their age plus years of service is equal to 80 with a minimum age of 55. The retirement benefit for life is 2.40% of average annual pay times the number of completed years of service. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions and interest are refunded.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Recently negotiated contracts provide for a modified benefit formula for new hires. The effective date of this provision varies by contract. Employees who retire at normal retirement receive a retirement benefit for life of 2.0% but in no event shall the total amount of the pension benefit exceed 72% of base pay. City employees hired after the applicable effective date per union contract contribute 7% of base pay on a pre-tax basis.

Firefighters' division covers all members of the Fire Department and provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all employees of the Fire Department are eligible to join. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of continuous service if their contributions remain in the fund. Fire employees who retire at normal retirement (the earlier of age 65 and 25 years of continuous service) receive a retirement benefit for life of 70% of base pay (including $\frac{1}{4}$ of an employee's unused sick leave paid out at the time of retirement). Benefit payments are adjusted annually to reflect salary increases granted to active employees in their bargaining group which is limited to a 2.25% increase per year. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions are refunded. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiations.

Police division covers all members of the Police Department and provides all retirement, death and disability benefits through a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all employees of the Police Department are eligible to join. Employees are 100% vested after 10 years of continuous service if their contributions remain in the fund upon termination. Police employees who retire at normal retirement (the earlier of age 65 or 25 years of continuous service) receive a retirement benefit for life of 70% of the compensation paid to the member in the year prior to his retirement. The pension benefit formula is 70% of a member's compensation (base pay). Base pay shall include 40% of an employee's unused sick leave paid out at the time of retirement if applicable, 25% for retirees prior to July 1, 2018.

Police retirees also receive automatic postretirement increases on retiree pensions. The pension is adjusted by the pay increase awarded to a then-active member in the same grade as the retiree last held. The cost-of-living escalation is limited to a 2.50% increase per year for retirees after July 1, 2018 and 2.25% for retirees prior to that date. Member's contributions are returnable on termination or on death while active, or after retirement (less any benefits paid), provided in each case that no death benefits are otherwise payable.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans. Administrative costs of the plans are paid from pension fund resources.

C. Contributions

Employees covered under the City of Bristol Employees Division are required to contribute 6% of pay. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions and interest are refunded. Depending on union contract, new hires contribute 7% effective July 1, 2018. Of the 6% (7% for new hires) 1.5% (1.75% for new hires) of City employee contributions are diverted to the City's OPEB Trust Fund if there is no City required contribution to the pension plan.

Fire employees are required to contribute 4% of their base pay to the PERS. After 25 years of service, employee contributions cease. Employees shall be fully vested after 10 years of continuous service. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions are refunded. Of the 4% contributions, 1% is diverted to the City's OPEB Trust Fund.

Police employees are required to contribute 6% of their base pay to the PERS. Employees hired after March 10, 2020 contribute 7% of base pay. Contribution to OPEB is 25% of their contribution. After 25 years of service, employee contributions cease. If an employee leaves employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions are refunded. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees.

The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City was not required to make a contribution for the current fiscal year. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiations.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Board. It is the policy of the Retirement Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

D. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Investments:

Boyd Watterson GSA Fund LP	\$39,654,433
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Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (9.6)%, a decrease from prior year rate of 30.90%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

E. Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the City

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized a net pension asset of \$133,129,092, of which \$127,978,637 was reported in the governmental activities and \$5,150,455 in the business-type activities. The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the City at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 570,475,065
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>703,604,157</u>
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u><u>\$ (133,129,092)</u></u>

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	123.34 %
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**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances - July 1, 2021	\$ 516,832,011	\$ 807,524,800	\$ (290,692,789)
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	11,529,653	-	11,529,653
Interest on Total Pension Liability	35,932,337	-	35,932,337
Effect of Plan Changes	-	-	-
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	5,092,953	-	5,092,953
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs	31,690,847	-	31,690,847
Employer Contributions	-	-	-
Member Contributions	-	2,837,424	(2,837,424)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	-	(75,942,113)	75,942,113
Benefit Payments	(30,602,736)	(30,602,736)	-
Administrative Expenses	-	(213,218)	213,218
Net Changes	<u>53,643,054</u>	<u>(103,920,643)</u>	<u>157,563,697</u>
Balances - June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 570,475,065</u>	<u>\$ 703,604,157</u>	<u>\$ (133,129,092)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	City of Bristol Retirement System
Actuarial Valuation Date	July 1, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	Age based
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

RP-2000 Mortality Table for Employees and Healthy Annuitants, with generational projection per Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and the best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Cash	0.49 %	(0.32)%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	15.00	1.26
U.S. High Yield Bonds	5.18	3.37
U.S. Large & Mid Cap Growth	19.30	3.27
U.S. Large & Mid Cap Value	13.97	3.64
U.S. Small and Mid Cap	8.12	3.75
Non-U.S. Equity	2.33	4.90
Foreign Developed Equity	6.89	4.52
Emerging Markets Equity	5.44	4.95
Private Real Estate Property	6.65	3.58
Private Equity	3.07	3.09
Commodities	4.09	0.59
Hedge FOF Diversified	9.47	2.23
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% down from 7.00% in the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension asset of the City's Pension Plans, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the City's Pension Plans net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to 5.50%	Current Discount Rate 6.50%	1% Increase to 7.50%
Net Pension Asset	\$ (67,316,672)	\$ (133,129,092)	\$ (186,382,280)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

As of June 30, 2022, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 5,400,815	\$ 306,642	\$ 983,814	\$ 59,176	\$ 6,384,629	\$ 365,818
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	36,067,185	49,752	2,056,535	-	38,123,720	49,752
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	31,296,442	-	1,446,728	-	32,743,170	-
Total	\$ 72,764,442	\$ 356,394	\$ 4,487,077	\$ 59,176	\$ 77,251,519	\$ 415,570

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$8,139,963, of which \$7,760,894 was reported in the governmental activities and \$379,069 in the business-type activities.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
2023	\$ 19,688,129	\$ 1,091,910	\$ 20,780,039
2024	14,793,926	953,089	15,747,015
2025	5,510,255	566,850	6,077,105
2026	31,840,643	1,669,897	33,510,540
2027	575,095	146,155	721,250
Thereafter	-	-	-

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

City Retirement System (Continued)

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Combining Schedule of Pension and OPEB Plans Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,943,854	\$ 4,553,672	\$ 16,497,526
Investments	691,682,428	14,612,190	706,294,618
Accounts Receivable	-	79,000	79,000
Total Assets	<u>703,626,282</u>	<u>19,244,862</u>	<u>722,871,144</u>
Liabilities:			
Vouchers Payable	22,125	-	22,125
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>22,125</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,125</u>
Net Position:			
Restricted for Pension Benefits	703,604,157	-	703,604,157
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	-	19,244,862	19,244,862
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 703,604,157</u>	<u>\$ 19,244,862</u>	<u>\$ 722,849,019</u>

Combining Schedule of Pension and OPEB Plans Changes in Plan Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ -	\$ 7,858,513	\$ 7,858,513
Plan Members	2,837,424	650,102	3,487,526
Other	-	-	-
Total Contributions	<u>2,837,424</u>	<u>8,508,615</u>	<u>11,346,039</u>
Investment Income:			
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments	(69,741,053)	(2,067,769)	(71,808,822)
Interest and Dividends	6,092,053	250,705	6,342,758
Total	<u>(63,649,000)</u>	<u>(1,817,064)</u>	<u>(65,466,064)</u>
Less: Investment Expense	(12,293,113)	(62,057)	(12,355,170)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	<u>(75,942,113)</u>	<u>(1,879,121)</u>	<u>(77,821,234)</u>
Total Additions	(73,104,689)	6,629,494	(66,475,195)
Deductions:			
Benefits	30,602,736	6,579,513	37,182,249
Administration	213,218	8,360	221,578
Total Deductions	<u>30,815,954</u>	<u>6,587,873</u>	<u>37,403,827</u>
Net Change	(103,920,643)	41,621	(103,879,022)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>807,524,800</u>	<u>19,203,241</u>	<u>826,728,041</u>
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 703,604,157</u>	<u>\$ 19,244,862</u>	<u>\$ 722,849,019</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the state statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of Credited Service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the three years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of Credited Service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times Credited Service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the state Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

C. Contributions (Continued)

Employer (School Districts) (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of “on-behalf” contributions made by the state was \$16,964,600 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	-
State’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City		202,601,183
Total		\$ 202,601,183

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2022, the City has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense and revenue of \$13,078,378 in Exhibit II.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	3.00-6.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, Including Inflation

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

- There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

- There were no changes in benefit provisions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return (Continued)

The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the state of Connecticut Treasurer’s Office are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Return	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity Fund	5.60 %	20.00 %
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.00	11.00
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	7.90	9.00
Core Fixed Income Fund	2.10	16.00
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1.10	5.00
Emerging Market Debt Fund	2.70	5.00
High Yield Bond Fund	4.00	6.00
Real Estate Fund	4.50	10.00
Private Equity	7.30	10.00
Alternative Investments	2.90	7.00
Liquidity Fund	0.40	1.00
Total		<u>100.00 %</u>

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that state contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 15 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 16 TAX ABATEMENTS

The City provides tax abatements through the State of Connecticut-sponsored Enterprise Zone Program and Urban Jobs Program, as well as through a City-sponsored Enterprise Zone Program for projects that fall within the state-designated Enterprise Zone area but which do not qualify for the state-sponsored Connecticut Enterprise Zone Program. In addition, the City exercises powers authorized under the City and Town Development Act and Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-65b to provide tax abatements for extraordinary projects or for projects that do not qualify for established programs.

The State-sponsored Enterprise Zone Program and the Urban Jobs Program provide real property tax abatements to encourage economic development. Both programs offer the opportunity for the City to receive partial reimbursement of the abated taxes via the State of Connecticut. The Connecticut Enterprise Zone Program and Urban Jobs Program are made possible by the City of Bristol's designation as a "Targeted Investment Community" or "Distressed Municipality" under Connecticut General Statutes Section 32-71. The State-sponsored Enterprise Zone Program is available to certain businesses undertaking major renovation projects within the State-designated Enterprise Zone that encompasses much of downtown Bristol. Eligible businesses include manufacturers, warehouse distributors and certain designated service-related businesses. The Urban Jobs Program is available outside geographic boundaries of the Enterprise Zone to manufacturers or distributors. The property tax abatement is for a five-year period and takes effect with the start of the first full assessment year following issuance of a "Certificate of Eligibility". For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, taxes abated through the State-sponsored Enterprise Zone Program totaled \$0 and taxes abated under the Urban Jobs Program totaled approximately \$325,480. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under these programs other than to apply for a percentage reimbursement of abated taxes through the State of Connecticut. No other commitments have been made by the City to the abatement recipients under these programs.

The City-Sponsored Enterprise Zone Program is for projects within the State-designated Enterprise Zone area in which the applicant need not be a manufacturer, warehouse distributor, or eligible service-related business. This is a local program, with no reimbursement from the State of Connecticut. To be eligible, commercial property must be improved to the extent of \$175,000 or greater. Program benefits are structured as a seven-year abatement of qualifying real and personal property improvements according to the following schedule: 100% (Year 1), 100% (Year 2), 50% (Year 3), 40% (Year 4), 30% (Year 5), 20% (Year 6), and 10% (Year 7). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, taxes abated through this program totaled approximately \$261,424.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 16 TAX ABATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

By the powers authorized under the City and Town Development Act and Connecticut General Statutes 12-65b, for period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022, the City abated approximately \$719,607 in real property taxes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022					
	Original		Amended		Variance	2021
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Actual	Over (Under)	Actual
Property Taxes:						
Current Levy	\$ 153,603	\$ -	\$ 153,603	\$ 153,905	\$ 302	\$ 150,669
Prior Levies	1,300	646	1,946	1,946	-	1,506
60-Day: GAAP	-	-	-	(252)	(252)	281
MV Supplemental	1,500	734	2,234	2,235	1	1,924
TIF District	-	88	88	88	-	38
Interest and Penalties	775	327	1,102	1,102	-	1,060
Total Property Taxes	157,178	1,795	158,973	159,024	51	155,478
Licenses, Permits, and Fees:						
Assessor's Late Filing Fees	1	-	1	2	1	2
Delinquent Fees	1	-	1	-	(1)	-
Circuit Court Fines	4	-	4	1	(3)	-
Dog Penalties	1	-	1	1	-	-
Merchandising Licenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal Licenses	7	-	7	12	5	7
Marriage Licenses	3	-	3	3	-	3
Fees	13	-	13	16	3	13
Liquor Permits	1	-	1	1	-	1
Notary Services	4	-	4	4	-	4
Burial Permits	5	-	5	5	-	5
Trade Names	1	-	1	1	-	1
Vital Statistics	120	-	120	137	17	131
Parking Violations	75	-	75	51	(24)	61
Alarm Fees	17	-	17	16	(1)	25
Police Report Fees	14	-	14	19	5	13
Bingo/Raffle Fees	12	-	12	9	(3)	5
Building Permits	1,225	750	1,975	1,976	1	2,082
PW Excavating Permits	10	-	10	7	(3)	8
Zoning Violations	2	-	2	-	(2)	-
Land Use Fees and Permits	18	-	18	34	16	26
Drop Box Fee	2	-	2	-	(2)	-
Library Fines	5	-	5	7	2	4
Total Licenses, Permits, and Fees	1,541	750	2,291	2,302	11	2,391
State and Federal Grants:						
State Grants-in-Aid:						
State Owned Property PILOT	48	-	48	48	-	48
Private Hospitals (PILOT)	381	458	839	839	-	381
Tax Relief Totally Disabled	15	-	15	14	(1)	14
Additional Tax Relief: Veterans	26	-	26	22	(4)	24
Enterprise Zone Reimbursement	170	-	170	169	(1)	244
Town Aid Road Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mashantucket Pequot Grant	400	-	400	400	-	400
Off-Track Betting	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022					2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	
State and Federal Grants (Continued):						
State Grants-in-Aid (Continued):						
Utilities Tax	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 93	\$ (7)	\$ 111
Municipal Stabilization Grant	235	-	235	235	-	235
Demand Response	-	57	57	57	-	57
Youth Services Bureau	42	-	42	42	-	42
Enhancement Services	-	13	13	13	-	-
Juvenile Diversion Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-
E911 Subsidy Grant	134	39	173	173	-	155
Dispatch Training Grant	6	-	6	2	(4)	2
School Readiness Grant/Quality Enhancement	-	2,971	2,971	2,960	(11)	2,911
Education Cost Sharing	41,657	-	41,657	41,621	(36)	41,539
Health Serv. PA 481/Private Sch Health Reimb.	150	95	245	245	-	232
COVID Grant	-	35	35	21	(14)	1,066
Liquor Bottle Deposit	-	-	-	41	41	-
Housing Authority (FED- PILOT)	110	-	110	114	4	116
FEMA-Tropical Storm ISAIS	-	-	-	38	38	-
Civil Preparedness	15	-	15	8	(7)	-
American Rescue Plan Funds School Read	-	80	80	80	-	-
Total State and Federal Grants	43,489	3,748	47,237	47,235	(2)	47,577
Charges for Services:						
Copier Charges	52	-	52	68	16	62
Water Reimbursement Fees	1	-	1	2	1	10
Foreclosure Reimbursement Fees	5	-	5	-	(5)	-
Recording Fees	280	130	410	411	1	428
Real Estate Transfer Tax (Conveyance Tax)	850	1,104	1,954	1,955	1	1,868
Department of Aging Services	4	-	4	5	1	1
Public Safety Charges for Services	873	1,403	2,276	2,333	57	2,397
Animal Control Charges	3	-	3	1	(2)	1
Miscellaneous Charges for Services	6	-	6	4	(2)	6
Public Works Service and Maps	385	-	385	423	38	422
Recycling Permits	24	-	24	29	5	29
City Building Rentals	146	-	146	144	(2)	123
Patching Charges	-	1	1	1	-	29
Pool Revenue	204	-	204	188	(16)	133
Park Program	317	-	317	237	(80)	138
Total Charges for Services	3,150	2,638	5,788	5,801	13	5,647
Investment Earnings:						
Interest - General Fund	400	-	400	275	(125)	258
Interest - Miscellaneous A/R	6	-	6	4	(2)	6
Total Investment Earnings	406	-	406	279	(127)	264
Sale of Property and Equipment	75	108	183	185	2	142

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022				Variance Over (Under)	2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Other Local Revenue:						
Miscellaneous	\$ 52	\$ 70	\$ 122	\$ 106	\$ (16)	\$ 189
Library Trust Funds	34	-	34	34	-	78
Park Trust Funds and Gifts	423	282	705	702	(3)	530
Total Other Local Revenue	509	352	861	842	(19)	797
Transfers In	3,246	21	3,267	3,267	-	618
 Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	<u>\$ 209,594</u>	<u>\$ 9,412</u>	<u>\$ 219,006</u>	218,935	<u>\$ (71)</u>	<u>\$ 212,914</u>

Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because:

State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions for City teachers not budgeted:

Pension	16,965
OPEB	399
Issuance of leases	1,016
Change in fair value of investments that is not budgeted	(1,216)
The Board of Education does not budget for intergovernmental grants, which are credited against education expense for budgetary reporting. These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditures for GAAP financial statement purposes.	3,562
Premium on bonds issued recorded in Mill Rate Stabilization Fund	1,260
Interest income for Mill Rate Stabilization Fund	82
Transfer from Mill Rate Stabilization Fund, which does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund in accordance with GASB No. 54 and must be combined with the General fund.	<u>(1,600)</u>

Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV

\$ 239,403

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022					2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance (Over) Under	
General Government:						
City Council:						
Personnel Services	\$ 61	\$ -	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ -	\$ 61
Mayor's Office:						
Personnel Services	195	(1)	194	190	4	189
Contractual Services	21	-	21	15	6	18
Supplies	1	-	1	-	1	-
Total Mayor's Office	<u>217</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>216</u>	<u>205</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>207</u>
Probate Court:						
Contractual Services	36	-	36	33	3	34
Supplies	8	-	8	6	2	5
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total Probate Court	<u>44</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>40</u>
Registrar's of Voters:						
Personnel Services	228	(27)	201	199	2	237
Contractual Services	38	(7)	31	27	4	9
Supplies	21	(9)	12	10	2	55
Total Registrar's of Voters	<u>287</u>	<u>(43)</u>	<u>244</u>	<u>236</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>301</u>
Assessor's:						
Personnel Services	463	18	481	477	4	443
Contractual Services	38	(5)	33	28	5	32
Supplies	2	4	6	6	-	2
Total Assessor's	<u>503</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>520</u>	<u>511</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>477</u>
Board of Assessment Appeals:						
Personnel Services	6	(1)	5	4	1	5
Contractual Services	-	1	1	1	-	-
Supplies	1	-	1	-	1	1
Total Board of Assessment Appeals	<u>7</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>
Tax Collector:						
Personnel Services	322	8	330	330	-	301
Contractual Services	70	(7)	63	62	1	53
Supplies	1	-	1	1	-	1
Total Tax Collector	<u>393</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>394</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>355</u>
Purchasing:						
Personnel Services	218	(1)	217	215	2	211
Contractual Services	9	1	10	9	1	7
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Purchasing	<u>227</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>218</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022				Variance (Over) Under	2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
General Government (Continued):						
Comptroller's Office:						
Personnel Services	\$ 819	\$ (13)	\$ 806	\$ 805	\$ 1	\$ 798
Contractual Services	15	-	15	14	1	10
Supplies	1	-	1	1	-	1
Other/Misc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comptroller's Office	<u>835</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>822</u>	<u>820</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>809</u>
Treasurer:						
Personnel Services	141	-	141	140	1	129
Contractual Services	9	-	9	8	1	7
Supplies	1	-	1	-	1	-
Other/Miscellaneous	5	(5)	-	-	-	-
Total Treasurer	<u>156</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>148</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>136</u>
Information Systems:						
Personnel Services	789	1	790	790	-	542
Contractual Services	626	(37)	589	570	19	562
Supplies	8	(1)	7	7	-	15
Total Information Systems	<u>1,423</u>	<u>(37)</u>	<u>1,386</u>	<u>1,367</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>1,119</u>
Human Resources:						
Personnel Services	360	9	369	368	1	346
Contractual Services	68	63	131	129	2	75
Purch. Prof. Services	8	2	10	10	-	13
Supplies	5	1	6	6	-	4
Total Human Resources	<u>441</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>438</u>
Corporation Counsel:						
Personnel Services	459	-	459	457	2	444
Contractual Services	170	(31)	139	136	3	113
Supplies	17	(5)	12	12	-	13
Total Corporation Counsel	<u>646</u>	<u>(36)</u>	<u>610</u>	<u>605</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>570</u>
City Clerk:						
Personnel Services	420	(32)	388	388	-	401
Contractual Services	70	(1)	69	65	4	49
Supplies	2	-	2	2	-	1
Total City Clerk	<u>492</u>	<u>(33)</u>	<u>459</u>	<u>455</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>451</u>
Board of Finance:						
Personnel Services	2	-	2	2	-	1
Contractual Services	85	(20)	65	65	-	85
Total Board of Finance	<u>87</u>	<u>(20)</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>86</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022				Variance (Over) Under	2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
General Government (Continued):						
Aging Department:						
Personnel Services	\$ 501	\$ (2)	\$ 499	\$ 499	\$ -	\$ 464
Contractual Services	193	56	249	246	3	190
Supplies	55	3	58	58	-	52
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Aging Department	<u>749</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>806</u>	<u>803</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>706</u>
City Memberships:						
Contractual Services	77	-	77	77	-	58
Community Promotions:						
Contractual Services	40	-	40	40	-	-
Other/Miscellaneous	25	(12)	13	13	-	24
Total Community Promotions	<u>65</u>	<u>(12)</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24</u>
Boards and Commissions:						
Personnel Services	6	1	7	7	-	6
Contractual Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Boards and Commissions	<u>6</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6</u>
Total General Government	6,716	(49)	6,667	6,589	78	6,068
Public Safety:						
Police Department:						
Personnel Services	16,238	1,147	17,385	17,373	12	16,951
Contractual Services	767	(6)	761	715	46	455
Benefits	187	(20)	167	166	1	172
Supplies	316	(57)	259	258	1	312
Capital Outlay	44	7	51	38	13	86
Total Police Department	<u>17,552</u>	<u>1,071</u>	<u>18,623</u>	<u>18,550</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>17,976</u>
Fire Department:						
Personnel Services	8,756	338	9,094	9,074	20	8,909
Contractual Services	138	136	274	243	31	277
Benefits	50	(3)	47	47	-	-
Supplies	249	49	298	296	2	139
Capital Outlay	58	(4)	54	54	-	65
Total Fire Department	<u>9,251</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>9,767</u>	<u>9,714</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>9,390</u>
Animal Control:						
Personnel Services	176	(8)	168	164	4	167
Contractual Services	9	-	9	7	2	6
Benefits	2	-	2	2	-	3
Supplies	5	1	6	6	-	5
Total Animal Control	<u>192</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>185</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>181</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022					2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance (Over) Under	
Public Safety (Continued):						
Emergency Management:						
Personnel Services	\$ 15	\$ -	\$ 15	\$ 14	\$ 1	\$ 13
Contractual Services	3	-	3	2	1	2
Supplies	12	-	12	3	9	4
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Emergency Management	<u>30</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>19</u>
Building Inspection:						
Personnel Services	631	7	638	627	11	569
Contractual Services	12	-	12	7	5	8
Supplies	9	-	9	7	2	5
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Building Inspection	<u>652</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>659</u>	<u>641</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>582</u>
Total Public Safety	27,677	1,587	29,264	29,103	161	28,148
Public Works:						
Administration:						
Personnel Services	395	(5)	390	389	1	372
Contractual Services	19	1	20	19	1	33
Supplies	2	-	2	2	-	3
Total Administration	<u>416</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>412</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>408</u>
Engineering:						
Personnel Services	852	(56)	796	793	3	794
Contractual Services	53	6	59	58	1	35
Supplies	7	-	7	4	3	6
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	9
Total Engineering	<u>912</u>	<u>(50)</u>	<u>862</u>	<u>855</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>844</u>
Land Use:						
Personnel Services	246	2	248	248	-	210
Contractual Services	13	27	40	37	3	15
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	1
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total Land Use	<u>259</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>288</u>	<u>285</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>227</u>
Building Maintenance:						
Personnel Services	596	12	608	604	4	566
Contractual Services	455	(98)	357	352	5	432
Supplies	118	15	133	130	3	123
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	10
Total Building Maintenance	<u>1,169</u>	<u>(71)</u>	<u>1,098</u>	<u>1,086</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>1,131</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022				Variance (Over) Under	2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Public Works (Continued):						
Streets Division:						
Personnel Services	\$ 2,014	\$ 26	\$ 2,040	\$ 2,040	\$ -	\$ 1,869
Contractual Services	28	1	29	28	1	38
Supplies	163	(26)	137	131	6	134
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Streets Division	<u>2,205</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,206</u>	<u>2,199</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>2,041</u>
Solid Waste Division:						
Personnel Services	1,119	(35)	1,084	1,082	2	1,032
Contractual Services	46	11	57	57	-	30
Supplies	52	17	69	68	1	67
Total Solid Waste Division	<u>1,217</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>1,210</u>	<u>1,207</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1,129</u>
Fleet Maintenance:						
Personnel Services	703	(100)	603	601	2	646
Contractual Services	398	(242)	156	147	9	185
Supplies	818	205	1,023	1,022	1	820
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	30
Total Fleet Maintenance	<u>1,919</u>	<u>(137)</u>	<u>1,782</u>	<u>1,770</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>1,681</u>
Snow Removal:						
Personnel Services	270	2	272	272	-	283
Contractual Services	328	(167)	161	160	1	260
Supplies	494	14	508	508	-	503
Capital Outlay	-	(61)	(61)	(61)	-	67
Total Snow Removal	<u>1,092</u>	<u>(212)</u>	<u>880</u>	<u>879</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1,113</u>
Major Road Improvements:						
Personnel Services	22	(4)	18	18	-	32
Contractual Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Major Road Improvements	<u>22</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32</u>
Railroad Maintenance:						
Contractual Services	64	33	97	96	1	76
Other City Buildings:						
Contractual Services	102	60	162	162	-	165
Supplies	4	-	4	3	1	4
Total Other City Buildings	<u>106</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>169</u>
Perm Patch Utility Trenches:						
Personnel Services	-	1	1	1	-	29

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022				Variance (Over) Under	2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Public Works (Continued):						
Fleet:						
Supplies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital Outlay	534	42	576	570	6	896
Total Fleet	534	42	576	570	6	896
Line Painting:						
Personnel Services	1	-	1	-	1	-
Contractual Services	100	-	100	100	-	100
Supplies	1	-	1	-	1	-
Total Line Painting	102	-	102	100	2	100
Storm Water Maintenance:						
Personnel Services	-	14	14	14	-	12
Contractual Services	-	7	7	7	-	6
Total Storm Water Maintenance	-	21	21	21	-	18
Street Lighting:						
Contractual Services	205	14	219	219	-	197
Total Public Works	10,222	(284)	9,938	9,881	57	10,091
Health and Welfare:						
Bristol-Burlington Health:						
Contractual Services	3,632	-	3,632	3,632	-	3,416
Health/SS Outside Agencies:						
Contractual Services	75	-	75	75	-	59
Other/Miscellaneous	13	-	13	13	-	13
Total Health/SS Outside Agencies	88	-	88	88	-	72
Cemetery Upkeep:						
Purch. Prof. Services	79	-	79	79	-	79
School Readiness Program:						
Personnel Services	-	100	100	100	-	94
Contractual Service	25	2,955	2,980	2,967	13	2,831
Total School Readiness Program	25	3,055	3,080	3,067	13	2,925
Total Health and Welfare	3,824	3,055	6,879	6,866	13	6,492

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022					2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance (Over) Under	
Libraries:						
Personnel Services	\$ 1,844	\$ (66)	\$ 1,778	\$ 1,770	\$ 8	\$ 1,743
Contractual Services	320	(23)	297	289	8	315
Supplies	305	(9)	296	286	10	297
Total Libraries	<u>2,469</u>	<u>(98)</u>	<u>2,371</u>	<u>2,345</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>2,355</u>
Parks, Recreation, Youth, and Comm. Services:						
Personnel Services	2,966	(131)	2,835	2,819	16	2,558
Contractual Services	587	46	633	577	56	560
Supplies	262	20	282	266	16	248
Capital Outlay	10	-	10	8	2	53
Other/Miscellaneous	44	(6)	38	36	2	32
General Insurance	64	2	66	66	-	58
Total Parks, Recreation, Youth, and Comm. Services	<u>3,933</u>	<u>(69)</u>	<u>3,864</u>	<u>3,772</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>3,509</u>
Employee Benefits and Pension:						
Retirement Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	31
Employee Benefits	1,946	1,568	3,514	3,508	6	2,951
Other Postemployment Benefit	1,200	-	1,200	1,200	-	1,300
Total Employee Benefits and Pension	<u>3,146</u>	<u>1,568</u>	<u>4,714</u>	<u>4,708</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>4,282</u>
General Insurance:						
General City Insurance	1,043	(34)	1,009	1,008	1	984
Miscellaneous:						
All Other Costs and Fees	1,391	(370)	1,021	356	665	402
Transfers to Other Funds:						
Special Revenue	2,156	2,795	4,951	4,951	-	6,362
Mill Rate Stabilization Fund	-	2,000	2,000	2,000	-	1,600
Debt Service	10,500	500	11,000	11,000	-	10,100
Capital Projects	450	119	569	569	-	2,710
Sinking Fund	176	-	176	176	-	250
Internal Service	14,241	17,973	32,214	32,214	-	31,646
Total Transfers to Other Funds	<u>27,523</u>	<u>23,387</u>	<u>50,910</u>	<u>50,910</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>52,668</u>

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR 2021
(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
(IN THOUSANDS)**

	2022				Variance (Over) Under	2021 Actual
	Original Budget	Adjustments	Amended Budget	Actual		
Board of Education:						
General Control	\$ 2,506	\$ 137	\$ 2,643	\$ 2,637	\$ 6	\$ 2,471
Instruction	49,176	(995)	48,181	48,181	-	47,043
Transportation	4,842	(225)	4,617	4,617	-	4,042
Operation of Plant	7,124	(56)	7,068	7,068	-	6,635
Maintenance of Plant	2,664	311	2,975	2,975	-	2,966
Benefits and Fixed	20,531	(17,675)	2,856	2,856	-	2,503
Athletics and Student	2,151	(121)	2,030	2,030	-	1,851
Capital Outlay	2,312	(229)	2,083	2,083	-	1,965
Special Education	33,246	296	33,542	33,542	-	30,252
Tuition	990	17	1,007	1,007	-	999
Other/Miscellaneous	(3,892)	82	(3,810)	(3,810)	-	(4,033)
Total Board of Education	<u>121,650</u>	<u>(18,458)</u>	<u>103,192</u>	<u>103,186</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>96,694</u>
Total	<u>\$ 209,594</u>	<u>\$ 10,235</u>	<u>\$ 219,829</u>	218,724	<u>\$ 1,105</u>	<u>\$ 211,693</u>

Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because:

State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions for City teachers not budgeted:

 Pension 16,965

 OPEB 399

Issuance of leases 1,016

The Board of Education does not budget for intergovernmental grants, which are credited against education expense for budgetary reporting. These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditures for GAAP financial statement purposes. 3,562

Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes but in the year received for financial reporting purposes (284)

Budgeted transfer to Mill Rate Stabilization Fund, which does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund in accordance with GASB No. 54 and must be combined with the General Fund (2,000)

Transfers out from Mill Rate Stabilization Fund to Debt Service Fund not included above 700

Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV

\$ 239,082

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
OPEB PLAN
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability:						
Service Cost	\$ 2,554,048	\$ 2,506,027	\$ 2,340,950	\$ 1,900,749	\$ 1,954,699	\$ 1,821,714
Interest	5,692,043	5,419,700	5,332,920	4,668,876	4,614,833	4,434,274
Effect of Plan Changes	-	-	-	1,759,188	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	2,160,599	-	(2,179,655)	-	851,289
Changes of Assumptions	-	304,628	-	11,321,902	548,793	-
Benefit Payments	(6,579,513)	(6,518,237)	(6,677,555)	(6,467,323)	(4,438,442)	(5,083,891)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	1,666,578	3,872,717	996,315	11,003,737	2,679,883	2,023,386
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	81,994,973	78,122,256	77,125,941	66,122,204	63,442,321	61,418,935
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	83,661,551	81,994,973	78,122,256	77,125,941	66,122,204	63,442,321
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:						
Contributions - Employer	7,858,513	7,818,237	8,127,555	7,917,323	5,801,097	6,583,891
Contributions - Member	650,102	600,849	436,072	390,715	56,308	54,072
Net Investment Income	(1,879,121)	3,235,041	(56,213)	540,355	380,520	445,223
Benefit Payments	(6,579,513)	(6,518,237)	(6,677,555)	(6,467,323)	(4,438,442)	(5,083,891)
Administrative Expense	(8,360)	(24,080)	(45,885)	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	41,621	5,111,810	1,783,974	2,381,070	1,799,483	1,999,295
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	19,203,241	14,091,431	12,307,457	9,926,387	8,126,904	6,127,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	19,244,862	19,203,241	14,091,431	12,307,457	9,926,387	8,126,904
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 64,416,689</u>	<u>\$ 62,791,732</u>	<u>\$ 64,030,825</u>	<u>\$ 64,818,484</u>	<u>\$ 56,195,817</u>	<u>\$ 55,315,417</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	23.00 %	23.42 %	18.04 %	15.96 %	15.01 %	12.81 %
Covered Payroll	\$ 105,287,835	\$ 105,287,835	\$ 105,156,160	\$ 105,156,160	\$ 98,287,369	\$ 98,287,369
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	61.18 %	59.64 %	60.89 %	61.64 %	57.18 %	56.28 %

Notes to Schedule:

Assumption Changes:

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
OPEB PLAN
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 8,664,061	\$ 8,411,459	\$ 8,280,600	\$ 7,208,338	\$ 6,234,993	\$ 7,256,765	\$ 7,308,579	\$ 7,008,204	\$ 9,322,000	\$ 7,528,000
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	<u>7,858,513</u>	<u>7,818,237</u>	<u>8,127,555</u>	<u>7,917,323</u>	<u>5,801,097</u>	<u>6,583,891</u>	<u>3,961,206</u>	<u>3,156,480</u>	<u>4,446,594</u>	<u>4,456,576</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ 805,548</u>	<u>\$ 593,222</u>	<u>\$ 153,045</u>	<u>\$ (708,985)</u>	<u>\$ 433,896</u>	<u>\$ 672,874</u>	<u>\$ 3,347,373</u>	<u>\$ 3,851,724</u>	<u>\$ 4,875,406</u>	<u>\$ 3,071,424</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 105,287,835	\$ 105,287,835	\$ 105,156,160	\$ 105,156,160	\$ 98,287,369	\$ 98,287,369	\$ 96,520,538	\$ 96,520,538	\$ 88,563,000	\$ 88,563,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.46 %	7.43 %	7.73 %	7.53 %	5.90 %	6.70 %	4.10 %	3.27 %	5.02 %	5.03 %

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2020
 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022
 Valuation Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal
 Amortization Method: Level Dollar, Closed
 Remaining Amortization Period: 18 Years
 Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value
 Inflation: 2.70%
 Salary Increases: Varies by Group
 Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%
 Cost of Living Adjustment: N/A
 Healthcare trend rates: 5.10% to 4.20% over 53 years
 Mortality: BOE Certified#: PubT-2010 Mortality table for Employees and Healthy Annuitants with generational projection of future improvements per the MP-2019 Ultimate scale.
 Prior: BOE Certified#: For healthy retirees and beneficiaries, the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80 projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) to rates over age 80. This assumption includes a margin for mortality improvement beyond the valuation date.
 All Others: RP-2000 Mortality Table for Employees and Healthy Annuitants with generational projection per Scale BB. This assumption includes a margin for mortality improvements beyond the valuation date.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
 SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS
 OPEB PLAN
 LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS***

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	(9.56)%	23.22 %	(0.44)%	4.92 %	4.31 %	6.83 %

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS***

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	-	-	-	-	-
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the City	<u>22,073,028</u>	<u>38,153,599</u>	<u>36,629,540</u>	<u>36,202,980</u>	<u>49,154,327</u>
Total	<u>\$ 22,073,028</u>	<u>\$ 38,153,599</u>	<u>\$ 36,629,540</u>	<u>\$ 36,202,980</u>	<u>\$ 49,154,327</u>
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 56,237,175	\$ 58,925,072	\$ 54,241,694	\$ 56,863,119	\$ 56,374,579
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-	-	-	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	6.11 %	2.50 %	2.08 %	1.49 %	1.79 %

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms	None
Changes of Assumptions	Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2021 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2021; Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience based on scheduled premium increases
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll over an open period
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	Fair value of assets
Investment Rate of Return	3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation
Price Inflation	2.75%

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

* The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
CITY OF BRISTOL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability:									
Service Cost	\$ 11,529,653	\$ 10,510,065	\$ 10,078,318	\$ 9,602,581	\$ 9,104,904	\$ 9,177,475	\$ 8,277,518	\$ 8,034,547	\$ 7,964,316
Interest on Total Pension Liability	35,932,337	34,274,749	32,854,841	31,656,104	30,841,588	29,232,077	28,136,062	27,281,639	26,593,867
Effect of Plan Changes	-	1,187,130	(30,584)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	5,092,953	1,502,734	2,937,892	(178,621)	(5,688,780)	5,571,684	(2,130,022)	(4,305,301)	-
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs	31,690,847	11,755,196	8,072,260	7,471,588	7,044,151	6,729,043	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(30,602,736)	(28,768,219)	(27,091,735)	(25,638,387)	(24,245,472)	(23,012,190)	(22,398,939)	(21,687,626)	(20,636,951)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	53,643,054	30,461,655	26,820,992	22,913,265	17,056,391	27,698,089	11,884,619	9,323,259	13,921,232
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	516,832,011	486,370,356	459,549,364	436,636,099	419,579,708	391,881,619	379,997,000	370,673,741	356,752,509
Total Pension Liability - Ending	570,475,065	516,832,011	486,370,356	459,549,364	436,636,099	419,579,708	391,881,619	379,997,000	370,673,741
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:									
Employer Contributions	-	-	-	-	2,617,369	1,064,936	44,000	127,325	227,500
Member Contributions	2,837,424	2,613,269	2,478,107	2,234,181	2,781,706	2,654,883	2,582,644	2,419,097	2,488,640
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(75,942,113)	193,857,287	11,435,778	30,248,708	57,843,541	66,698,627	(9,656,082)	(4,242,226)	79,063,132
Benefit Payments	(30,602,736)	(28,768,219)	(27,091,735)	(25,638,387)	(24,245,472)	(23,012,190)	(22,398,939)	(21,687,626)	(21,156,744)
Administrative Expenses	(213,218)	(388,010)	(449,831)	(177,904)	(190,448)	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(103,920,643)	167,314,327	(13,627,681)	6,666,598	38,806,696	47,406,256	(29,428,377)	(23,383,430)	60,622,528
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	807,524,800	640,210,473	653,838,154	647,171,556	608,364,860	560,958,604	590,386,981	613,770,411	553,147,883
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	703,604,157	807,524,800	640,210,473	653,838,154	647,171,556	608,364,860	560,958,604	590,386,981	613,770,411
Net Pension Asset - Ending	\$ (133,129,092)	\$ (290,692,789)	\$ (153,840,117)	\$ (194,288,790)	\$ (210,535,457)	\$ (188,785,152)	\$ (169,076,985)	\$ (210,389,981)	\$ (243,096,670)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	123.34 %	156.25 %	131.63 %	142.28 %	148.22 %	144.99 %	143.14 %	155.37 %	165.58 %
Covered Payroll	\$ 53,660,972	\$ 52,204,668	\$ 51,163,929	\$ 49,004,030	\$ 48,452,620	\$ 44,945,681	\$ 45,357,037	\$ 44,715,823	\$ 44,891,754
Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	(248.09)%	(556.83)%	(300.68)%	(396.48)%	(434.52)%	(420.03)%	(372.77)%	(470.50)%	(541.52)%
Notes to Schedule:									
Assumption Changes:									
Discount Rate	6.5%;	Prior: 7.00%							

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
CITY OF BRISTOL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,617,369	\$ 756,393	\$ 352,453	\$ 507,245	\$ 604,612	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	-	-	-	-	2,617,369	1,064,936	44,000	127,325	227,500	-
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (308,543)	\$ 308,453	\$ 379,920	\$ 377,112	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 53,660,972	\$ 52,204,668	\$ 51,163,929	\$ 49,004,030	\$ 48,452,620	\$ 44,945,681	\$ 45,357,037	\$ 44,715,823	\$ 44,891,754	\$ 44,638,648
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	- %	- %	- %	- %	5.40 %	2.37 %	0.10 %	0.28 %	0.51 %	- %

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2021
 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022
 Valuation Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine

Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal
 Amortization Method: Level Dollar, Open
 Remaining Amortization Period: 20 years
 Asset Valuation Method: 5-years smoothed fair value, non-asymptotic, Corridor - none
 Inflation: 2.40%
 Salary Increases: City: Age graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.00%
 Fire and Police: Age graded salary growth with an ultimate rate of 3.25%
 Investment Rate of Return: 6.5%, Prior: 7.0%
 Cost of Living Adjustment: City: None

Retirement Age: Fire and Police: 3%
 City: Rates based on age and service
 Fire: Rates based on age
 Police: Rates based on age and service

Turnover: City: Rates based on age; Fire and Police: None
 Mortality: City: PubG-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the PM-2019 ultimate scale
 Fire and Police: PubG-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the PM-2019 ultimate scale

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS
CITY OF BRISTOL RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS***

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	(9.60)%	30.90 %	1.89 %	4.71 %	8.81 %	12.06 %	(2.47)%	0.52 %	15.44 %

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS***

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	202,601,183	255,806,837	234,871,528	181,099,594	190,973,158	201,478,144	152,907,734	141,332,557
Total	<u>\$ 202,601,183</u>	<u>\$ 255,806,837</u>	<u>\$ 234,871,528</u>	<u>\$ 181,099,594</u>	<u>\$ 190,973,158</u>	<u>\$ 201,478,144</u>	<u>\$ 152,907,734</u>	<u>\$ 141,332,557</u>
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 56,237,175	\$ 58,925,072	\$ 54,241,694	\$ 56,863,119	\$ 56,374,579	\$ 58,343,820	\$ 56,044,000	\$ 54,605,000
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	60.77 %	49.24 %	52.00 %	57.69 %	55.93 %	52.26 %	59.50 %	61.51 %

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms	None
Changes of Assumptions	None
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay, closed, grading to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation
Single Equivalent Amortization Period	30 Years
Asset Valuation Method	4-Year Smoothed Fair Value
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	3.25%-6.50%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%, Net of Investment Related Expense

Note: Measurement date is one year prior to report date

* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

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Appendix B

Form of Opinion of Bond Counsel

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APPENDIX B – FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

April __, 2023

City of Bristol
111 North Main Street
Bristol, CT 06010

We have acted as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance by the City of Bristol, Connecticut (the “City”), of its \$ _____ General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2023 (the “Bonds”) dated April __, 2023. In such capacity, we have examined a record of proceedings of the City authorizing the Bonds, a Tax Regulatory Agreement of the City dated the date hereof (the “Agreement”), such law and such other proceedings, certifications, and documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

We are of the opinion that when the Bonds are duly certified by U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, the Bonds will be valid and legally binding general obligations of the City payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the City without limitation as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to Connecticut statutes. We are further of the opinion that the Agreement is a valid and binding agreement of the City and was duly authorized by the City.

The rights of the holders of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), establishes certain requirements that must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. In the Agreement, the City has made covenants and representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code. The City has covenanted in the Agreement that it will at all times comply with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds to ensure that interest on the Bonds shall not be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds, including covenants regarding, among other matters, the use, expenditure and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds.

In rendering the below opinions regarding the federal treatment of interest on the Bonds, we have relied upon and assumed (i) the material accuracy of the representations, statements of intention and reasonable expectations, and certifications of fact contained in the Agreement, and (ii) continuing compliance by the City with the covenants set forth in the Agreement as to such tax matters.

In our opinion, under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes; and (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. We express no opinion regarding other federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Bonds.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other state income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Bonds.

We express no opinion herein regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Preliminary Official Statement, the Official Statement and other offering material relating to the Bonds.

The foregoing opinion is based upon existing laws, regulations, rules and court decisions. We undertake no responsibility to inform you of changes in law or fact occurring after the date hereof which may affect the conclusions herein. In addition, we have not undertaken to advise in the future whether any events after the date of issuance of the Bonds, including the adoption of federal tax legislation, may affect the tax status of interest on the Bonds.

Respectfully,

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC

Appendix C

Form of Continuing Disclosure Agreement

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APPENDIX C - FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the City will agree, pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by the City substantially in the following form, to provide, or cause to be provided, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, notice of the occurrence of certain events with respect to the Bonds and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the City to provide the required annual financial information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement ("Agreement") is made as of April __, 2023 by the City of Bristol, Connecticut (the "Issuer") acting by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, in connection with the issuance of \$ _____ General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2023, dated as of April __, 2023 (the "Bonds"), for the benefit of the beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds.

Section 1. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Final Official Statement" means the official statement of the Issuer dated March __, 2023 prepared in connection with the Bonds.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor thereto.

"Repository" means the MSRB or any other information repository established pursuant to the Rule as amended from time to time.

"Rule" means Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the date of this Agreement.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States, or any successor thereto.

Section 2. Annual Financial Information.

(a) The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided to each Repository, in accordance with the provisions of the Rule and of this Agreement, annual financial information and operating data (commencing with information and data for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023) as follows:

(i) Financial statements of the Issuer's general fund for the prior fiscal year which statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or mandated state statutory principles as in effect from time to time. As of the date of this Agreement, the Issuer prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The financial statements will be audited

(ii) The following financial information and operating data to the extent not included in the financial statements described in (i) above:

(A) amounts of the net taxable grand list applicable to the fiscal year,

- (B) listing of the ten largest taxpayers on the applicable grand list, together with each such taxpayer's taxable valuation thereon,
- (C) percentage of the annual property tax levy uncollected as of the close of the fiscal year,
- (D) schedule of annual debt service on outstanding long-term bonded indebtedness as of the close of the fiscal year,
- (E) calculation of total direct debt and total net debt as of the close of the fiscal year,
- (F) total direct debt and total net debt of the Issuer per capita,
- (G) ratios of the total direct debt and total net debt of the Issuer to the Issuer's net taxable grand list,
- (H) statement of statutory debt limitation as of the close of the fiscal year, and
- (I) funding status of the pension benefit obligation.

(b) The financial information and operating data described above will be provided on or before the date eight months after the close of the fiscal year for which such information is being provided (the "Filing Due Date"). The Issuer's fiscal year currently ends on June 30. The Issuer reserves the right to provide unaudited financial statements if audited financial statements are not available as of the Filing Due Date, provided that the Issuer shall promptly provide audited financial statements when available.

(c) Annual financial information and operating data may be provided in whole or in part by cross-reference to other documents available to the public on the MSRB's Internet Web site referenced in the Rule as amended from time to time or filed with the SEC. All or a portion of the financial information and operating data may be provided in the form of a comprehensive annual financial report.

(d) The Issuer reserves the right (i) to provide financial statements which are not audited if no longer required by law, (ii) to modify from time to time the format of the presentation of such information or data, and (iii) to modify the accounting principles it follows to the extent required by law, by changes in generally accepted accounting principles, or by changes in accounting principles adopted by the Issuer; provided that the Issuer agrees that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule.

Section 3. Notice of Certain Events.

The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, to each Repository notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds:

- (e) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (f) non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (g) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (h) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;

- (i) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (j) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
- (k) modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds, if material;
- (l) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- (m) Bond defeasances;
- (n) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;
- (o) rating changes;
- (p) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
- (q) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (r) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (s) incurrence of a financial obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
- (t) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

Events (d) and (e). The Issuer does not undertake to provide any notice with respect to credit enhancement added after the primary offering of the Bonds, unless the Issuer applies for or participates in obtaining the enhancement.

Event (f). Event (f) is relevant only to the extent interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Event (h). The Issuer does not undertake to provide the above-described event notice of a mandatory scheduled redemption, not *otherwise* contingent upon the occurrence of an event, if (A) the terms, dates and amounts of redemption are set forth in detail in the Final Official Statement, (B) the sole matter to be determined is which of the Bonds will be redeemed in the case of a partial redemption, (C) notice of redemption is given to the holders of the Bonds to be redeemed as required under the terms of the Bonds, and (D) public notice of redemption is given pursuant to Exchange Act Release No. 23856 of the SEC, even if the originally scheduled amounts are reduced due to prior optional redemptions or Bond purchases.

Events (o) and (p). The term “financial obligation” is defined as a (i) debt obligation, (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with or pledged as security or a source of payment for an existing or planned debt obligation, or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term financial obligation does not include municipal securities for which a final official statement has been filed with MSRB pursuant to the Rule.

Section 4. Notice of Failure to Provide Annual Financial Information.

The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner, to each Repository notice of any failure by the Issuer to provide annual financial information as set forth in Section 2(a) hereof on or before the date set forth in Section 2(b) hereof.

Section 5. Use of Agents.

Annual financial information and operating data and notices to be provided pursuant to this Agreement may be provided by the Issuer or by any agents which may be employed by the Issuer for such purpose from time to time.

Section 6. Termination.

The obligations of the Issuer under this Agreement shall terminate upon the earlier of (i) payment or legal defeasance, at maturity or otherwise, of all of the Bonds, or (ii) such time as the Issuer ceases to be an obligated person with respect to the Bonds within the meaning of the Rule.

Section 7. Enforcement.

The Issuer acknowledges that the undertakings set forth in this Agreement are intended to be for the benefit of, and enforceable by, the beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds. In the event the Issuer shall fail to perform its duties hereunder, the Issuer shall have the option to cure such failure within a reasonable time (but not exceeding 30 days with respect to the undertakings set forth in Section 2 of this Agreement or five business days with respect to the undertakings set forth in Sections 3 and 4 of this Agreement) from the time the Issuer's Comptroller, or a successor, receives written notice from any beneficial owner of the Bonds of such failure. The present address of the Comptroller is Bristol City Hall, 111 North Main Street, Bristol, Connecticut 06010.

In the event the Issuer does not cure such failure within the time specified above, the beneficial owner of any Bonds shall be entitled only to the remedy of specific performance. The parties expressly acknowledge and agree that no monetary damages shall arise or be payable hereunder nor shall any failure to comply with this Agreement constitute an event of default with respect to the Bonds.

Section 8. Miscellaneous.

(u) All documents provided by the Issuer to a Repository pursuant to the Issuer's undertakings set forth in Sections 2, 3 and 4 of this Agreement shall be in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time and shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time.

(v) The Issuer shall have no obligation to provide any information, data or notices other than as set forth in this Agreement; provided, however, nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as prohibiting the Issuer from providing such additional information, data or notices from time to time as it deems appropriate in connection with the Bonds. If the Issuer elects to provide any such additional information, data or notices, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update or continue to provide further additional information, data or notices of the type so provided.

(w) This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Connecticut.

(x) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change of circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer, and is supported by an opinion of counsel expert in federal securities laws, to the effect that (i) such amendment or waiver would not materially adversely affect the beneficial owners of the Bonds, and (ii) the provisions of the Agreement as so amended or waived would have complied with the requirements of the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule as well as any changes in circumstances, in each case as of the date of such amendment to the Agreement or waiver. A copy of any such amendment or waiver will be filed in a timely manner with each Repository. The annual financial information provided on the first date following adoption of any such amendment will explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating or financial information provided.

(y) This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument.

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT

By _____
JEFFREY J. CAGGIANO
Mayor

By _____
DIANE M. WALDRON
Agent of the Board of Finance

By _____
DIANE M. WALDRON
Comptroller

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Appendix D

Notice of Sale

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NOTICE OF SALE

**CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
\$30,000,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2023
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY**

NOTICE IS GIVEN that ELECTRONIC BIDS solely via **PARITY**® will be received by the CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT (the “Issuer”), until 11:30 A.M. (E.T.) on WEDNESDAY,

MARCH 22, 2023

(the “Sale Date”) for the purchase, when issued, of all (but not less than all) of the Issuer’s \$30,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2023, dated April 4, 2023 (the “Bonds”), at no less than par and accrued interest from the date of the Bonds to the date of delivery, if any, maturing on October 1 in the principal amounts and in each of the years as follows:

<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount (\$)</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount (\$)</u>
2024	1,100,000	2034	1,650,000
2025	1,500,000	2035	1,650,000
2026	1,500,000	2036	1,650,000
2027	1,500,000	2037	1,650,000
2028	1,500,000	2038	1,650,000
2029	1,600,000	2039	1,650,000
2030	1,600,000	2040	1,650,000
2031	1,600,000	2041	1,650,000
2032	1,600,000	2042	1,650,000
2033	1,650,000		

The Bonds will bear interest commencing October 1, 2023 and semiannually thereafter on April 1 and October 1 in each year until maturity, as further described in the Preliminary Official Statement (as hereinafter defined), at the rate or rates per annum specified by the winning bidder.

Optional Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or before October 1, 2030 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing October 1, 2031 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, on or after October 1, 2030, either in whole or in part at any time, in such order of maturity and amount as the Issuer may determine, and by lot within a maturity, at the respective prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the Bonds to be redeemed) set forth in the following table, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:

<u>Period During Which Redeemed</u>	<u>Redemption Price</u>
October 1, 2030 and thereafter	100.0%

Nature of Obligation

The Bonds will constitute general obligations of the Issuer, and the Issuer will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. Unless paid from other sources, the Bonds are payable from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Issuer without limit as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended.

Bank Qualification

The Bonds SHALL NOT be designated by the Issuer as qualified tax exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Bonds.

Registration

The Bonds will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of bond certificates made to the public. The Bonds will be issued in registered form and one bond certificate for each maturity will be issued to The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, registered in the name of its nominee, Cede & Co., and immobilized in its custody. A book-entry system will be employed, evidencing ownership of the Bonds in principal amounts of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of DTC and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures adopted by DTC and its participants. The purchaser, as a condition to delivery of the Bonds, will be required to deposit the bond certificates with DTC, registered in the name of Cede & Co. Principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Issuer or its agent to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. Principal and interest payments by DTC to participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; principal and interest payments to beneficial owners by participants of DTC will be the responsibility of such participants and other nominees of beneficial owners. The Issuer will not be responsible or liable for payments by DTC to its participants or by DTC participants or indirect participants to beneficial owners or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its participants or persons acting through such participants. Upon receipt from the Issuer, the Paying Agent will pay principal of and interest on the Bonds directly to DTC so long as DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co, is the bondholder.

In the event that (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds and the Issuer fails to identify another qualified securities depository to replace DTC, or (b) the Issuer determines to discontinue the book-entry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Bonds, the Issuer will authenticate and deliver replacement Bonds in the form of fully registered certificates. Any such replacement Bonds will provide that interest will be payable by check mailed by the Paying Agent to the registered owner whose name appears on the registration books of the Issuer as of the close of business on the record date preceding each interest payment date. The record dates for the Bonds will be the fifteenth day of March and September, or the preceding business day if such fifteenth day is not a business day, in each year.

Proposals

Each bid must be for the entire \$30,000,000 of the Bonds. Each proposal must specify the amount bid for the Bonds (which shall be the aggregate par value of the Bonds, and, at the option of the bidder, a premium), and must specify in a multiple of one-twentieth of one percent (1/20 of 1%) or one-eighth of one percent (1/8 of 1%) the rate or rates of interest per annum which the Bonds are to bear, provided that such proposal shall not state (a) more than one interest rate for any Bonds having a like maturity or (b) any interest rate for any Bonds of one maturity which exceeds the interest rate stated in such proposal for Bonds of a different maturity by more than three (3) percentage points. In addition to the amount bid for the Bonds, the purchaser must pay an amount equal to the interest on the Bonds accrued to the date of delivery. For the purpose of the bidding process, the time as maintained on *PARITY*® shall constitute the official time. For information purposes only, bidders are requested to state in their bids the true interest cost (“TIC”) to the Issuer, as described under “Basis of Award” below, represented by the rate or rates of interest and the bid price specified in their respective bids. Interest shall be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. No proposal for less than par and accrued interest to the date of delivery will be considered.

Basis of Award; Right to Reject Proposals; Waiver; Postponement; Change of Terms

Unless all bids are rejected, as between proposals which comply with this Notice of Sale, the Bonds will be awarded to the bidder whose bid proposes the lowest true interest cost (“TIC”) to the Issuer. The TIC will be the annual interest rate, compounded semiannually, which, when used to discount all payments of principal and interest payable on the Bonds results in an amount equal to the purchase price for the Bonds, excluding interest accrued to the date of delivery. If there is more than one bidder making said offer at the same lowest TIC, the Bonds will be sold to the bidder whose proposal is selected by the Issuer by lot from among all such proposals. It is requested that each proposal be accompanied by a statement of the percentage of TIC computed and rounded to six decimal places. Such statement shall not be considered as part of the proposal. The purchase price must be paid in immediately available federal funds.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to reject any proposal not complying with this Notice of Sale and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any proposal.

The Issuer further reserves the right to postpone the sale to another time and date in its sole discretion for any reason, including Internet difficulties. The Issuer will use its best efforts to notify prospective bidders in a timely manner of any need for a postponement. Upon the establishment of an alternative sale date, any bidder may submit proposals for the purchase of the Bonds in accordance with the provisions of this Notice of Sale.

CUSIP Numbers

The deposit of the Bonds with DTC under a book-entry system requires the assignment of CUSIP numbers prior to delivery. It shall be the responsibility of Phoenix Advisors LLC to obtain CUSIP numbers for the Bonds prior to delivery, and Phoenix Advisors, LLC, will provide the CUSIP Service Bureau with the final details of the sale, including the identity of the winning bidder. The Issuer will not be responsible for any delay occasioned by the inability to deposit the Bonds with DTC due to the failure of Phoenix Advisors, LLC to obtain such numbers and to supply them to the Issuer in a timely manner. Neither the failure to print such CUSIP number on any bond, nor any error with respect thereto, shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds shall be paid for by the Issuer; provided, however, that the Issuer assumes no responsibility for any CUSIP Service Bureau charge or other charge that may be imposed for the assignment of such numbers, which charges shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the purchaser.

Electronic Proposals Bidding Procedure

Electronic bids for the purchase of the Bonds must be submitted through the facilities of **PARITY®**. Any prospective bidder must be a subscriber of i-Deal's BiDCOMP competitive bidding system. Further information about **PARITY®**, including any fee charged, may be obtained from **PARITY®**, c/o i-Deal LLC, 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, Attention: Customer Support (telephone: (212) 849-5021 – email notice: parity@i-deal.com). The Issuer neither will confirm any subscription nor be responsible for any failure of a prospective bidder to subscribe.

Once an electronic bid made through the facilities of **PARITY®** is communicated to the Issuer, it shall constitute an irrevocable offer, in response to this Notice, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by the signed, sealed bid delivered to the Issuer. By submitting a bid for the Bonds via **PARITY®**, the bidder represents and warrants to the Issuer that such bidder's bid for the purchase of the Bonds is submitted for and on behalf of such prospective bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the prospective bidder by an irrevocable offer and that acceptance of such bid by the Issuer will bind the bidder by a legal, valid and enforceable contract, for the purchase of the Bonds on the terms described in this Notice. **The Issuer shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of PARITY®, or the inaccuracies of any information, including bid information or worksheets supplied by PARITY®, the use of PARITY® facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder. Each Bidder is solely responsible for knowing the terms of the sale as set forth herein.**

Disclaimer. Each of **PARITY®** prospective electronic bidders shall be solely responsible to make necessary arrangements to access **PARITY®** for the purpose of submitting its bid in a timely manner and in compliance with the requirements of this Notice. Neither the Issuer nor **PARITY®** shall have any duty or obligation to undertake such arrangements to bid for any prospective bidder or to provide or assure such access to any prospective bidder, and neither the Issuer or **PARITY®** shall be responsible for a bidder's failure to make a bid or for the proper

operation of, or have any liability for any delays or interruptions of, or any damages caused by, **PARITY®**. The Issuer is using **PARITY®** as a communication mechanism, and not as the Issuer's agent, to conduct the electronic bidding for the Bonds. The Issuer is not bound by any advice and determination of **PARITY®** to the effect that any particular bid complies with the terms of this Notice and in particular the bid requirements herein set forth. All costs and expenses incurred by prospective bidders in connection with their subscription to, arrangements with and submission of bids via **PARITY®** are the sole responsibility of the bidders; and the Issuer is not responsible directly or indirectly, for any of such costs or expenses. If the prospective bidder encounters any difficulty in arranging to bid or submitting, modifying or withdrawing a bid for the Bonds, the prospective bidder should telephone **PARITY®** at (212) 849-5021. If any provision of this Notice shall conflict with information provided by **PARITY®**, this Notice shall control.

For the purpose of the electronic bidding process, the time maintained on **PARITY®** shall constitute the official time.

Certifying Agent, Registrar, Paying Agent and Transfer Agent

The Bonds will be authenticated by U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Hartford, Connecticut. U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association will also act as Registrar, Paying Agent and Transfer Agent.

Delivery, Payment and Closing Requirements

At or prior to the delivery of the Bonds the purchaser shall be furnished, without cost, with (a) the approving opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel ("Bond Counsel") (see "Bond Counsel Opinion" below); (b) a signature and no litigation certificate, in form satisfactory to said firm, dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, and stating that there is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of the signer or signers thereof threatened, affecting the validity of the Bonds or the power of the Issuer to levy and collect taxes to pay them; (c) a signed copy of the Official Statement prepared for this bond issue; (d) a certificate of Issuer Officials relating to the accuracy and completeness of the Official Statement; (e) a Continuing Disclosure Agreement; and (f) a receipt of payment for the Bonds.

The Bonds will be delivered against payment in immediately available federal funds through the facilities of DTC, New York, New York or its agent via Fast Automated Securities Transfer ("FAST") on or about April 4, 2023 (the "Closing Date").

The Issuer will have no responsibility to pay for any expenses of the purchaser except to the extent specifically stated in this Notice of Sale. The purchaser will have no responsibility to pay for any of the Issuer's costs of issuance except to the extent specifically stated in this Notice of Sale.

The purchaser will be responsible for the clearance or exemption with respect to the status of the Bonds for sale under securities or "Blue Sky" laws and the preparation of any surveys or memoranda in connection with such sale. The Issuer shall have no responsibility for such clearance, exemption or preparation.

Bond Counsel Opinion

The legality of the issue will be passed upon by Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel, and the purchaser will be furnished with its opinion, without charge, substantially in the form set forth in Appendix B to the Official Statement. The opinion will state that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the Issuer. If the Competitive Sale Rule (as defined below in the “Establishment of Issue Price” section) is met, Bond Counsel will require as a precondition to release of its opinion that the purchaser of such Bonds deliver to it a completed “issue price” certificate, or similar certificate, regarding expectations or public offering prices, as applicable, with respect to the Bonds awarded to such bidder, as described below under “Establishment of Issue Price”.

Establishment of Issue Price

In order to provide the Issuer with information that enables it to comply with certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), relating to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from the gross income of their owners, the winning bidder will be required to complete, execute, and deliver to the Issuer at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds an “issue price” or similar certificate setting forth the reasonably expected initial offering price to the Public (the “Initial Offering Price”) or the actual sales price or prices of the Bonds, as circumstances may determine, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of Bond Counsel. Communications relating to this “Establishment of Issue Price” section, the completed certificate(s) and any supporting information shall be delivered to (1) Bond Counsel at Glenn Rybacki Esq., Pullman & Comley, LLC, 90 State House Square, Hartford, CT 06103, Telephone: (860) 424-4391, E-mail: grybacki@pullcom.com and (2) the Municipal Advisor at Matthew Spoerndle, Phoenix Advisors, LLC, 53 River Street, Milford, CT 06460, Telephone: (203) 878-4945, E-mail: mspoerndle@muniadvisors.com (the “Municipal Advisor”). Questions related to this “Establishment of Issue Price” section should be directed to Bond Counsel or the Municipal Advisor. For purposes of this “Establishment of Issue Price” section, Bond Counsel may act on behalf of the Issuer and the Municipal Advisor may act on behalf of the Issuer.

By submitting a bid, each bidder is certifying that its bid is a firm offer to purchase the Bonds, is a good faith offer which the bidder believes reflects current market conditions, and is not a “courtesy bid” being submitted for the purpose of assisting in meeting the competitive sale requirements relating to the establishment of the “issue price” of the Bonds pursuant to Section 148 of the Code, including the requirement that bids be received from at least three (3) underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds.

By submitting a bid, a bidder represents to the Issuer that it has an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds such as the Bonds, represents that such bidder’s bid is submitted for or on behalf of such bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the bidder to a legal, valid and enforceable contract for the purchase of the Bonds, and understands that upon award by the Issuer that this Notice of Sale constitutes a written contract between such bidder, as winning bidder, and the Issuer.

By submitting a bid, the bidder agrees that if the Competitive Sale Rule (as set forth below) is not met, it will satisfy either the Actual Sales Rule (as set forth below) or the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule (as set forth below).

Bids will not be subject to cancellation in the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied.

Notification of Contact Information of Winning Bidder. Promptly upon award, the winning bidder shall notify the Municipal Advisor and Bond Counsel of the contact name, telephone number and e-mail address of the person(s) of the winning bidder for purposes of communications concerning this “Establishment of Issue Price” section.

Competitive Sale Rule. The Issuer intends that the provisions of Treasury Regulations Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining “competitive sale” for purposes of establishing the issue price of the Bonds) will apply to the initial sale of the Bonds (the “Competitive Sale Rule”) because:

- (1) the Issuer shall disseminate, or have disseminated on its behalf, this Notice of Sale to potential bidders in a manner that is reasonably designed to reach potential bidders;
- (2) all bidders shall have an equal opportunity to bid;
- (3) the Issuer anticipates receiving bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds; and
- (4) the Issuer anticipates awarding the sale of the Bonds to the bidder who submits a firm offer to purchase the Bonds at the lowest true interest cost (“TIC”), as set forth in this Notice of Sale.

Competitive Sale Rule Met. The Issuer, or the Municipal Advisor on behalf of the Issuer, shall at the time of award advise the winning bidder if the Competitive Sale Rule has been met. Within two (2) hours of award (or such other time as agreed to by Bond Counsel), the winning bidder shall provide Bond Counsel and the Municipal Advisor, via e-mail, a completed “ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE” in the form attached hereto as Attachment A.

Competitive Sale Rule Not Met. In the event that the Competitive Sale Rule is not satisfied, the Issuer, or the Municipal Advisor on behalf of the Issuer, shall at the time of award advise the winning bidder. The Issuer may determine to treat (i) the first price at which ten percent (10%) of a Maturity of the Bonds (the “Actual Sales Rule”) is sold to the Public as the issue price of that Maturity, and/or (ii) the Initial Offering Price to the Public as of the Sale Date of any Maturity of the Bonds as the issue price of that Maturity (the “Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule”), in each case applied on a Maturity-by-Maturity basis. In the event that the Competitive Sale Rule is not satisfied, the winning bidder, by 4:30 p.m. (E.T.) on the Sale Date, shall notify and provide, via e-mail, Bond Counsel and the Municipal Advisor (I) of the first price at which ten percent (10%) of each Maturity of Bonds has been sold to the Public and (II) reasonable supporting documentation or certifications of such price the form of which is acceptable to Bond Counsel; i.e., those

Maturities of the Bonds that satisfy the Actual Sales Rule as of the Sale Date. After such receipt, the Issuer, or Bond Counsel on behalf of the Issuer, shall promptly confirm with the winning bidder, via e-mail, which Maturities of the Bonds shall be subject to the Actual Sales Rule and which Maturities shall be subject to the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule.

For those Maturities of Bonds subject to the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule, the winning bidder shall (i) provide Bond Counsel (via e-mail) a copy of pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Bonds (ii) confirm that each Underwriter (as defined below) has offered or will offer all of the Bonds to the Public on or before the date of award at the Initial Offering Prices and (ii) agree, on behalf of each Underwriter participating in the purchase of the Bonds, that each Underwriter will neither offer nor sell unsold Bonds of any Maturity to which the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule shall apply to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity during the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of the following:

- (1) the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date; or
- (2) the date on which the Underwriters have sold at least ten percent (10%) of that Maturity of the Bonds to the Public at a price that is no higher than the Initial Offering Price.

The winning bidder shall promptly advise Bond Counsel and the Municipal Advisor, via e-mail, when the Underwriters have sold ten percent (10%) of that Maturity of the Bonds to the Public at a price that is no higher than the Initial Offering Price, if that occurs prior to the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date.

By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each third-party distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement, as applicable, to (A) report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each Maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder that either the Actual Sales Rule has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that Maturity or all Bonds of that Maturity have been sold to the Public and (B) comply with the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires, and (ii) any agreement among underwriters relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter that is a party to a third-party distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such third-party distribution agreement to (A) report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each Maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder or such Underwriter that either the Actual Sales Rule has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that Maturity or all Bonds of that Maturity have been sold to the Public and (B) comply with the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule, if applicable, in each case if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder or such Underwriter and as set forth in the related pricing wires.

Sales of any Bonds to any person that is a Related Party (as defined below) to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the Public for purposes of this Notice of Sale.

Definitions. For purposes of this “Establishment of Issue Price” section:

- (1) “Maturity” means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
- (2) “Public” means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a Related Party to an Underwriter.
- (3) “Related Party” generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (4) “Underwriter” means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead Underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this definition to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Official Statement

For more information regarding the Bonds or the Issuer, reference is made to the Preliminary Official Statement dated March 15, 2023 (the “Official Statement”) describing the Bonds and the financial condition of the Issuer. The Preliminary Official Statement is available in electronic format at <https://munihub.com>, and such electronic access is being provided as a matter of convenience only. Copies of the Preliminary Official Statement may be obtained from Matthew Spoerndle, Phoenix Advisors, LLC, 53 River Street, Milford, CT 06460, Telephone: (203) 878-4945, E-mail: mspoerndle@muniadvisors.com. The Issuer deems such Official Statement to be a final official statement for purposes of complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”), but such Official Statement is subject to revision or amendment as appropriate. The Issuer will make available to the purchaser a reasonable number of copies of the final Official Statement at the Issuer’s expense, and the final Official Statement will be made available to the purchaser by no later than the earlier of the delivery of the Bonds or by the seventh (7th) business day after the day bids on the Bonds are received. If the Issuer’s Municipal Advisor, is provided with the necessary information from the purchaser by 12:00 o’clock noon on the day after the Sale Date, the copies of the final Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages, if necessary, indicating the interest rates, rating(s), yields or reoffering prices and the name of the managing underwriter of the Bonds, and any corrections. The purchaser shall arrange with the Municipal Advisor the method of delivery of the copies of the final Official

Statement to the purchaser. Additional copies of the final Official Statement may be obtained by the purchaser at its own expense by arrangement with the printer.

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

As required by the Rule, the Issuer will undertake, pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the “Agreement”), to provide annual financial information and operating data including audited financial statements, notice of the occurrence of certain events with respect to the Bonds within ten (10) business days of such event, and timely notice of any failure by the Issuer to provide annual reports on or before the date specified in the Agreement. A form of the Agreement is attached to the Official Statement as Appendix C. The purchaser’s obligation to purchase the Bonds shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to delivery of the Bonds, an executed Agreement.

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT

JEFFREY J. CAGGIANO
Mayor

DIANE M. WALDRON
Agent of the Board of Finance

DIANE M. WALDRON
Comptroller

March 15, 2023

ATTACHMENT A

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

(If Competitive Sale Rule Met)

CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT
\$ _____ GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2023
Dated April 4, 2023

The undersigned, on behalf of [UNDERWRITER] (“[SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]”), hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale of the above-captioned obligations (the “Bonds”).

1. ***Due Authorization.*** The undersigned is a duly authorized representative of [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER], the purchaser of the Bonds.

2. ***Purchase Price.*** The CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT (the “Issuer”) sold to [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER], for delivery on or about April 4, 2023, the Bonds at a price of par (\$ _____), plus an aggregate net premium of \$ _____ and less an underwriter’s discount of \$ _____, resulting in an aggregate net purchase price of \$ _____.

3. ***Reasonably Expected Initial Offering Price.***

(a) As of March 22, 2023 (the “Sale Date”), the reasonably expected initial offering prices of the Bonds to the Public by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] are the prices listed in **Schedule A** (the “Expected Offering Prices”). The Expected Offering Prices are the prices for the Maturities of the Bonds used by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds. Attached as **Schedule B** is a true and correct copy of the bid provided by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] to purchase the Bonds.

(b) [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] was not given the opportunity to review other bids prior to submitting its bid.

(c) The bid submitted by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] constituted a firm offer to purchase the Bonds.

4. ***Defined Terms.***

(a) “Maturity” means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.

(b) “Public” means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term “related party” for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than fifty percent (50%) common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(c) “Underwriter” means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this definition to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of the selling group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

5. ***Representations and Information.*** The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]’s interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder (collectively, the “Code”). The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer in making its certification as to issue price of the Bonds under the Code and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds. Pullman & Comley, LLC, bond counsel, may rely on the foregoing representations in rendering its opinion on the exclusion from federal gross income of the interest on the Bonds, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer relating to the Bonds. Except as set forth above, no third party may rely on the foregoing certifications, and no party may rely hereon for any other purpose.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this Certificate as of March 22, 2023.

[UNDERWRITER]

By: _____

Name:

Title:

Schedule A to Issue Price Certificate

<u>Maturity, October 1</u>	<u>Principal Amount (\$)</u>	<u>Interest Rate (%)</u>	<u>Price (\$, not Yield)</u>
2024	1,100,000		
2025	1,500,000		
2026	1,500,000		
2027	1,500,000		
2028	1,500,000		
2029	1,600,000		
2030	1,600,000		
2031	1,600,000		
2032	1,600,000		
2033	1,650,000		
2034	1,650,000		
2035	1,650,000		
2036	1,650,000		
2037	1,650,000		
2038	1,650,000		
2039	1,650,000		
2040	1,650,000		
2041	1,650,000		
2042	1,650,000		

Schedule B to Issue Price Certificate